Minutes

OF THE MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF THE LONDON BOROUGH OF BARNET held at The Town Hall, Hendon, NW4, on Tuesday, 17 April 2007.

PRESENT:

*The Worshipful the Mayor (Councillor Eva Greenspan BA LL.B (Hons)) *The Deputy Mayor (Councillor Terry Burton)

Councillors:

*Maureen Braun	*Helena Hart	*Robert Rams
*Fiona Bulmer	*John Hart BA MA	*Barry Rawlings
*Anita Campbell	*Lynne Hillan	*Hugh Rayner
*Wayne Casey BA (Hons)	*Ross Houston	*Colin Rogers
MIIA	*Anne Hutton	*Lisa Rutter
*Danish Chopra	Julie Johnson	*Brian Salinger
*Dean Cohen BSc (Hons)	*Duncan Macdonald	*Kate Salinger BEd (Hons)
*Jack Cohen	*Caroline Margo	*Gill Sargeant
*Melvin Cohen LLB	*John Marshall	*Joan Scannell
*Brian Coleman, AM, FRSA	*Linda McFadyen	*Alan Schneiderman
*Geof Cooke	*Kath McGuirk	*Agnes Slocombe SRN RM
Richard Cornelius	*Andrew McNeil	*Ansuya Sodha MBA (Middx)
*Jeremy Davies BA (Hons),	*Alison Moore	Cert Ed, DipM (CIM), AMBA
CPFA	*Jazmin Naghar	*Andreas Tambourides
*Mukesh Depala	*Matthew Offord	*Joanna Tambourides
*Jane Ellison	*Charlie O-Macauley	*Daniel Thomas BA (Hons)
*Claire Farrier	*Monroe Palmer OBE, BA,	*Jim Tierney
Anthony Finn BSc (Econ)	FCA	*Daniel Webb
FCA	*Susette Palmer MA	*Richard Weider
*Mike Freer	*Bridget Perry	*Marina Yannoudakis BSc
*Brian Gordon, LL.B	Wendy Prentice	(Hons) MA
*Andrew Harper	*Sachin Rajput BA (Hons)	*Zakia Zubairi
*Christopher Harris BA BSc MPhil	PgD Law	

*denotes Member present

149. PRAYER (Agenda Item 1):

The Mayor's Chaplain offered prayer.

150. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE (Agenda Item 2):

Apologies were received from Councillor Julie Johnson who was unwell and from Councillors Anthony Finn, Wendy Prentice and Richard Cornelius, and from Councillor Brian Gordon who would have to leave before the end of the meeting.

- 151. MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON 6 MARCH 2007 (Agenda Item 3): RESOLVED – That the minutes of the meeting held on 6 March 2007 be approved.
- **152.** OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS (Agenda Item 4): There were no official announcements.

153. **RESOLUTION OF APPRECIATION (Agenda item 5)**:

Moved by the Deputy Mayor, duly seconded and **RESOLVED** –

1. That we, the Members of the Council of the London Borough of Barnet, hereby express to the Worshipful the Mayor, Councillor Eva Greenspan, our appreciation of the excellent service she has rendered to the London Borough of Barnet as its Mayor during the period May 2006 to May 2007, and for the friendly and conscientious way in which she has performed the duties of that office. We also note how ably supported she has been by her Escort, Mr Leonard Wilson.

We offer her our sincere gratitude for the concern that she has shown at all times in promoting the welfare of the London Borough and its residents, particularly for her willingness to support the many organisations and individuals who called on her time and services during her year of office. We congratulate her on the success of her appeal for Variety Club Children's Charity.

We compliment her on the manner in which she has represented the Borough and upheld the dignity of her office on all occasions.

2. That the foregoing resolution be engrossed over the common seal of the Corporation and presented to the Worshipful the Mayor.

The Mayor expressed her gratitude to the Council for passing the resolution.

154. DECLARATIONS OF PERSONAL AND PREJUDICIAL INTERESTS (Agenda Item 6):

The following Members declared personal and prejudicial interests in the items indicated, and withdrew from the room during the discussion and decision – making process:

- Councillor Richard Weider in Item 10.1, as he worked for the Department of Transport.
- Councillor Jeremy Davies in Motion 9.3 as he worked for the Royal Free Hospital.

The following Members declared personal and non – prejudicial interests in the items indicated, and remained in the room during the discussion and participated in the decision – making process:

• Councillor Helena Hart in Motion 9.3, as her son is a junior doctor with a role in modernising the NHS.

155. BUSINESS REMAINING FROM LAST MEETING None.

156. QUESTION TIME FOR MEMBERS (Agenda Items 8 and 14.1.5):

Questions were put to the Leader and the relevant Members of the Cabinet. Those questions, together with the original answers provided and the text of any supplementary questions and answers are set out in an Appendix to these minutes.

Members noted that an amended list of the questions and answers in the correct order had been circulated and an updated response to Question 35 from The Leader of the Council, Councillor Mike Freer, was set out at Item 5 of the Supplemental Report of the Democratic Services Manager.

[Note: the response as updated by the Leader of the Council is shown in the Appendix].

157. MOTION IN THE NAME OF COUNCILLOR WAYNE CASEY, AS AMENDED BY COUNCILLOR MATTHEW OFFORD (Agenda Item 9.1):

Motion 9.1 in the name of Councillor Wayne Casey was moved.

An amendment in the name of Councillor Matthew Offord was moved orally. Debate ensued.

Upon being put to the vote the amendment in the name of Councillor Matthew Offord was declared carried. The substantive motion was declared carried.

RESOLVED – Council notes the robust action taken by the London Borough of Barnet against residents who refuse to recycle.

Council also notes, however, that there are many residents in the Borough who cannot recycle because they live in blocks of flats.

Council regrets that flats recycling remains problematic, as it was not properly provided for in the Recycling Contract this Council entered into in 2001.

Council however commends the decision to take part in the Flats Doorstepping Campaign that ran from October 2006 to February 2007 and visited over 13,500 flats in the Borough.

Council further acknowledges the efforts made by Barnet officers to negotiate with the managing agents of Gilda Court NW7 (one such block of flats) and institute a recycling service for the residents.

Council therefore expresses its dismay that, as a result of a lack of cooperation on the part of the managing agents, the residents of Gilda Court are still unable to recycle basic materials from their doorstep. Council requests Cabinet to ask the Chief Executive to write to the Chairman and Board of Directors of JS Estates expressing this Council's disappointment with their company's lack of effective action. Further, the Council requests Cabinet to ask relevant officers to consider ways in which the failure of JS Estates might be subject to penalties similar to those imposed on householders.

158. MOTION IN THE NAME OF COUNCILLOR MELVIN COHEN (Agenda Items 9.2 and 14.1.4(i)):

Motion 9.2 in the name of Councillor Melvin Cohen was moved. An amendment in the name of Councillor Jim Tierney was moved. Debate ensued.

Upon being put to the vote the amendment in the name of Councillor Jim Tierney was declared lost. The substantive motion was declared carried.

RESOLVED – Council is extremely proud of its record on sustainable development, which has culminated with its groundbreaking, new SPD that promotes sustainability in new schemes across a range of indicators.

However, Council believes more needs to be done nationally to increase local autonomy in promoting sustainability.

Therefore, Council supports the Sustainable Communities Bill which will devolve more power from Whitehall to councils and communities by:

• giving councils more power over money spent by national agencies on local matters in their areas; and

• giving councils and their communities the power to drive government policy to assist them in promoting sustainable communities and thereby help councils to protect the wellbeing of their communities and citizens.

In addition, Council notes that the Bill is promoted in Parliament by a cross-party group of MPs led by Nick Hurd MP, David Drew MP and Julia Goldsworthy MP and is supported by 363 MPs, well over half the House of Commons.

Council therefore calls on the Chief Executive to write to the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government, urging her to support the Bill and to inform the leading, and Barnet's three local, MPs of this decision.

159. MOTION IN THE NAME OF COUNCILLOR HELENA HART (Agenda Items 9.3 and 14.1.4(ii)):

Motion 9.3 in the name of Councillor Helena Hart was moved. Amendments in the names of Councillor Linda McFadyen and Councillor Monroe Palmer were moved. Debate ensued.

Upon being put to the vote the amendments in the names of Councillor Linda McFadyen and Councillor Monroe Palmer were declared lost. The substantive motion was declared carried. RESOLVED – Council notes the Department of Health's formal "Consultation on Core Principles for Everyone Providing Care to NHS Patients"

The 10 Core Principles are:-

• The NHS will provide a universal and comprehensive service with equal access for all, free at the point of use, based on clinical need, not ability to pay.

• We will help keep people healthy and work to reduce health inequalities.

- We will work continuously to improve quality and safety.
- We will strive for the most effective and sustainable use of resources.
- We will treat every patient with dignity and respect.
- We will shape our services around the needs and

preferences of individual patients, their families and their carers.

- We are committed to equality and non-discrimination.
- We will support and value our staff.

• We will work in partnership with others to ensure a seamless service for patients.

• We will respect the confidentiality of individual patients and provide open access to information about services, treatment and performance.

Council wishes to affirm its unwavering support for each and every one of these principles which as always are based on the NHS providing a universal and comprehensive service with equal access for all, free at the point of use, based on clinical need not ability to pay.

Council also wishes to confirm its appreciation and support for the selfless dedication of all those doctors, nurses and midwives who have committed themselves to our National Health Service and whose morale is presently at an all time low.

It is with the utmost regret therefore that Council wishes to inform the Department of Health that as a result of the actions of both the Secretary of State for Health and the Chancellor of the Exchequer these vital Principles have become nothing more than meaningless platitudes, to the detriment of all those who both use and work in the NHS.

Council is appalled that, instead of investing in frontline staff and services, billions of pounds have been wasted on a Computer system which nobody wants and which experts doubt will ever work; that over £2 billion has been spent on training 8000 doctors and surgeons who have then been told that there were no jobs for them; and that hospitals have been closed and services cut to fund reorganisation after failed reorganisation. Council is dismayed that, yet again, the Labour Government has delivered a Budget that patently fails to address this current and growing crisis in the NHS, both nationally and locally.

Cuts to the local NHS and cost shunting from it to this Local Authority have so far cost local taxpayers over £2 million, adding 1.5% to the level of Council Tax.

Council is amazed that Health Secretary Patricia Hewitt MP refuses to admit there is a problem in this respect, and remains unavailable to meet London Council Leaders to discuss the implications of this cost shunting.

Council requests the Chief Executive to write to the Secretary of State for Health, inviting her to discuss problems in the local NHS with the Leader of this Council as a matter of urgency, and to work with us towards finding a solution.

160. ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING

In accordance with the Agenda, the Mayor adjourned the meeting for 15 minutes.

The meeting reconvened at 8.50 pm

161. ADMINISTRATION POLICY ITEM: ROAD USER CHARGING (Agenda Item 10.1)

Councillor Matthew Offord proposed the item and moved that it be adopted. Debate ensued. Upon being put to the vote the motion was declared carried.

RESOLVED - Council is extremely concerned at Labour Government plans to introduce Road User Charging across the country, and believes that any plan to introduce such a charge will impact disproportionately on people with low or fixed incomes and those who depend on their car for mobility.

It is noted that the Labour Government has received over 1 million signatures in objection to its road charging plans, demonstrating the strength of opinion nationwide against such a levy.

It should be further noted that the first road charging policy in existence in Britain, the Central London Congestion Charge, has failed to cut congestion in the long run, with delays inside the zone nearly back up to pre-charge levels. The said levy is also attributed to delays and congestion in Barnet, where the attendant increase in commuter parking has resulted in the necessary implementation of additional Controlled Parking Zones (CPZs).

However, in addition to extending the Congestion Charge westwards, Transport for London (TfL) has also mooted plans to charge on "busy roads". Last year TfL admitted, under these plans, it would cost a road user £13 to travel from Barnet across London. This Council is committed to ensuring its residents are free to go about their everyday lives without being unduly charged. We believe there are more effective means of cutting carbon emissions than by Road User Charging, which, the London Congestion Charge has demonstrated, can be ineffectual at reducing congestion in the long run.

Council requests that Cabinet considers more effective means by which congestion and emissions could be reduced other than road user charging, and that these suggestions are communicated to the Secretary of State for Transport.

162. OPPOSITION POLICY ITEM: PROMOTING PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT AND PARTICIPATION IN BARNET AREA FORUMS (Agenda Items 10.2 and 14.1.4 (iii))

Councillor Alison Moore proposed the item and moved that it be adopted. An amendment in the name of Councillor Brian Coleman was moved. Debate ensued. Upon being put to the vote the amendment in the name of Councillor Brian Coleman was declared carried. The substantive motion was declared carried.

RESOLVED - Council notes the fledgling project on Democratic Champions and its intention to respond to those aims.

Council believes that increased public participation requires public confidence in consultation.

Council notes that one of the stated aims of the Council's consultation strategy is "to ensure Barnet's residents and civil society has the fullest possible opportunity to become involved."

Council therefore welcomes moves to increase public participation through initiatives such as "The Leader Listens".

Council believes this success is reflected in the 2006/7 Residents' Attitude Survey, with 71% of respondents saying that the Council keeps them informed (compared to 49% in 2002) and 72% stating that the Council does a "Good Job", both above the London Average. Barnet is the only Outer London Council to have recorded an increase in Customer Satisfaction in recent years.

Council therefore calls on Cabinet to ensure the success of these initiatives is maintained and enhanced to further improve the level of engagement between this Council and its residents.

163. REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE (CONSTITUTION REVIEW) 28 MARCH 2007 (Agenda Items 13.1, 14.1.4 (iv) and 14.1.6):

Members noted that an appendix to the report which was inadvertently omitted from the original papers had been circulated, and also noted a correction to another of the appendices.

Councillor Melvin Cohen moved reception and adoption of the report of the Special Committee (Constitution Review) with the following recommendations:

CONSTITUTION REVIEW 2006/7 (Reports of the Directors concerned agenda items 4 & 6 – 9)

The Committee met on 21 November 2006, 29 January 2007 and 28 March 2007 to consider aspects of the Council's Constitution, which had been raised by both officers and Members as matters requiring review. The Action Sheets relating to the Committee's 21 November 2006 and 29 January 2007 meetings are attached as Appendices A1 and A2.

On 28 March 2007 the Committee considered reports of the officers concerned on all the outstanding matters on which the Committee considered they should make recommendations for change to the Council, including reviews of the Contract Procedure Rules, Financial Regulations, Rules for the Disposal of Land and Real Property, various aspects of the Constitution relating to Planning Committees and other corrections and clarifications.

The reports of the officers concerned are being circulated separately to all members of the council.

The Committee agreed

- (i) Various amendments related to Planning Committees including the reduction of the membership of the Planning and Environment Committee; the introduction of a right for ward members to address the Committee; clarification of the functions of the Planning and Environment Committee and Area Planning Sub-Committees; reduction in the number of speakers per item at Area Planning Sub-Committees and on items at Planning and Environment Committee other than planning applications; extension of rules applicable to planning applications only to confirmation of tree preservation orders and definition of the term "planning application".
- (ii) Not to recommend any action regarding other proposed changes to aspects of Planning Committees including amendment to Members' rights to request that certain planning applications be considered by an Area Planning Sub-Committee, treatment of letters from groups as more than one representation, alteration of the rules on speaking on multiple applications for the same site; abolition of the right of a person who has requested to speak on a planning application to also submit public questions on the item, and introduction of the right for an applicant to speak where an objector has requested to speak but does not actually do so.
- (iii) Various amendments to Part 3 Responsibility for Functions, the Committees and Sub-Committees Rules and the Council rules to correct errors or clarify the rules.
- (iv) Amendment to and renaming of the Rules for Disposal of Land and Real Property and rules within Part 3 Responsibility for Functions relating to the Executive Director for Resources' powers to undertake property transactions, in order to streamline processes and emphasise the strategic framework surrounding decisions concerning property.

- (v) A revised version of the Financial Regulations including reflection of changes to the Council's corporate structures and to its systems and processes following the Modernising Core Systems project.
- (vi) A revised version of the Contract Procedure Rules including changes required to comply with changes to legislation.

The Committee had previously agreed to make recommendations to Council on:

- (i) Various proposed amendments to Article 9, Part 3 Responsibility for Functions, the Committees and Sub-Committees Rules and Public Participation Rules to correct errors or clarify the rules.
- (ii) The addition of the Sustainable Community Strategy to the list of Statutory Framework Policies for Council decision and the Disability Equality Scheme to the list of plans and strategies for Cabinet decision under paragraph 3.8 of Responsibility for Functions.
- (iii) The amendment of Article 15 to show that the Democratic Services Manager may update the Management Structure section of the Constitution and the Table of Chief Officers in Article 12 following notification from the Chief Executive that he has made changes to the management structure following Council or General Functions Committee approval of such changes.
- (iv) The amalgamation of the Area Forums to form three to correspond with the Constituency boundaries and the Area Planning and Area Environment Sub-Committees, thus forming the Chipping Barnet Area Forum, the Hendon Area Forum and the Finchley and Golders Green Area Forum each meeting at six-weekly intervals, and the subsequent amendment of Article 10 and the calendar of meetings to reflect this change. At the meeting on 28 March the Committee considered certain operational proposals to give effect to the amalgamated forums.
- (v) The amendment of the Executive Procedure Rules to clarify certain points including quorum, chairmanship, decisions, time limit for the meeting, voting, the power of the Democratic Services Manager to alter the Constitution on notification from the Leader of changes to his scheme of delegation, and removal of the rules relating to written questions.
- (vi) The reduction of the Panel of Licensing Sub-Committee Chairmen from six to three, with a review after six months.
- (vii) Addition of a rule to Part 4, Section 1 The Council covering procedure for dealing with factual errors in the Council agenda which come to light at the meeting.
- (viii) The amendment of the Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules to incorporate several of the Committees and Sub-Committees Rules.
- (ix) Not to recommend any action regarding proposed amendments to the Council Rules regarding motions and amendments and Administration and Opposition Policy Items, and to Article 10 regarding arrangements

for making decisions on issues that cross the boundary of two or more Area Environment Sub-Committees.

RESOLVED TO RECOMMEND

- (1) That with effect from 15 May, 2007, the changes to the Parts of the Constitution listed below, and appended to this report, be implemented:
 - (i) Article 9
 - (ii) Article 15
 - (iii) Part 3 Responsibility for Functions
 - (iv) Part 4, Section 1 The Council
 - (v) Part 4, Section 2 Committees and Sub-Committees
 - (vi) Part 4, Section 4 Public Participation
 - (vii) Executive Procedure Rules
 - (viii) Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules
 - (ix) Financial Regulations
 - (x) Contracts Procedure Rules
 - (xi) Rules for the Disposal of Land and Real Property
- (2) (i) That, with effect from 2007/08 Area Forums be amalgamated to form three to correspond with the Constituency boundaries and the Area Planning and Area Environment Sub-Committees, thus forming the Chipping Barnet Area Forum, Hendon Area Forum and Finchley and Golders Green Area Forum each meeting at six-weekly intervals.
 - (ii) That Article 10 be amended accordingly as appended to this report.
 - (iii) That the Democratic Services Manager be instructed to

a) arrange for the meetings of all six Area Forums to be cancelled after the April meetings and the initial meetings of the three new ones to be scheduled for June;
b) recast the Calendar in the light of the Council's decisions on Area Forums and changes required as a result of Jewish festivals and submit it for approval to the May meeting of Council.

(c) arrange for the new arrangements to be publicised.

- (3) That the Panel of Licensing Sub-Committee Chairmen be reduced from six members to three, with a review after six months.
- (4) That the Democratic Services Manager be instructed to make the appropriate changes to the Constitution.

An amendment was moved in the name of Councillor Jack Cohen. Debate ensued. Upon being put to the vote the amendment in the name of Councillor Jack Cohen was declared lost, and it was

RESOLVED – That the Report of the Special Committee (Constitution Review) dated 28 March 2007 be approved and adopted.

164. REPORTS EXEMPTED FROM THE CALL-IN PROCESS BECAUSE THEY ARE URGENT (Report and Supplemental Report of the Democratic Services Manager - Agenda Item 14.1.1 and 14.1.3):

In accordance with Constitutional requirements the Democratic Services Manager reported on the following decisions. The Chairman of the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee agreed that the decisions were reasonable in all the circumstances, that they should be treated as a matter of urgency and consequently exempted from the call – in process.

(i) Report of the Leader of the Council (acting in the absence of the Cabinet Member for Planning and Environmental Protection) which approved changes to the Local Development Scheme following comments from central Government prior to its formal submission to the Government Office for London, Cabinet on 26 February 2007 having delegated this task to the Cabinet Member. The report was exempted from call-in because the submission had to be made by 31 March and the next meeting of the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee would not be held until 16 April.

(ii) Report of the Leader of the Council and the Cabinet Member for Environment and Transport which authorised tender acceptance for the bridgeworks element of the Aerodrome Road Bridge replacement project and instructed officers to explore funding sources for the highways element, reporting back to the Cabinet Resources Committee on extension of the contract to cover that element. They exempted these decisions from call-in because of the critically-tight procurement timescale.

165. COMMENTS RELATING TO THE WORK OF CABINET (Agenda Items 15 and 14.1.2)

Councillor Brian Salinger commented

Madam Mayor, Graham Smith has enlightened many Members of this Council and those of the 53 non-executive Members, those of us that have attended, have found his seminars, that's probably the best way I can describe them, as interesting and challenging. I am personally sorry that the Executive Members were not also invited to attend those sessions because I think that they too would have found them enlightening. The real questions though, Madam Mayor are: Is this Council seriously committed to making scrutiny worthwhile? Does the Executive take scrutiny seriously? Does the Executive accept, as Graham Smith advocates, that scrutiny must be involved not only in scrutinising performance but also in policy formulation?

Councillor Andrew Harper responded

Thank you, Madam Mayor, Councillor Salinger asked about the value of Mr Graham Smith's work. I can't comment on how Members conduct their scrutiny programmes, that's not in my remit, but ensuring there is adequate provision for Member training and development in respect of this important aspect of the Council's work is certainly within my orbit. I am aware that some Members have been dissatisfied with the ability of elected Members to conduct effective scrutiny; this was an issue that was also picked out in last year's CPA inspection report, and of course since last May we've had a significant number of new Members, more on this side than anywhere else, of course, I'm happy to say. It seemed right, therefore, to engage Mr Smith, an IDeA peer, to assist us as part of the Member Development Programme, and I'm glad to hear Councillor Salinger's comments that he and a number of Members have found this helpful. Madam Mayor, I've a broad responsibility for monitoring the performance of this authority and intervening as necessary. I would see vibrant overview and scrutiny as a key ingredient in achieving performance improvement generally. We must also bear in mind the need to prepare for the responsibilities being thrust upon us in new legislation.

Councillor Robert Rams commented

Thank you, Madam Mayor, Barnet has been praised for their community cohesion, I therefore read the recent letter published in The Times by Councillors Sodha, Slocombe, O-Macauley and Zubairi with total disgust. Does the Leader agree with me that they should be reported to the Standards Board?

Councillor Mike Freer responded

Thank you, Madam Mayor, Councillor Rams of course is entitled to his anger but any Member that seeks to sow division where none exists or seek to conflate a non-existent issue may well bring their office into disrepute, but I will leave it to Members to draw their own conclusions and to those four Members to reflect on their behaviour.

Councillor Maureen Braun commented

Madam Mayor, we've all noticed the improvements in those town centres where the Town Keeper service has been introduced. Now that the Town Keepers have been rolled out to more locations, please could the Cabinet Member outline to us some of the further improvements that we may expect to see in those areas, particularly including Brent Street in my ward –and his of course?

Councillor Matthew Offord responded

Madam Mayor, to complement the cleansing strategy a major investment in town centre footway renewal works will occur. This will see an investment made in town centre locations that will significantly alter and improve the street scene. This will assist the street cleansing strategy by removing dirt traps, street clutter and provide more litter bins. Brent Street will be part of the programme.

Councillor Ross Houston commented

I'd like to ask the Cabinet Member responsible for community safety to comment on delivering on his verbal commitment given at Council on 27 June last year to address the issue of restoring cross party representation on the Barnet Community and Police Consultative Committee. This will be in line with good practice across London. This is a consultative committee not a decision making one. Removing opposition membership last year was disgraceful but hardly surprising from this administration. Councillor Coleman has just lectured us on democratic accountability, I would ask him to restore some by restoring cross party membership to this committee.

Councillor Brian Coleman responded

As Councillor Houston will know it's not in my gift, it's in the Council's gift who it chooses to appoint to all outside bodies. Councillor Slocombe regularly attends the Police Community Forum as a voluntary organisation representative. It is a public meeting, any other Labour Councillor can attend, I don't see any of them with the exception of Councillor Slocombe. Councillor Susette Palmer will be doing a sterling job substituting for me at the Annual Meeting on 14 June. If the Council wants to send opposition Members to the Police Consultative then the Council will have to decide to send.

Councillor Monroe Palmer commented

Madam Mayor, I raise this point on what is called the Passover skip service, more in sorrow than in anger. I'm just sad that what is a good scheme has been confused and misrepresented this year by the Council and I hope that it will be presented better next year. What is called the Passover skip service was my idea together with a Labour Councillor some years ago, and the idea was that it was not solely for the Jewish community, it was for everybody at the time of Passover and very often the time of Easter and it was not just meant for chometz, which is food and drink, but was meant for all the sort of things which are thrown into the skips on a twice a year skip service. Because at that time of the year Jewish people, the Jewish community very often rather strangely have a large spring clean at the time of Passover and the skips are for everyone, they should be labelled Passover/Easter skips and I hope next year there is not the confusion there was this year.

Councillor Matthew Offord responded

Thank you, Madam Mayor, over the years the skip locations have been marginally increased due to service demand and this administration is very pleased with that. However, this year over 200 tonnes of non-household waste has been deposited, or rather dumped, at the locations and that is threatening the future viability of the service. I am grateful to Councillor Palmer for putting a letter in the paper offering his services to myself and this administration over the skips but I think I speak on behalf of the whole administration is that when I see a letter or an e-mail from Councillor Palmer I can assure him that I waste no time in reading it.

The meeting finished at 10:25 pm

Council Questions to Cabinet Members 17 April 2007 Supplementary Questions and Responses

Question No. 1

Councillor Marina Yannakoudakis

Please could the Cabinet Member for Environment and Transport outline how many prosecutions the Council enacted in 2006 over abandoned cars?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

The Council undertook 45 cases to a prosecution stage in 2006. All of these were successful and on average offenders were fined £200 and additionally ordered to pay £235 in costs.

Question No. 2

Councillor Wayne Casey

With reference to my supplementary question (no. 10, 19th December 2006) and the Cabinet Member's answer, could he confirm, under the powers gained by Local Authorities under the Clean Neighbourhoods and Environment Act, since the Act came into force, how many maximum fines and custodial sentence have been issued for fly tipping and how many spot fines have been issued to those dropping chewing gum and cigarette butts?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

'The Clean Borough Strategy was approved by Cabinet on 15th January 2007, including the Clean Neighbourhoods and Environment action plan, and will be implemented throughout 2007.

No on-the-spot fines or prosecutions have as yet been taken forward under the Clean Neighbourhoods and Environment Act. However, up-to-date enforcement action taken under existing powers covering April 2006 to February 2007 shows there has been:

- 17 fixed penalty notices issued;
- 8 prosecutions; and
- 138 warnings issued with regard to waste enforcement including fly-tipping and littering.

Question No. 3

Councillor Agnes Slocombe

What has the Council done to commemorate the Bicentennial of the Abolition of Slavery?

Answer by Councillor Brian Coleman

Many Barnet residents took part in National events that commemorated the crucial role of local resident and Tory William Wilberforce in the abolition of slavery. Additionally the Libraries Department are mounting an exhibition and much work is being done in our Schools.

Supplementary Question No. 3

Councillor Agnes Slocombe

Would you agree that William Wilberforce dedicated his life to fighting slavery, nearly working himself into an early grave and history shows he was not a racist?

Answer by Councillor Brian Coleman

Thank you Madam Mayor, I'm grateful for Councillor Slocombe's interest in this matter. I'm sure all of us who live in the London Borough of Barnet are aware of our borough's close connection with William Wilberforce, a great resident of our borough, and I have to say a great Tory in his time, well ahead of his time, I'm sure many residents of the borough from across the ethnic communities have taken the full, not just a role in the celebration or commemorations of the 200th anniversary of the abolition of slavery but have actually looked behind the television programmes, behind the service in Westminster Abbey, read many of the books, hopefully have seen the excellent feature film that's currently in cinemas on the life of Wilberforce and have learned something of the subject and are much better members of society as a result.

Question No. 4

Councillor Wendy Prentice

Please could the Cabinet Member for Environment and Transport tell this Council where he was on the evening of 30 January 2007?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

I was attending a planning consultation meeting organised by Enfield Council, to discuss a planning application for traffic works on the A406 North Circular. The meeting included members of the public, Transport for London representatives, Enfield Councillors and officers and David Burrowes MP.

Question No. 5

Councillor Duncan Macdonald

What is the cost to Barnet per annum of software licensing?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

£21,000

Supplementary Question No. 5 Councillor Duncan Macdonald

Thank you Madam Mayor, can I ask is that cost a static year-on-year cost?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

It's the annual cost.

Question No. 6

Councillor Andrew McNeil

Councillor Andrew McNeil

How much time is allocated on a weekly basis and what tasks are carried out by the park keeping service at Cherry Tree Woods?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

No weekly tasks are allocated to the Park Keepers at Cherry Tree Wood. The work which the Park Keeper undertook will and is being dealt with by the Grounds Maintenance cyclical teams and complemented where necessary by members of the Park Keepers team.

Supplementary Question No. 6

This is a most unsatisfactory answer, it fails utterly to take account of the fact that Cherry Tree Wood is a focal point for the people of East Finchley, well used and valued. It needs looking after properly. The loss of a park keeper not only downgrades the status of the park but could endanger its future. Will Councillor Offord meet with the Friends of Cherry Tree Woods and local residents and councillors to discuss the reasons why a park keeper is important to this unique park?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

As I set out in my answer I feel there's no need to meet with anyone to discuss the issues. Beyond the reassuring presence of a familiar face there's very little grounds both on horticultural or maintenance for there to be a person at Cherry Tree Woods all the time.

Question No. 7

Councillor Dean Cohen

Please could the Cabinet Member explain why there is no target for reducing graffiti in our Local Area Agreement?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

A graffiti target was submitted as part of our Local Area Agreement submission. Unfortunately the Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) would not accept the target as graffiti is a subset of the entire BV199 environmental quality suite of indicators and cannot be considered in isolation.

It was not possible to include other environmental targets to support the graffiti measure because our 2005/06 outturns, upon which baselines must be set, were exceptionally good and not suitable for establishing stretch targets from in accordance with Government Office for London guidance. For example BV199a, litter and detritus, could not be included as stretch targets would not be considered on outturns of less than 14% of land having unacceptable levels of litter and detritus. In 2005/06 we achieved 9% overall which represents top quartile performance. In short we appear to be victims of our own success.

Supplementary Question No. 7

Councillor Dean Cohen

Thank you Madam Mayor, I'm pleased with our excellent removal rate. Please could the Cabinet Member confirm whether the possibility of formulating a different target to measure our performance on green issues be investigated?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

Madam Mayor, we feel this council has enough targets at the moment. We are, as the answer says to the question, victims of our own success. We've been very successful in the removal of graffiti and we intend to improve upon that with our cleansing strategy being rolled out across the borough.

Question No. 8

Councillor Duncan Macdonald

Has Barnet looked at using open source software such as open office in order to cut the cost of software licensing?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

The Council does track industry news on open source on an ongoing basis. Comparative cost / benefit assessments between open source and commercial market products show that continuing with the commercial market products gives the best business outcome.

Key barriers to using open source software include the cost of change and the level of business disruption that such a change would cause there are also considerable risks to using unsupported software.

The open source software market remains in its infancy in terms of usage and take-up levels. While this is the case, it would not be sensible for the Council to consider a change. The dominant use of 'Office' by businesses means that there are many other risks in using open source software which include:

software and file compatibility; ability to integrate with other Council systems; levels of support available; product availability in the marketplace; users and technical staff are skilled to use Office software.

Supplementary Question No. 8 Councillor Duncan Macdonald

Has a comparative cost benefit analysis been done specifically for Barnet?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

No.

Question No. 9

Councillor Alison Moore

Councillor Alison Moore

Will Councillor Freer tell Council why he did not publicly condemn Brian Gordon's "blacking-up" immediately when the issue was raised with him?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

I understand the difference between blacking up and dressing up and if the Councillors reflects and embarks on a mature investigation into the history of blacking up she will see there is a huge difference between Councillor Gordon's Purim celebrations and those of others such as the Black and White minstrels.

Supplementary Question No. 9

Thank you Madam Mayor, given the sensitivity of this issue, does the Leader also support Councillor Gordon in his on-the-record statement that he wanted an end to immigration because he felt that Britain should not be the dustbin of the world, and how does he feel that this statement impacts on Councillor Gordon's credibility in this latest incident and issue?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

Well actually, Councillor Moore, I checked Councillor Gordon's comments of 30 years ago with comments made most recently by at least two government ministers, and actually I couldn't put a fag paper between the three of them. So I suspect that in supporting Councillor Gordon's comments of 30 years ago, I am rather closer to your government minister's views than you are.

Question No. 10

Councillor Richard Weider

How did the Council fare in delivering on Gershon savings?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

We performed very well achieving target early and using cashable savings only. Barnet's annual efficiency target is £17.87m by the end of 2007/08. By the end of 2006/7 Barnet is forecasting annual cashable efficiencies of £18.6m which is £0.7m more than the final target, and with a year to spare. The 2007/8 Budget includes further efficiencies of £8.8m.

Supplementary Question No. 10

Thank you Madam Mayor, I'd like to congratulate the Leader and the Cabinet on beating the savings targets that they've achieved over the last few years. Does this show that it is possible to deliver better services while spending less and could this be a lesson that Tony Blair has failed to sell to the Labour party in the last 10 years?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

It's a salutary lesson that spending more does not necessarily mean better services.

Question No. 11

Can the relevant Cabinet Member advise me of the progress on the scheme to redevelop East Barnet School on the Chestnut Grove site? Specifically when will a planning application be submitted?

Answer by Councillor John Marshall

Currently the scheme to redevelop this school is at the detailed design phase. There will be a report to Cabinet Resources later this month. I believe that a planning application will be submitted next month. East Barnet School has been designated as 'Outstanding' by OFSTED. It will be even better when the new school is built.

Supplementary Question No. 11

Can Councillor Marshall confirm or deny reports that the East Barnet redevelopment is facing a £4m shortfall?

Answer by Councillor John Marshall

Thank you Madam Mayor, obviously at this stage all things are purely speculative. What Councillor Macdonald may know is that this is a very difficult site but we're determined that the school will be built. I am interested to see that he's showing an interest in East Barnet. I don't know whether he thinks he will be parachuted into East Barnet in the same way as ex-Councillor Hooker was.

Question No. 12

Councillor Alison Moore

Does Councillor Freer agree that "blacking-up" is no longer an acceptable practice?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

Yes.

Question No. 13

Councillor Richard Weider

Why can't the Council achieve a cut in Council tax like Hammersmith and Fulham?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

At 31 March 2006, Hammersmith + Fulham had a balances and reserves of approximately £40million. They also receive 150% more per head of population in Government support than Barnet. Most importantly the new Conservative Administration have been able to reverse the vears of waste and profligacy inherited from the previous Labour Administration.

Councillor Richard Weider Supplementary Question No. 13

Thank you Madam Mayor, does your answer show that except in exceptional circumstances the majority of local authorities around the country will not be able to cut council tax under a Labour government?

Councillor Richard Weider

Councillor Duncan Macdonald

Councillor Duncan Macdonald

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

Those councils that probably could cut their council tax are those in the north that are benefiting from London's largesse. London gives £20bn a year to out of London, or non-London, boroughs as a way of subsidising other councils. Those councils that are heavily subsidised by London should and could cut their council tax. Sadly most London authorities, if they're not on the floor, will be shortly and therefore the scope for actually cutting council tax is actually limited.

Question No. 14

Councillor Duncan Macdonald

What steps are being taken to ensure that the contractor tasked with locking park gates is doing their job?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

The locking contractor provides a daily record sheet showing the time at which the gates were locked and any problems encountered. This is e-mailed to the Council by 10 am the following day. A photographic record is also kept and provided on request in response to complaints.

Supplementary Question No. 14 **Councillor Duncan Macdonald**

Thank you Madam Mayor, can I ask Councillor Offord why, in that case of his answer, the gates of Tudor Park are still not being consistently locked at night?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

I think Councillor Macdonald is actually incorrect in that assertion. From 4 April of this year through to the 13th are the dates, I have most recently in front of me, indicate that the park was locked by 8.30 every single night. Perhaps if he has evidence to the contrary he would like to bring it to me.

Question No. 15

Councillor Colin Rogers Is Stanley Road playing field in East Finchley closed to the public?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

This land has not been open for many years as it was leased to a local football club who have since ceased using the pitch. The land is fenced and gated and there is no public access.

Supplementary Question No. 15

Thank you Madam Mayor, I wanted to know what the Council will do to protect this open space and to restore it to public and community use as a green open space?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

That's something that we can do by talking to the East Finchley Community Development Trust, but I do have to point out that this piece of land actually is not in the possession of the Council, and we are, unlike Robert Mugabe's government, not into land grab.

Question No. 16

Please could the Cabinet Member for Community Safety tell me how many ASBOs have been served on people resident in the Wards within the Hendon Parliamentary Constituency?

Answer by Councillor Brian Coleman

12 of which 10 are still "live".

Councillor Colin Rogers

Councillor Richard Weider

Supplementary Question No. 16

Councillor Richard Weider

Thank you Madam Mayor, does the Cabinet Member agree with me that, unlike the MP for Hendon the residents of Hendon Constituency aren't asking for more ASBOs but instead they would appreciate Ken Livingstone meeting his promise of providing an extra PCSO for every ward in Hendon which, at the moment, are short of their target number?

Answer by Councillor Brian Coleman

Madam Mayor, the London Borough of Barnet will press, jointly with the Police, for ASBOs as appropriate. We won't fulfil quotas, we don't believe there should be quotas, each case on its merits, ASBOs will be imposed. Mr Dismore has not brought any single case to my attention where he believes an ASBO is needed in his constituency. If he cares to actually write to me with cases they will be looked at, but in the absence of any such correspondence, I therefore accept that the borough's current approach is a correct one.

Question No. 17

Councillor Duncan Macdonald

In November, Councillor Offord announced that the minimum front garden depth for off street parking would be scrapped. Can Councillor Offord please clarify how this decision was reached and whose idea it was?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

A change in the procedures adopted to provide a footway crossover under Section 184 of the Highways Act 1980 was initiated by myself through a delegated powers report. The 'idea', or rather the proposal, came from several residents' requests.

Supplementary Question No. 17 Councillor Duncan Macdonald

Thank you Madam Mayor, can I ask Councillor Offord has there been an increase in applications for crossovers since the change was made in November?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

I'm not aware of a significant increase but one thing I would like to point out to the Councillor is that when applications are made to this Council we will seek that those people who are making the applications do so in a sensitive manner taking into account the local environment and other issues such as drainage as part of our planning policies.

Question No. 18

Councillor Alison Moore

There is now some money identified within the 2007/8 budget for scrutiny. What will this money be spent on?

Answer by Councillor Andrew Harper

There is £19710 in the budget for 2007/08. It is proposed to use the money in a variety of ways to assist Members:

(i) Member development, including conferences relating to all aspects of the scrutiny function which Members may wish to attend;

(ii) briefings etc. to assist Members in the scrutiny of the health agenda, which is gaining momentum;

(iii) scrutiny activities that members may wish to carry out as part of their work, for example experts' fees; travel costs; special event costs; consultation exercises;

(iv) staff development, as necessary in response to developments in the scrutiny function.

Question No. 19

Councillor Hugh Rayner

Please could the Cabinet Member for Environment inform this Council when he, the Leader and the London Assembly Member visited Burnt Oak to look at street cleansing issues, as mentioned in both the Budget debate and at the Full Council in January?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

Myself, the Leader and Councillor Coleman undertook the visit on the 26 February, to various areas around Burnt Oak Town Centre. This resulted in a wide-range of site clearance and cleaning works being implemented to various land holdings of the Council and other statutory bodies.

The main headline improvements are:-

The Millennium Walk – Extensive bramble, weed growth and litter has been cut back and removed to ease pedestrian access and to make the site safer for residents as a general walk way. Badly damaged and graffiti covered site furniture is also planned for removal. The street lights have been painted, but are unfortunately being subject to graffiti following repeat painting work.

Barnfield Rd Car Park – Extensive cutting back of bramble and other weed growth to the boundary of the car park, removal or large accumulations of fly-tipping and detritus from the car park in conjunction with the removal of fallen trees.

Watling Avenue – General heavy cleansing of litter, removal of large quantities of beer / lager cans and general fly-tipping.

Market Lane / Back Lane – Removal of accumulations of fly-tipped materials, heavy cleaning of all hard surfaces road ways etc.

The identification of other land holders and their responsibilities has taken time but has however been successful and third parties have acted quickly once informed of the need for action. Works have been implemented by other statutory undertakers on their land e.g. Rail Track and by TFL, EDF Energy, Powerline and by other Council service areas e.g. Property Services, and Barnet Homes.

Some of the clearance works are ongoing, e.g. the removal of tyres from an area over the stream / supporting Watling Road, is being dealt with by specialist environmental contractors as the works are hazardous to health without specialist equipment and staff protection.

Trade waste officers have also inspected 86 businesses within the locality for Trade Waste Agreements, to ensure legal compliance and proper waste disposal. Officers will continue to ensure that the 15 businesses that could not provide evidence of an agreement become Trade Waste compliant or are prosecuted as appropriate.

Works are still ongoing – The area is being subject to repeat fly-tipping/graffiti and heavy littering. Officers and cleansing staff are visiting regularly to deal with the various environmental issues and if 'enviro-crime' matters are witnessed and/or can be proven, investigation / prosecutions will follow where appropriate.

Question No. 20

Councillor Jack Cohen

Please provide a schedule of all Section 106 planning gains relating to planning permissions in Childs Hill ward for years 2002/03, 2003/04, 2004/05, 2005/06 and 2006/07 to date, indicating for each agreement if the money has been paid over by the developer and if so has the money been spent and if so please provide details.

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

To date 17 planning decisions for commercial or residential development were approved for the years 2002/03 to 2006/07 in Childs Hill Ward with associated Section 106 legal agreements and planning contributions. Three of these agreements were Unilateral Undertakings from the developer. Of the S.106 contributions some are direct provision, including education, highways and open space improvements and affordable housing. For those payments in lieu £355,101 were received during the 5-year period.

This comprises the following:

Education:	£ 71,000
Highways Improvements:	£ 62,000
Open Space:	£110,600
Affordable Housing:	£100,000
Other/Monitoring	£ 11,500

The monies are paid at the point of commencement of development where there are 3 or 5 year trigger periods.

The spending of the above sums is planned as part of the specific service areas, for example Housing Services allocate the affordable housing contributions to the borough Housing Capital Programme, as do the Environment and Transport Service in terms of Highways improvements, etc. Details of the capital spend can be found in the capital programme for the specific service areas or in the Council's capital programme. Such expenditure on capital or related community infrastructure projects, have helped to enhance those parts of the borough with associated development.

Reference	Address	Decision	Issue Date	Amount Due	Purpose - agreement
C01593D/02	759-763 Finchley Road London	APL	01-Aug-03	Due	
C13638C/04	NW118DL 67 West Heath Road London NW3 7TH	Refused but allowed on appeal	10-Mar-04	-	Unilateral undertaking
C02437Q/99	11-17 Cricklewood Lane London NW2 1ET	APL	01-Apr-04	£11,521	Education
				-	And 15 to be leased to a Housing Association for five years
C00402Q/03	120 & 134 Cricklewood Lane London	APL	02-Jun-04	-	Property to be limited to B1 use (business)
C04988K/02	NW2 2DP 10A B and C Wentworth Road London	APL	20-Aug-04	£1,000	Promote a car free scheme
C03097G/04	NW110RX 66 - 70 Granville Road London NW2 2LA	Refused but allowed on appeal	11-Oct-04	-	Unilateral undertaking
C02856P/04	779-783 Finchley Road London NW118DN	APL	07-Apr-05	£10,000	Improvements to the junction of The Ridgeway/Hodford Rd/The Vale/Rodborough Rd.
C04988N/05	21 Ravenscroft Avenue and 12 Wentworth Road London NW11 0SA	APL	15-Jul-05	£85,000 £19,718	Open space Education facilities (including any feasibility studies) and libraries.
C13874D/04	50 The Ridgeway London	APL	04-Oct-05	£21,600 -	Open space Undertakings
C13638M/05	NW118QN 67 West Heath Road London NW3 7TH	APL	27-Oct-05	£17,962	Education
C01209AH/05	Tudor Court, R/O Llanvanor Road London	APL	08-Dec-05	£10,000	Education
C16435B/05	NW2 2AN 4 Westover Hill London NW3 7UH	APL	14-Feb-06	£9,000	Education
C00975K/06	The Central Hotel, 35 Hoop Lane & 1 Wentworth Road London	APC	02-Jun-06	£5,000	A contribution of £5,000 index linked towards monitoring the site travel
C06928S/06	NW118BS 93-95 Golders Green Road London NW118EN	APL	26-Jul-06	£4,000	plan; £4,000 towards improvement & enhancement of recreational public amenity open space located within the Borough.
C10363B/06	St Michael's Court, The Riding London	APL	25-Oct-06	£1,000 £100,000	Traffic orders Affordable housing
C16231B/06	NW118HN 86-88 Hendon Way London	APL	10-Jan-07	£2,800	Education
C00782J/06	NW2 2NG 214 - 218 Cricklewood Broadway London	APL	06-Mar-07	£40,000	Highways
	NW2 3DR			£10,000	Town centre master
				£5,000 £1,500	planning Travel plan Monitoring of planning progress

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£355,101

By Area of Expenditure

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Education	£71,001
Affordable Housing	£100,000
Highways	£62,000
Open Space	£110,600
Other	£11,500

Supplementary Question No. 20

Councillor Jack Cohen

Thank you Madam Mayor, Councillor Freer, thank you for your very detailed answer. As you know, I asked this question at the previous Cabinet Overview Committee. I am sure, Councillor Freer, you will agree with me, that we need to have as transparent a system as possible, so that all councillors know where Section 106 agreement money is being spent, and that there ought to be a clear audit trail. From the information you have given me, would you not agree, that as a local councillor I cannot identify how that money has been spent, and therefore this Council cannot justify to its residents how it is spending Section 106 money?

Answer by Councillor Melvin Cohen

Madam Mayor, yes it is important that members know how money is being spent in their ward, and if they ask they'll get the answer. In relation to Childs Hill, the raw figures supplied might be a little misleading. The table provided indicated the negotiated Section 106 money and not the actual received sum. I should say that the Council received a total of £78,168 in respect of sites at Finchley Road, Ash Grove and West Heath Road. Of this £51,163 relates to education and £27,000 to highways. A total of £25,586 has been applied to the education capital programme in year 2005/6 and the remainder being available for expenditure.

Question No. 21

Councillor Gill Sargeant

Can the Cabinet Member provide an update on what work is being done to assess the use of and access to community buildings in the immediate proximity of Grahame Park to ensure optimum use for Grahame Park, Beaufort Park and the new development at Colindale Hospital?

Answer by Councillor Anthony Finn

Community facilities and buildings have been negotiated as part of the regeneration of the Grahame Park Estate and the planning permission for Beaufort Park. These include Section 106 agreements covering a library replacement, health facilities, community facilities and commercial service uses such as new shops and leisure uses. There is also access to the adjoining RAF Hendon Museum. As these developments move forward the community facilities and access will come on stream. At the present time of early phases there is a limited access whilst buildings are under construction.

In addition an Area Action Plan (AAP) is being commissioned for the Colindale area. This will identify the current and future needs within the wider Colindale area to inform the proper planning consideration of development sites as they arise within Colindale. Consultation will be undertaken with a wide range of stakeholders that will include community groups as this AAP develops. Within the Grahame Park development specifically, a number of local community groups currently use the existing Community Centre. Consultation was undertaken with existing community groups at the time the outline planning application was prepared, and the developers, Choices for Grahame Park, have agreed that further consultation will be carried out when the new replacement community facilities are planned.

Supplementary Question No. 21

Councillor Gill Sargeant

Thank you Madam Mayor, this is an important question, which could have relevance for other regeneration estates throughout Barnet. My concern is that when we're looking at the regeneration of our estates we need to look at what existing facilities there are already and although this mentions what they're looking at replacing it doesn't actually say what existing facilities there are and what need to be assessed so that we have a full picture of what is available. For example, they don't mention the one-stop-shop in here which provides a valuable resource for people, nor does it mention the churches and other community facilities and can I ask what is being done to make sure that all existing facilities are looked at when we're looking at this regeneration?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

Councillor Finn may have to provide a more detailed response, but my understanding is that the regeneration team will take into account all community facilities that are required where the Council has an interest. In terms of the churches, many of the faith groups do make representations to the regeneration team about land being available to them. But in terms of private operations that wish to take part in the regeneration, then it really is up to them to make themselves known as to what their requirements are, but I can give the assurance that the regeneration team do map what the community facilities required, in its broadest sense, should be for the area.

Question No. 22

Councillor Dean Cohen

Please could the Cabinet Member comment on the effectiveness of youth work in the Borough, particularly that of the Rolling Base?

Answer by Councillor Fiona Bulmer

The Rolling Base bus has been extremely successful since its launch in December 2006 with more than 800 young people using its facilities. It has provided youth activities in areas including Stonegrove, Claremont, Dollis Valley, Broadfields, The Hyde, East Finchley and Oak Leigh Park. It has provided after school activities at seven secondary schools and has worked with partners across the borough including Barnet Action 4 Youth, Iftin, IPOP, Artsdepot, Barnet Homes and Safer Neighbourhood Teams.

The project was recently "Highly Commended" in a national competition for Youth Opportunity Fund projects.

Supplementary Question No. 22 Councillor Dean Cohen

Thank you Madam Mayor, I thank the Cabinet Member for her answer. Does she agree that the excellent performance of initiatives such as the rolling base further proves that working proactively with external groups to provide support for young people is the way ahead?

Answer by Councillor Fiona Bulmer

Absolutely, the rolling base is just one example of the progress we've made in providing new activities for young people, most recently the allocations under the Edward Harvist Fund. Through our approach, we have managed to leverage in more than £1m for activities for young people, and the rolling base is an example of that great success.

Question No. 23

Councillor Jack Cohen

When do you expect the Report of The Inquiry in to the sale of land at Underhill, to be published?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

The Council had been advised that provisional findings would be made available on 19 March 2007. However, at the last moment PwC were reminded of a commitment they had given to any parties that may be adversely affected that they could first see any relevant extracts. Having been reminded of this commitment PwC are now unable to give a new timescale for publishing their report, but it is not thought likely that the report could be published before the summer.

Supplementary Question No. 23

Councillor Freer, if it wasn't for the fact that certain individuals are still under a cloud over this investigation the investigation could be described now as a farce. The originating issue is now at least 5, if not 6, years old and surely any findings now arising out of that inquiry certainly would be so dated that no action could be taken and, therefore, wouldn't you agree that the money spent on this inquiry, which now is approaching I understand £1.5m, has been a complete and utter waste?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

Thank you Madam Mayor, I don't. Whatever the outcome of the report, any resident fulfilling their democratic duty whatever the cost cannot be deemed to be a waste, that's the cost of democracy.

Question No. 24

Councillor Alan Schneiderman

Councillor Alan Schneiderman

Councillor Jack Cohen

Can the Leader say why he thinks it's important to consult residents widely on the medium term financial strategy but not the annual budget?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

The process of budget consultation has been criticised by the opposition in recent years on the basis that it's not feasible to make major changes so close to the start of the financial year, which is largely down to the government funding settlement timetable. It's more important to take account of long term Council tax levels and service decisions, hence the decision to consult on long term budget strategies.

Supplementary Question No. 24

Thank you Madam Mayor, the medium term financial strategy also says that services will be constantly reviewed to direct resources away from lower priority areas. Can I ask Councillor Freer which lower priority areas have lost money since the budget and will those affected residents be consulted?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

There have been no changes since the budget was published.

Question No. 25

Councillor Robert Rams

Please could the Cabinet Member for Resources comment on Barnet's Council Tax rise this year versus the latest national picture?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

Barnet has for the third year in a row delivered a sub-RPI Council Tax increase at 3.5%, of course had it not been for the £2.2million of expenditure forced on us by NHS cost shunting our increase would have been lower still.

Our increase is well below the national average of 4.6%. Sadly the Mayor of London has yet again introduced an inflation busting increase of 5.3% (and yet again well above the capping level and yet he remains uncapped).

Barnet is one of only 7 London Borough to have achieved a sub-RPI increase for three years in a row.

Supplementary Question No. 25 Councillor Robert Rams

Thank you Madam Mayor, can I thank the Cabinet Member for his answer. Given that Councils across the country have needed to pull out all the stops to achieve 4.2%, perhaps he could tell Members how Barnet has managed to keep its rise down?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

A business like borough run by business like councillors.

Question No. 26

Councillor Jack Cohen

What plans are there for the future use of the Town Hall and what plans are there for refurbishment of the Town Hall?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

Initial plans on the refurbishment of the civic space are being finalised and will be shared with the Political Group Leaders in the next few weeks.

Supplementary Question No. 26 Councillor Jack Cohen

Thank you Councillor Freer, I'm sure all Members of this Council await what is in store for this Town Hall. You say that proposals are going to be shared with the Group Leaders. Is this going to be a consultation exercise or are you simply going to be telling Councillor Palmer and Councillor Moore what you propose? Wouldn't you agree with me, it would be far better, if there was proper consultation which included canvassing the views of not only the Group Leaders but all Members of this Council and residents who regularly use this building?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

How the Liberal Group chooses to run its own democratic process I wouldn't wish to intrude. I will consult with the other Group Leaders as I'd already started to do. How they choose to feed in the views of their groups is entirely down to them.

Question No. 27

Councillor Colin Rogers

Twice in the past four months, East Finchley ward Councillors have not been notified about public house licensing applications. Can the Cabinet Member say what the Council's policy is on notifying ward Councillors of licensing applications, and why this isn't always happening?

Answer by Councillor Brian Coleman

Licensing Officers email ward members about applications in their wards, plus a weekly list goes to all members and applications are published on the web. In this instance one was missed and I apologise.

Question No. 28

Councillor Joanna Tambourides

Would the Cabinet Member for Children join me in congratulating East Barnet School in being judged Outstanding in the latest OFSTED Report?

Answer by Councillor Fiona Bulmer

Yes, the report was a real tribute to the pupils, headteacher and staff of East Barnet School. The school sets the highest standards for itself and its pupils and OFSTED confirmed that East Barnet consistently meets those high standards. It is extremely encouraging to see so many Barnet schools delivering a truly outstanding education for local children.

Supplementary Question No. 28

Councillor Joanna Tambourides

Madam Mayor, I thank the Cabinet Member for her reply, could she please state whether any other Barnet schools have achieved similar success?

Answer by Councillor Fiona Bulmer

Indeed, there have been three schools including East Barnet that have since Christmas, who've been awarded outstanding by OFSTED and I warmly congratulate those schools. That's a real tribute to the headteachers, to the staff and the pupils across Barnet, who continue to achieve well above the national average both in their exams and in OFSTED inspections. East Barnet is a real beacon in that and I'm delighted that we're providing a new building for them, and I'm sure they'll go from strength to strength.

Question No. 29

Councillor Jack Cohen

Councillor Jack Cohen

What plans have you to relocate Council Services from North London Business when the lease expires?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

The Hendon Town Hall complex remains the Civic heart of the Borough and could well be redeveloped in conjunction with the University to create modern office accommodation for the Council.

As we continue to become a smaller, more efficient Council with a smaller workforce it is important that the accommodation provides maximum flexibility both operationally and financially.

Supplementary Question No. 29

Councillor Freer, when I asked you this question at Cabinet and Overview, about what plans you had if and when the lease at North London Business Park expires, you suggested that perhaps in the new Cricklewood development Barnet would have an outpost. Councillor Freer, did you mean by that that as far as you and this administration is concerned, Cricklewood is a far flung place of which you know little or care little about?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

Councillor, I know Cricklewood very well and care about it a great deal, that's why this Administration is keen to take its Council services closer to the residents that require it. That's why it's this Administration that's opening a community access point in the west of the borough, and actually the new Cricklewood development will give us the opportunity to further enhance the Council's outreach to all parts of the borough. I do feel it rather strange that at least two of the colleagues sat in front of you in their election literature talk about Hendon being too distant from the good residents of High Barnet and East Barnet, and want services relocated and Councillor Macdonald and, oh sorry not councillor, what was his name didn't get elected, Hooker, in their election literature said we should move more services to High Barnet and here you are saying we should move more services away from Barnet, please do make your mind up.

Question No. 30

Councillor Alan Schneiderman

The Leader uses the Retail Prices Index (currently at 4.6%) to measure inflation for the purposes of setting Council tax, but only awarded a 2% increase to the voluntary sector this year. Can he explain why?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

The 2% increase reflects the cash increase this Council received from this Government and that is the basis for contractual increases to organisations working with the Council.

RPI is the threshold below which this Administration is striving to ensure Council Taxes remain below.

Supplementary Question No.30

Thank you, can Councillor Freer say why he's still using the RPI index as his target for council tax rises of 4.6%, when the booklet sent out with council tax bills show that inflation affecting the Council between 06/07 and 07/08 was 2.39%?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

Councillor Schneiderman, this Administration committed itself to RPI, but don't worry I know you are hooked on CPI, but I wouldn't worry too long, the way your government's going CPI is rapidly catching up with it.

Question No. 31

Councillor Anne Hutton

More than six years ago a group was set up to devise a play strategy for Barnet. The last Tory administration got rid of this group when it abolished the Early Years and Childcare Partnership. For some time the government has been waiting for Barnet to have a play strategy in order to give it £695,000. We now hear the play strategy will not be ready until September, thus depriving disabled children of facilities and summer provision this year. In addition grants for the voluntary sector to provide play opportunities have been refused because Barnet does not have a play strategy. Why has this happened?

Answer by Councillor Fiona Bulmer

The development of a play strategy is well underway. We have consulted the Children and Young People Strategic partnership Board (CYSPB) to establish local principles and priorities. We are taking the time to ensure that our strategy responds to the particular needs of children in Barnet. Along with 22 other London boroughs and, on the advice of the CYPSPB, we will submit the Barnet play strategy in September. It is untrue to suggest that activities for disabled children will not be available this summer. Year round activities continue to be provided very effectively by IPOP. The Council is not aware of any grants being refused because the play strategy is not yet complete.

Supplementary Question No. 31 Councillor Anne Hutton

Thank you Madam Mayor, thank you for your answer, but 10 other London boroughs have managed to produce a play strategy, and they're already drawing down their allocation of this government's money. Can the Lead Member say why she is so pleased at the fact that Barnet is lagging behind and short-changing the children of Barnet?

Answer by Councillor Fiona Bulmer

I mean that's absolute nonsense, there are two dates for submission. What I'm doing, what this Administration is doing is taking a bit of time to look at the needs of Barnet and to develop a strategy that responds to those needs, rather than just jumping through the government's hoops, and putting forward a strategy that responds to their priorities, but completely ignores the priorities of Barnet. What we're doing is submitting, in good time, a strategy that will be excellent, that will respond to our needs and not just jump through the government's hoops.

Question No. 32

Councillor Barry Rawlings

What is the proposed start and completion date for the re-building of South Friern Library?

Answer by Councillor John Marshall

Building work is due to start next month. There will be a 'first brick ceremony' to which the Councillor and his TWO Conservative Ward colleagues will be invited. The building work should take 12 months.

Councillor Alan Schneiderman

Supplementary Question No. 32

Councillor Barry Rawlings

Thanks for the timetable. Could the Cabinet Member guarantee that the opening of the South Friern Library, when it eventually happens, will not be used as an excuse to close either the East Finchley or the Friern Barnet Library?

Answer by Councillor John Marshall

I'm really amazed that Councillor Rawlings should make a suggestion like that because he should know, if there's any consultation between him and the lady next to him, that there has in fact been an application to the Big Lottery Fund in respect of the East Finchley library. There is no intention in closing the other library he mentioned. He's being vicious, malicious and inaccurate. That is what we expect from him because he knows he's an endangered species being the only Labour Councillor left in the ward.

Question No. 33

Councillor Jim Tierney

What is the Council doing to promote the Mayor of London's Greener Homes Programme that subsidises loft and cavity wall insulation?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

Barnet is involved in an initiative to promote energy efficiency and thermal comfort measures through work with the North London Housing Sub-Region. At CRC on 21 March it was agreed that on behalf of the sub-region members Barnet would procure a contract for work to identify vulnerable private sector households, promote the uptake of grants, and install appropriate measures.

Grants of up to £700 are payable for energy efficiency works (draught proofing, loft and cavity wall insulation etc). Grants of up to £1,875 are payable for thermal comfort works (central heating, efficient boilers and heating controls). £3.4m has been allocated across the sub-region for this work. In total, the sub-region expects to be able to bring a maximum of 5,785 properties up to the decent homes standard. It would appear that a bulk of those eligible will be in the outer sub-region Boroughs of Barnet, Enfield and Haringey rather than the inner sub-region boroughs of Westminster, Islington and Camden.

There are clearly a range of initiatives coming on stream that will provide assistance and financial incentives for householders to install energy efficiency and thermal comfort measures. It will be important to take stock of all schemes to make sure we promote the most advantageous package in any individual circumstance.

Of course we are delighted that the Mayor of London is following Barnet's lead and introducing the insulation incentive in conjunction with British Gas.

Supplementary Question No. 33Councillor Jim Tierney

Thank you Madam Mayor, Councillor Freer thank you very much for your answer, it's good to know that Barnet homes are being insulated with public funds, that's good, that's the idea. Whether the Mayor's following our example or not I don't know but the Mayor has offered you green homes money, you haven't specified that in your answer, if in fact you're going to avail of that also?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

I'm not aware that the Mayor's offered me anything.

Question No. 34

Councillor Kath McGuirk

Road repairs are being delayed in order to offset a further drop in income from the parking account during Christmas. Given that Christmas comes every year, and the fall in income could have been predicted, why wasn't the budget corrected to reflect this?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

As part of the parking income budget monitoring, an allowance was made in the December expectation specifically to reflect lower levels of enforcement due to public holidays – as Christmas does not fall on the same day of the week each year.

This, as well as the introduction of the Customer-focused parking policy – opposed by both the Liberal and Labour Groups – produced a reduction in the SPA. Regardless of this, our investment in the maintenance of carriageways and footways will be £6.9M in 2007/8, which compares favourably with the £5.5M in 2006/7.

Supplementary Question No. 34 Councillor Kath McGuirk

In the 21st March budget monitoring report the section on the special parking account notes that there has been a further drop in income due to the Christmas period. To offset this, planned highway schemes, and I repeat planned highway schemes, that had been reinstated in the previous month, have now been deferred. Are these deferred road maintenance schemes part of your so-called allowance?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

No.

Question No. 35

Councillor Alan Schneiderman

How many staff redundancies have there been since 2002, and how much money have these redundancies cost the Council?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

2003/04 £1.314m 2004/05 £1.636m 2005/06 £0.878m 2006/07 £1.650m Total £5.478m

2003/04 110 2004/05 155 2005/06 74 2006/07 164 Total 503

The number of staff who have left because of redundancy is 404.

Which on a net spend on approx. £2billion over the same period equates to 0.27% of expenditure.

Supplementary Question No. 35 Councillor Alan Schneiderman

Thank you Madam Mayor, how many of the attempt to capitalise redundancy payments has resulted in the Council being £5m short in its capital programme meaning you've had to resort to prudential borrowing, how can you justify this mismanagement?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

I don't make up the rules of capitalisation, if the Secretary of State, DCLG or the Deputy Prime Minister, I can't quite remember whether it's Mr Prescott or Mrs Kelly that makes the decisions these days, actually allows councils the freedom to capitalise we wouldn't need the prudential borrowing. But sadly because many Labour boroughs across the whole country have had to be bailed out because of their lack of action on dealing with single status there has been a lack of headroom in capitalisation of redundancy money, that's the real cause of the problem, not mismanagement by this borough.

Question No. 36

Councillor Julie Johnson

What is the Council's official response time for the removal of reported fly-tipping?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

The official P.I. target is to collect fly-tips within 24 hours of being reported.

Question No. 37

Councillor Alison Moore

At the January Council meeting, the Leader explicitly said he was not scrapping any Area Forums. Can he now say why he has cut them by half?

Answer by Councillor Mike Freer, Leader of the Council

I was asked if I had plans to scrap Area Forums and they haven't been scrapped.

Neither has there been a 50% reduction. In 2006/07 there were 30 meetings in this coming year there will be 27.

Question No. 38

Councillor Kath McGuirk

Can the Cabinet Member tell us exactly which roads have been moved on to the reserve scheme as a result of errors in the parking account?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

No roads have been moved on to the reserve list. The highways maintenance reports that were submitted to the Area Environment Sub-Committees took a different form to previous years. This time Members were asked to agree a full year programme of works which included a reserve list of measures that have not been immediately placed into the main programme. Rather than report quarterly on the changes to the programme and provide substitutions, the current arrangements allow for Members to see the list of schemes that could be substituted due to delays in the main programme and / or savings made when carrying out individual schemes.

The inclusion of the reserve list is to improve transparency and does not relate to any reduced investment levels.

Supplementary Question No. 38 Councillor Kath McGuirk

Once again, trying to get an answer of Councillor Offord is easier than getting blood out of a stone, they are quite simple today so hopefully he'll be able to answer them. In my first question, I quoted from the budget monitoring report that planned highway schemes that had been reinstated had now been deferred, so in reference to the earlier question, can the Cabinet Member tell us what road maintenance schemes have been deferred to offset shortfalls in the SPA?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

Madam Mayor, the information is not in front of me of which particular roads, if there are anyway, but I would draw attention to the final paragraph, and I'll actually read it to make things simple as well for some other Members.

The maintenance programme and investment in the maintenance of carriageways and footways will be £6.9m in 2007/08. That compares with £5.5m in 2006/07, and I think you would all agree that is a significant difference, to show that we are investing in this borough in the roads and in the footpaths.

Question No. 39

Councillor Anne Hutton

Can the Cabinet Member say how the cuts from libraries since 2002 have improved the library service?

Answer by Councillor John Marshall

I should like to thank Councillor Hutton for offering me the opportunity to point out the many improvements which have already taken place. I need scarcely remind her of this administration's huge investment in the refurbishment and modernisation of Hendon Library.

However I should like to make several other points. The number of children attending learning related activities in libraries grew from 14816 in 2002-03 to 29,082 in 2005-06- an increase of 96%. Although the 2006-07 figure is not yet available, I am confident that it will show a further increase enabling me to boast that we have DOUBLED the number of children attending such activates. Thank you Councillor Hutton for letting me publicise this achievement. Our customer satisfaction rating is encouraging. The November 2006 customer satisfaction survey was encouraging. 87.8% described the service as Very Good /Good – higher than in 2003. More importantly over 80% found a book to borrow – compared with 66% in 2003. I have in recent months visited libraries in several other authorities such as Essex, Westminster, Tower Hamlets and Barking and Dagenham The fruits of these visits will be included in the Strategy Paper which will shortly be presented to Cabinet. I am sure Councillor Hutton has noticed the £1 million capital investment in Libraries, which will also be reiterated in that Paper.

Members will also like to know that we have made a bid to the Big Lottery Fund.

Supplementary Question No. 39 Councillor Anne Hutton

Thank you Madam Mayor, thank you for your detailed answer, but is the Cabinet Member also pleased that of those asked in this year's residents' attitude survey who believe that Barnet libraries are good or excellent has actually fallen by 4% amongst the general public, and by 6% among library users, and that this in fact takes Barnet below the comparable London figure?

Answer by Councillor John Marshall

There has been a very positive response to the survey that the Council has undertaken recently, I think we will be coming forward with interesting proposals, much better than anything that took place under the previous Labour and Liberal administration, and she should praise the work of the libraries staff and the great progress that is being made, rather than seeking to denigrate.

Question No. 40

Councillor Gill Sargeant

Would the Cabinet Member outline the timetable for the rebuilding of the bridges on Aerodrome Road, and whether road works at the roundabout will be included in the closure of Aerodrome Road?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

Tenders were received from four of the six contractors who were invited to tender. The tender evaluation process has just been completed and a Delegated Powers Report (DPR) has been signed to provide the necessary approval for the contract to be awarded to the successful contractor.

The contract is expected to be awarded during the second half of April 2007 but the works on site are not expected to start until August 2007. The early contract award would allow the contractor to place orders and fabricate the steelwork for the bridge decks. The necessary rail possessions to erect the bridges have been booked for late December 2007 and early January 2008. The bridgeworks are due to be completed in June 2008 and the Highway works in December 2008.

The extent of the highway works on Aerodrome Road are confined between Rowan Drive and the junction with the A41 Watford Way. The latter will need to be reconfigured to accommodate the third Aerodrome Road lane and the Council has started the process by liaising with TfL. However, at this stage there is no timescale for the necessary construction works. The highway works are not expected to affect the Graham Park roundabout.

Supplementary Question No. 40 Councillor Gill Sargeant

Thank you very much, I see you have no timetable for when the highway works on Aerodrome Road are going to commence. What I wanted to know was how long was the road likely to be closed, and since that is going to be a period of months, I wanted to also draw the Cabinet Member's attention to the fact that at the recent planning committee, it was said that the road near Grahame Park roundabout is also in a very bad condition, and it ought to be, if any work is done on that, it ought to be linked to the works that's being done on the Aerodrome Road?

Answer by Councillor Matthew Offord

Madam Mayor, I accept the Member's point about any works that need to occur at the bottom of Aerodrome Road, but I'll also read again from the answer I've given to you, and I will look at the final two sentences. At this stage there is no timescale for the necessary construction works. The highway works are not expected to affect the Grahame Park roundabout. But I do accept that point, and if works are necessary, then I will insist that they are conducted at the same time.

Article 9 – The Standards Committee

References: Section 53-55 and Section 81(5) Local Government Act 2000

9.01 Standards Committee

The Council meeting will establish a Standards Committee.

- 9.02 Composition
 - (a) The Standards Committee will be composed of at least:-
 - Three councillors (not including the Leader), comprising one from each political group
 - Four persons who are not councillors
 - (b) Independent Members will be entitled to vote at meetings.
 - (c) One of the Independent Members will chair the Committee.
- 9.03 The Standards Committee will have the following roles and functions.
 - (a) Promoting and maintaining high standards of conduct by councillors, co-opted members and faith and parent governor representatives.
 - (b) Assisting councillors, co-opted members and faith and parent governor representatives to observe the Local Code of Conduct for Members.
 - (c) Advising the Council on the adoption and revision of the Local Code of Conduct for Members.
 - (d) Monitoring the operation of the Local Code of Conduct for Members.
 - (e) Advising, training or arranging to train councillors, co-opted members and faith and parent governor representatives on matters relating to the Local Code of Conduct for Members.
 - (f) Granting dispensations to councillors, co-opted members and faith and parent governor representatives from requirements relating to interests set out in the Local Code of Conduct for Members.
 - (g) Dealing with any reports from a case tribunal or interim case tribunal, and any report from the Monitoring Officer on any matter which is referred by an Ethical Standards Officer to the Monitoring Officer.
 - (h) Following consideration of such reports to take any action prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State against any Member or co-opted Member who is the subject of any such report.

- Appointing a Sub-Committee of no less than three persons (including at least two independent Members) drawn from the Standards Committee to carry out any of the roles and functions set out in paragraphs [g] and [h] above.
- (j) To consider and make recommendations to the Council, as necessary, on ethical issues affecting the Council as a whole

Article 15 – Review and Revision of the Constitution

References: Sections 30 and 37, Local Government Act 2000 Chapters 10 and 15, Guidance

15.01 Duty to monitor and review the Constitution

The Monitoring Officer will monitor and review the operation of the Constitution to ensure that the aims and principles of the Constitution are given full effect.

15.02 Changes to the Constitution

- (a) Approval. Changes to the Constitution will only be approved by the full Council. The Council may if it considers necessary appoint a special committee to make recommendations for that purpose. Where the Table of Chief Officers in Article 12 or the Management Structure section of the Constitution need to be updated, the Democratic Services Manager may make the necessary changes upon receipt of notification from the Chief Executive that he has made changes to these structures following Council or General Functions Committee approval of such changes.
- (b) **Change to a mayoral form of executive.** The Council must take reasonable steps to consult with local electors and other interested persons in the area when drawing up proposals and must hold a binding referendum.

Responsibility for Functions

References: Chapter 5, Guidance The Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 Section 13, Local Government Act 2000

Explanatory Note

1. The Local Government Act 2000 divides the functions of the local authority between the full Council (and its Committees) and the Executive. The Council is no longer the body responsible for all the activities of the local authority in the borough.

The Council's statutory duties are now broadly:

- 1. Approval of the budget and statutory policy framework.
- 2. Constitutional and quasi-legislative functions.
- 3. Dealing with applications for licences, approvals, consents, permissions (including planning permission) and registrations; and related regulation and enforcement action.

All other functions of the local authority are functions of the Executive, i.e. the Leader and Cabinet, and cannot be exercised by the Council (Section 13 (10) Local Government Act 2000).

This Part of the Constitution is the Scheme of Delegation that sets out the detailed arrangements for the allocation and discharge of responsibilities.

2. The principles of the Scheme of Delegation are that functions are delegated from the Council and the Executive to subordinate bodies and persons by exception rather than specifically.

This Part of the Constitution, therefore, also sets out the decisions that are reserved to specific decision takers and cannot be taken by subordinate decision takers.

3. It is a general legal principle that although delegation involves conferring authority on subordinate bodies and individuals, this does not mean that the delegator gives up the authority to act or take decisions. That general principle is expressly recognised in Section 15(9) of the Local Government Act 2000:-

"Any arrangements made by virtue of this section by an executive leader, executive member or committee for the discharge of any functions by an executive, member, committee or officer are not to prevent the executive leader, executive, member or committee by whom the arrangements are made from exercising those functions".

1. ALLOCATION OF LOCAL CHOICE FUNCTIONS

Schedule 2 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 sets out the local choice functions that can be allocated to the Executive or to the Council or to Council Committees. The following table shows which body is responsible for each of these. The bodies are described in the table in section 2.

Funct	Function		Decision making body		
1.	Any function under a Local Act.	1.	The Executive		
2.	Determining an appeal against any decision made by or on behalf of the authority where there is a right of appeal to a Council Committee. (This excludes matters where statutory arrangements exist).	2.	Appeals Committee		
3.	The appointment of housing benefit review boards.	This is authoi	s no longer a function of the local rity		
4-6.	Making arrangements for appeals against exclusion of pupils, school admission and appeals by governing bodies.	4-6.	The Council but delegated to the Democratic Services Manager.		
7-8.	Do not apply.				
9.	Conducting best value reviews.	9.	The Executive has the legal duty, which it will discharge through the approval of an action plan.		
			The Improvement Overview and Scrutiny Committee will oversee a review and evaluate and analyse the findings.		
10-15	Any function relating to contaminated land and statutory nuisances.	10-15	Planning and Environment Committee with delegation to Area Committees and Officers.		
16. & 17.	Planning and other information Notices.	16. & 17.	Planning and Environment Committee, with delegation to Area Committees and Officers, except in so far as the notice relates to an executive function.		

Function		Deci	Decision making body	
18.	Highways agreements.	18.	Planning and Environment Committee, with delegation to Area Committees and Officers, except in so far as the agreement relates to an executive function.	
19.	Appointments.	19.	The Council, with delegation to the General Functions Committee.	

2. RESPONSIBILITY FOR COUNCIL FUNCTIONS

Schedule 1 to the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations sets out the Council functions that are not allocated to the Executive. The following table sets out the body responsible for these.

Many decisions are taken by Officers or Sub-Committees under delegated powers. Delegation to Officers is set out in section 6 below. The division of responsibility between Planning and Environment Committee and the Area Committees is also set out below.

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
Council	Council can discharge all non- executive functions but most are delegated to committees or officers.	All members of the Council.
Council acting as the Licensing Authority	Agreeing and reviewing the Statement of Licensing Policy.	All Members of the Council
Licensing Committee	All functions under the Licensing Act 2003 and the Gambling Act 2005 associated Regulations, not otherwise delegated to the Licensing Sub-Committee	15 Non-executive Councillors, based on overall political proportionality of the Council.
Licensing Sub-Committee	All functions under the Licensing Act 2003 and the Gambling Act 2005 and associated Regulations, as delegated to it by the Licensing Committee	Three Members of the Licensing Committee, to include one from the Panel of three Chairmen appointed by that Committee.

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
		The Democratic Services Manager selects Members to form the Licensing Sub- Committee as required, having regard to Member availability and the areas that they represent. The Democratic Services Manager arranges suitable
		hearing times.
Audit Committee	Statement of Purpose The purpose of an audit committee is to provide independent assurance of the adequacy of the risk management framework and the associated control environment, independent scrutiny of the authority's financial and non-financial performance to the extent that it affects the authority's exposure to risk and weakens the control environment, and to oversee the financial reporting process.	The proportionality rules apply to the membership of this Committee, which should comprise between 5 and 7 members. The Chairman should not be a member of the Executive, and should preferably be a member of an opposition party. Additionally, the Chairman should not be permitted to serve in that role for more than 4 consecutive years.
	Audit Activity	
	1. To consider the head of internal audit's annual report and opinion, and a summary of internal audit activity (actual and proposed) and the level of assurance it can give over the council's corporate governance arrangements.	

Body responsible	Func	tions	Membership
	2.	To consider summaries of specific internal audit reports as requested.	
	3.	To consider reports dealing with the management and performance of the providers of internal audit services.	
	4.	To consider a report from internal audit on agreed recommendations not implemented within a reasonable timescale.	
	5.	To consider the external auditor's annual letter, relevant reports, and the report to those charged with governance.	
	6.	To consider specific reports as agreed with the external auditor.	
	7.	To comment on the scope and depth of external audit work and to ensure it gives value for money.	
	8.	To liaise with the Audit Commission over the appointment of the Council's external auditors.	
	9.	To commission work from the internal and external audit.	

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	Regulatory Framework	
	10. To maintain an overview of the council's constitution in respect of contract procedure rules and financial regulations.	
	 To review any issue referred to it by the chief executive or a director, or any Council body. 	
	12. To monitor the effective development and operation of risk management and corporate governance in the Council.	
	13. To monitor Council policies on 'Raising Concerns at Work' and the anti-fraud and anti- corruption strategy and the Council's complaints process.	
	14. To oversee the production of the authority's Annual Governance Statement and to recommend its adoption.	t
	15. To consider the Council's compliance with its own and other published standards and controls.	

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	Accounts	
	16. To review and approve the annual statement of accounts. Specifically, to consider whether appropriate accounting policies have been followed and whether there are concerns arising from the financial statements or from the audit that need to be brought to the attention of the Council.	
	17. To consider the external auditor's report to those charged with governance on issues arising from the audit of the accounts.	
	Review of Effectiveness	
	 To conduct an annual review of the effectiveness of the Audit Committee. 	
Appeals Committees	Determining an appeal or application where there is a right of appeal to a Council committee. This does not include matters, which are the responsibility of the Licensing Committee or the Licensing Sub-Committee, nor does it include special statutory appeal or review bodies. It does include:-	The composition of each of the Appeals Committees will comprise 10 councillors plus 2 substitutes from each political group.

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	 Applications and appeals relating to Sex Shops, Sex Cinemas and Sex Encounter Establishments Staffing appeals relating to grading (but not the placing of individuals in a career grade), dismissal and relegation (including by centrally employed teaching staff) Appeals relating to renovation, disabled facilities, home repair assistance and common parts facilities grants Statutory complaints against school governing bodies Appeals under the housing right to compensation scheme. 	The Democratic Services Manager selects each Committee in turn having regard to member availability and the areas that they represent. Each Committee will consist of four Members and will be politically balanced where member availability allows. The Democratic Services Manager arranges daytime or evening meetings to suit the wishes of appellants.
Planning and Environment Committee	 Take action under Town and Country Planning, and associated legislation including Part 8 of the Anti Social Behaviour Act 2003 relating to high hedges The following functions are reserved to the Committee and cannot be discharged by an Area Committee or officer. planning applications which involve a significant departure from the statutory development plan; applications on behalf of the Council or where the Council has a significant interest in the development; 	10 Councillors with 10 substitutes, excluding Cabinet Members, and reflecting the political structure of the Council.

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	 applications within the categories of development which must be referred to the Mayor of London; and 	
	matters of significance to the entire borough or where major issues extend across geographic boundaries of sub- committees.	
	(Reports on all the matters reserved to the Committee shall be made direct to the Committee and not through an area sub-committee.)	
	2. Contaminated land and all statutory nuisances.	
	3. Commons registration and town and village greens.	
	(Which may include considering the recommendations of a non-statutory inquiry chaired by an independent person).	

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	4. Highways use and Regulation, access to the countryside, arrangements and extinguishment of public rights of way.	
	 (Explanatory note: The Council's highways functions are limited to: creating, stopping up and diverting footpaths and bridleways asserting and protecting public rights to use highways removing things deposited on highways which cause nuisance All other highway functions are Executive functions). 	
	 5. Gaming, entertainment, food and miscellaneous licensing in so far as not otherwise the responsibility of the Licensing Committee or the Licensing Sub-Committee 6. Health and Safety regulation (otherwise than as an employer). 	

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
Area Planning Sub- Committees (3)	Determine planning applications within the boundaries of their areas, in accordance with Council policy and within budget, that relate to town and country planning and development control, including tree and hedgerow protection.	1 councillor for each ward in the area, with a substitute member for each ward.
	[For the purposes of this section a planning application is defined as an application for planning permission as defined by the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, as amended, but also includes applications for approval of reserved matters, Listed Building and Conservation Area Consents and consent under Tree Preservation Orders and Hedgerow legislation.]	
	This excludes the functions reserved to the Planning and Environment Committee	
	If in cases where the Council has a minor interest in developments where a decision is required by a Committee, the Head of Planning will refer the matter to the appropriate Area Planning Committee.	
	(Explanatory note –	
	A. consideration of planning applications by Area Planning Sub-Committees:	

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	The work of the Area Planning Sub-Committees consists mostly of determining applications for planning applications. Delays in determining applications will jeopardise the Council's ability to meet national performance criteria and impact adversely on the interests of applicants and affected residents.	
	One cause of such delays is the deferral by sub- committees of planning applications for further information or for members to undertake site visits. To minimise this there is a general presumption that:	
	• Chairmen of Area Planning Sub-Committees should arrange for site visits to be made in advance of the Sub-Committee meeting, particularly where the proposals appear to be contentious or they are of major importance to the area;	
	• Sub-Committee members who have queries on applications will raise them either at the site visit, or, in any event, as soon as possible before the meeting at which they will be considered).	
	B. In so far as developments where the Council has minor interests in the development, these matters will normally be dealt with by the Head of Planning and delegated powers, unless it proves necessary to refer them to Committee , and are :	

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	 Minor developments on the public highway or Council owned land – including crossovers, hard standings/ramps, bus shelters, advertisements, satellite dishes, etc. Minor extensions or ancillary building proposals less than 1000 sq m to buildings or property, including minor school extensions, housing estate, ancillary buildings, community services, etc. 	
	 Any 'other' or 'minor' developments as defined by the ODPM in PS1/PS2 Planning statistical categories of developments, for example 9 or less dwellings, advertisements, Listed Building and Conservation Area consents.) 	
Area Environment Sub- Committees	To discharge the Council's functions, within the boundaries of their areas, in accordance with Council policy and within budget, apart from matters of significance to the whole borough or crossing sub-committee boundaries that relate to: • Highways use and regulation	1 councillor for each ward in the area, with a substitute member for each ward.

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	 (Explanatory note: The Council's highways functions are limited to: creating, stopping up and diverting footpaths and bridleways asserting and protecting public rights to use highways removing things deposited on highways which cause nuisance All other highway functions are Executive functions). Contaminated land and control of pollution and all statutory nuisances Management of air quality Gaming, entertainment, food and miscellaneous licensing (but not hearing individual appeals or applications which are the responsibility of the Licensing Committee, the Licensing Sub-Committee or the Appeals Committee) 	
Standards Committee	Promoting and maintaining high standards of conduct by members and co-opted members. Assisting them to observe the Council's code of conduct, and advising and training them on it. Advising the Council on the Code and monitoring its operation. Consider ethical issues affecting the Council as a whole.	3 non-executive councillors (one from each political group), with six substitute members (also two from each political group), and 4 independent co- opted members.
Chief Officers Appointments Panel	1. To interview candidates for the Head of Paid Service and recommend an appointment to the Council.	7 councillors including at least the Leader of the Council (or another member of the Executive).

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	2. To interview and appoint Directors and Chief Officers.	•
	3. Annually to appraise the performance of the Chief Executive.	
Chief Officers Disciplinary and Capability Investigating Panel	Subject to the Officer Employment Procedures Rules in Part 4 of the Constitution, to act as an investigating committee for the purposes of the disciplinary and capability procedures for the Chief Executive and officers recognised by the Council as a Director or Chief Officer, and to suspend such officers for the purposes of the investigation.	5 councillors.
Chief Officers Disciplinary Panel	Subject to the Officer Employment Procedure Rules in Part 4 of the Constitution, to take any disciplinary action and action under the capability procedure in respect of the Chief Executive and officers recognised by the Council as a Director or Chief Officer, up to and including dismissal.	5 councillors including at least the Leader of the Council (or another member of the Executive) (membership must be different from any investigating panel).
General Functions Committee Meets as and when required but in practice functions discharged by officers.	 All other Council functions that are not reserved to Council including Appointing representatives on outside bodies Appointing representatives to School Governing Bodies Staff matters (i.e. salaries and conditions of service) 	7 councillors

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	(Explanatory note: Where the following issues arise from an organisational restructure, the restructure will be considered to have major implications and a report must be submitted to General Functions Committee for approval.	
	 Organisational restructures which could potentially lead to compulsory redundancies. Restructures involving changes to contracts of employment. Proposals relating to the discretionary aspects of the implementation of national agreements Proposals involving <u>major</u> changes in working practices, location of employees etc, irrespective of whether these changes are provided for in the employment contract.) Election administration and electoral registration pensions and superannuation payments for maladministration in cases where the Council has discretion and a payment has not been recommended by the Ombudsman or a court. 	
Special Committee (Constitution Review)	Proactively to review and keep under review all aspects of the Council's Constitution so as to ensure that it remains current and fit for purpose, and to make recommendations thereon to the Council	8 councillors

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
Pension Fund	To advise officers on all	3 councillors (one from
Management Advisory	matters relating to the use,	each political group).
Panel	management and investment	
	of the superannuation fund	
Note: This is an informal	including matters relating to	
body and not a Council	the appointment and removal	
Committee.	of Fund Managers, and major	
	changes in benchmarks for	
	investment. To make	
	recommendations to the	
	General Functions Committee	
	on any matters where a	
	member-level decision is	
	necessary.	

3. **RESPONSIBILITY FOR EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS**

<u>General</u>

- 3.1 All the local authority functions that are not mentioned in the first two tables, or reserved to Council in Article 4, are executive functions. These are the responsibility of
 - Individual members of the Executive (the Leader and members of the Cabinet)
 - The Cabinet Meeting
 - Cabinet Committees
 - Area Sub-Committees (see 3.10 below)
 - Joint Committees (see Article 11)
 - Officers (see section 6 below)

3.2 Cabinet Members

- i. Set out below is a table in the first column of which are listed the names, addresses and wards of Cabinet Members.
- ii. The second column sets out each Cabinet member's functions and the third column summarises what has been delegated.

Executive Member and Portfolio	Responsibilities	Delegation
Cllr Mike Freer 23 Claverley Grove	The Leadership of the Council.	The Leader may discharge any
Finchley London N3 2DG	Specific individual responsibilities:	function of the Executive.
	To lead on budget and policy formulation	
Finchley Church End Ward	and implementation in relation to:	
LEADER RESOURCES	 resources (including billing, collection and recovery of local taxation) 	

	 financial forward planning and budgeting risk management asset management major corporate contracts communications and marketing HR, equalities and diversity The monitoring of the Council's budget and to instigate such interventions as necessary to ensure spending is kept within limits determined by council. Also to be involved in and promote discussions in relation to any matters within the portfolio. 	
Cllr. Fiona Bulmer 14 Sellwood Drive Barnet Herts EN5 2RL Underhill Ward CHILDREN'S SERVICES	To lead on budget and policy formulation and implementation in relation to the Children Act 2004. To enhance the Council's corporate parenting role and to champion the causes of all children in the London Borough of Barnet, optimising opportunities to reduce and remove disadvantage. Includes Children's Social Services and the Youth Offending Team and the advantages offered by working with other agencies to secure a seamless approach to all aspects of children's services. To drive forward the Youth Justice Plan and ensure its approval annually by full Council. To lead on budget and policy formulation and schools. In particular, raising and enhancing standards, ongoing education and services to schools, Early Years Provision and the Youth Service. Positively to encourage integration of all schools within the London Borough of Barnet into the community to achieve the best possible opportunities for education and learning. To work with education service provider partners to improve lifelong learning outcomes. All schools matters (Community, Voluntary and Foundation) associated with the	The general powers delegated to Cabinet Members are set out below. Certain functions are delegated to officers, in consultation with the Cabinet Member. These are set out in Paragraph 6 of Part 3 of the Constitution.

Cllr Brian Coleman 1 Essex Park Finchley London N3 1ND Totteridge Ward COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT AND COMMUNITY SAFETY	 teaching and development of children and young persons and the optimising of opportunities to further the same (including pre-school preparation). Also to be involved in and promote discussions in relation to any matters within the portfolio. To lead on budget and policy formulation and implementation in relation to community engagement and community safety. In particular, to build upon the Council's leadership role in improving community safety, embracing diversity and inclusiveness, removing inequality and ensuring that each person and group in the community has opportunities for involvement. To work with the many different ethnic and religious groups to maintain community cohesion. All matters relating to Community Safety, CCTV, liaison with Barnet Police and antisocial behaviour, including Domestic Violence and combating graffiti, fly-tipping and fighting crime. Additionally to deal with community safety in its widest sense by being responsible for trading standards and licensing, as falls within the remit of the Executive. Also to be involved in and promote discussions in relation to any matters within the portfolio. 	The general powers delegated to Cabinet Members are set out below. Certain functions are delegated to officers, in consultation with the Cabinet Member. These are set out in Paragraph 6 of Part 3 of the Constitution.
Cllr. John Marshall 66 Sandringham Gardens London N12 0PJ Garden Suburb Ward INVESTMENT IN LEARNING	To lead on budget and policy formulation and implementation in relation to investment in educational infrastructure in schools and libraries, in particular the Primary Schools Capital Investment Programme. To lead on budget and policy formulation and implementation in relation to all operational aspects of the library service. Also to be involved in and promote discussions in relation to any matters within the portfolio.	The general powers delegated to Cabinet Members are set out below. Certain functions are delegated to officers, in consultation with the Cabinet Member. These are set out in Paragraph 6 of Part 3 of the Constitution

Cllr. Matthew Offord 6 Cousins Court Alwyn Gardens NW4 4XW Hendon Ward ENVIRONMENT AND TRANSPORT (DEPUTY LEADER)	To lead on budget and policy formulation and implementation in relation to the environment and transport. In particular, promoting the reputation of the London Borough of Barnet as a clean and green borough, with a transport infrastructure designed to meet the needs of today and the challenges of the future. This to include the development of a waste minimisation strategy. All matters relating to the development and management of the environment, including: • the street scene including pavements and all classes of roads; • parking provision • refuse and recycling • graffiti removal • waterways • parks and open spaces • trees (includes public highways, council housing estates and in parks) • allotments • transport and transport initiatives Also to be involved in and promote discussions in relation to any matters within the portfolio.	The general powers delegated to Cabinet Members are set out below. Certain functions are delegated to Area Sub- Committees as set out in paragraph 3.10 below. Certain functions are delegated to officers, in consultation with the Cabinet Member. These are set out in Paragraph 6 of Part 3 of the Constitution. The Deputy Leader may discharge any function of the Leader during periods for which the Leader has given formal notification that he will be unable to be contacted or in circumstances where the Leader cannot be contacted due to illness or other indisposition, or in cases of utmost urgency where the Leader cannot be contacted

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Cllr. Andrew Harper 15 Hampstead Gardens London NW11 7EU Garden Suburb Ward POLICY AND PERFORMANCE	 To lead on budget and policy formulation and implementation in relation to: Policy and Performance (including Partnerships) CPA and Best Value Law and Probity Customer Service In particular, the effectiveness and value in performance of council services, the development of partnerships to further the Council's Corporate Plan and the Sustainable Community Strategy, and an effective consultation structure. To secure the most beneficial terms for services and goods provided to the council. All aspects of performance and delivery of council services, and to instigate such interventions as required, including consultation with the Leader, as necessary, to secure best value. Also to be involved in and promote discussions in relation to any matters within the portfolio. 	The general powers delegated to Cabinet Members are set out below. Certain functions are delegated to officers, in consultation with the Cabinet Member. These are set out in Paragraph 6 of Part 3 of the Constitution.
Cllr. Lynne Hillan 20 Ashurst Road North Finchley London, N12 9AX	To lead on budget and policy formulation and implementation in relation to social care and housing (including housing and council tax benefit).	The general powers delegated to Cabinet Members are set out below.
Brunswick Park Ward COMMUNITY SERVICES	In particular, promoting the best possible adult social services and seamless care in the community by working with and optimising all opportunities offered by other providers to further these aims.	In addition this Cabinet Member may approve grants to voluntary organisations, up to £20,000 per annum.
	In particular working with Barnet Homes, housing associations and other providers to secure the optimum provision and associated environmental, neighbourhood development and social facilities for all those members of the community not living in private accommodation, or for those who require public sector housing. All matters related to public sector housing	Certain functions are delegated to officers, in consultation with the Cabinet Member. These are set out in Paragraph 6 of Part 3 of the Constitution.

Cllr Melvin Cohen 146 Broadfields Avenue Edgware HA8 8SS	 including the administration of Housing Benefits. The distribution of all grants, except those relating to the adaptation of properties in the private sector, after consultation with appropriate portfolio holders. Also to be involved in and promote discussions in relation to any matters within the portfolio. To lead on budget and policy formulation and implementation in relation to planning, development plans, building and property construction. 	The general powers delegated to Cabinet Members are set out below.
Golders Green Ward PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	Also to promote the better integration of privately rented properties into the borough's housing framework, including the distribution of grants, as necessary, for the adaptation of private properties, to further care in the community. To include all aspects of the development and development control service, environmental health, building control and the naming and numbering of streets and properties. Also to be involved in and promote discussions in relation to any matters within the portfolio.	Certain functions are delegated to officers, in consultation with the Cabinet Member. These are set out in Paragraph 6 of Part 3 of the Constitution.
Cllr Helena Hart 37 Crooked Usage Finchley, London N3 3EU Edgware Ward PUBLIC HEALTH	To lead on budget and policy formulation and implementation in relation to the emerging public health agenda (including health partnerships). To include optimising all opportunities offered by the health authorities; shaping the community health and hospital services; to act as the champion on access to health facilities; to consider the implications for health facilities as the borough develops. Also to be involved in and promote discussions in relation to any matters within the portfolio.	The general powers delegated to Cabinet Members are set out below. Certain functions are delegated to officers, in consultation with the Cabinet Member. These are set out in Paragraph 6 of Part 3 of the Constitution.

Cllr Anthony Finn 4 Cheyne Walk Hendon London NW4 3QJ	To lead on budget and policy formulation and implementation in relation to regeneration.	The general powers delegated to Cabinet Members are set out below.
Hendon Ward REGENERATION AND DEVELOPMENT	In particular, economic and strategic development, town centre regeneration, and policies and opportunities for the enhancement and enrichment of the London Borough of Barnet.	Certain functions are delegated to officers, in consultation with the Cabinet Member.
	To promote partnerships and opportunities for the economic development of the borough. Also to be involved in and promote discussions in relation to any matters within the portfolio.	These are set out in Paragraph 6 of Part 3 of the Constitution.

- 3.3 Cabinet Members general powers may be summarised as
 - 1. To discharge the executive functions that fall within their portfolio, whether or not they are also delegated to officers except for matters specifically reserved to Council, Cabinet or cabinet committees.
 - 2. To consider consultation documents, other than those referred to the Executive and, in consultation with the appropriate officers determine whether the Council's response needs to be approved by them or by the appropriate Director or Chief Officer.
 - 3. To authorise inviting tenders for and acceptance of tenders or quotations in accordance with the Contract Procedure Rules. Acceptance must be following consultation with the Cabinet Member for Resources or the Leader in cases where the Cabinet Member for Resources is the appropriate portfolio holder.
 - 4. To approve any non-statutory plan or strategy requiring approval by the Executive and not reserved to the Cabinet for decision in paragraph 3.8.
- 3.4 Except in cases of urgency, they will not normally take delegated decisions if they
 - involve something other than the implementation of an annual Performance Management Plan or a decision previously taken by Council, Committee or Cabinet.
 - are key decisions as defined in Article 13 of the Constitution.

Explanatory Note

This covers urgent (not emergency) decisions that were not anticipated within the budget or PMP but nevertheless relate to everyday business, not major changes/decisions outside the approved budget and 11 statutory plans.

Example: school heating system fails at the beginning of the autumn term.

Cabinet Committees

- 3.5 Cabinet Committees may discharge the executive functions that fall within their terms of reference, whether or not they are also delegated to officers, except for matters specifically reserved to Cabinet. The Rules in Part 4 of the Constitution may reserve certain decisions to cabinet committees.
- 3.6 The Cabinet Committees are:

Committee	Functions	Membership
Resources	Capital and revenue finance, forecasting, monitoring, borrowing and taxation. To consider reports on treasury management strategy and activity, including creating and maintaining a Treasury Management Policy Statement. Grants and loans from all sources to voluntary organisations. (Grants above £50,000 are reserved to the Cabinet) Monitor the trading position of appropriate council services, carry out debt analysis and look at income sources and charging policies. To write off debt.	Councillor Mike Freer (Chairman) Councillor Anthony Finn Councillor Andrew Harper Councillor Lynne Hillan Councillor John Marshall Councillor Matthew Offord

Committee	Functions	Membership
	To determine external or cross-boundary trading limit.	
	To agree exceptions to standing orders, all decisions relating to approved lists and agreed national registers, authorise post tender negotiations and accept tenders which are not the lowest.	
	To agree externalisation contracts including any proposal to appoint external cash investment managers.	
	Approval of schemes not in performance management plans but not outside the Council's budget or policy framework.	
	All matters relating to land and buildings owned, rented or proposed to be acquired or disposed of by the Council.	
	To develop and recommend to Cabinet for adoption an e-Government strategy and associated ICT policies and strategies	
	To submit to Cabinet each year detailed proposals for all council ICT expenditure in the coming year for consideration as part of the budget and forward plan process.	

Committee	Functions	Membership
	To monitor the implementation of the e- Government and ICT strategies.	
	To co-ordinate and decide priorities for the development of e- government and ICT systems and projects to achieve the council's modernisation objectives in accordance with the approved strategies.	
	All matters relating to the purchase or leasing of ICT equipment and software, provided that it is in accordance with the approved e-Government and ICT strategies and the Council's budget and policy framework.	
	To oversee the performance of the IT service and the balance between internal and external service provision.	
	For ICT contracts, to agree exceptions to standing orders, all decisions relating to approved lists and agreed national registers, authorise post tender negotiations and accept tenders including those which are not the lowest.	

<u>Cabinet</u>

3.7 The Cabinet Meeting may discharge any executive functions whether or not they are also delegated to officers.

- 3.8 The following decisions are reserved to the Cabinet meeting:
 - Those so reserved in the Rules in Part 4 of the Constitution
 - Considering an executive function delegated to an area environment subcommittee referred to it for a decision.
 - Considering policy initiatives, initiating new policy proposals and determining the way in which policy reviews will be carried out.
 - Determining responses to consultation documents on proposals which could result in the council having to provide a new service, discontinue an existing one or change service provision in such a way that there are budgetary implications.
 - Determining whether meetings relating to non-key decisions will be held in public or private.
 - Agreeing budget virements of up to £2.5m and applications of up to 50% of the latest estimated general fund of housing revenue account balances and to make recommendations to Council on virements over these amounts and those over £100,000 where the amount is more than 10% of the budget head.
 - Grants to voluntary organisations above £50,000.
 - Considering recommendations made to them by overview and scrutiny committees.
 - A decision to adopt, or recommend to Council for adoption, a plan or strategy reserved to Cabinet as listed below, or the Council's budget and virement limits.

This includes the following:

Statutory Framework Policies – For Council Decision

- Best Value Performance Plan
- Children's Services Plan
- Community Plan
- Crime and Disorder Reduction Strategy (incorporating Drug and Alcohol Team Strategy)
- Education Development Plan
- London Transport Strategy Local Implementation Plan
- Plans and strategies comprising the UDP
- Youth Justice Plan
- Single Education Plan (from 2005)
- Statement of Licensing Policy under the Licensing Act 2003 (for Council decision, acting as Licensing Authority)
- Sustainable Community Strategy

Plans and Strategies for Cabinet Decision

- Corporate Plan
- Housing Strategy
- Homelessness Strategy
- Adult Learning Plan
- Behaviour Support Plan

- School Organisation Plan
- Equalities Policy
- Disability Equality Scheme
- Race Equality Scheme
- Rights of Way Improvement Plan
- Waste Plan
- Accessibility Plan
- Civil Contingencies Plan (subject to confirmation)
- Local Development Framework and Supplementary Planning Guidance (subject to confirmation)

Non-statutory plans and strategies for approval by the Executive and not listed above will be approved by the relevant Cabinet member.

3.9 In taking decisions the Executive must act within the law and the Council's Constitution.

Area environment sub-committees

3.10 Area Environment Sub-Committees as well as discharging Council functions (see Part 3, Section 2 – Responsibility for Council Functions) perform functions that are the responsibility of the Executive as set out below.

Explanatory note – Area Environment Sub-Committees

The functions of the Area Environment Sub-Committees do not extend to review of policy or procedural matters, eg the method of assessment of roads for possible traffic management measures. Should the Sub-Committee wish procedures to be changed or reviewed it can put forward a request to the appropriate Cabinet Member to consider this.

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
Area Environment Sub-Committees	 To discharge the Executive's functions, within the boundaries of their areas, in accordance with council policy and within budget, apart from matters which are the responsibility of the Licensing Committee or Licensing Sub-Committee or matters which are of significance to the whole borough or crossing sub-committee boundaries that relate to: Highways use and regulation not the responsibility of the Council 	1 councillor for each ward in the area, with a substitute member for each ward.
	(Explanatory note: The Council's highways functions are limited to: - creating, stopping up and diverting footpaths and bridleways - asserting and protecting public rights to use highways	

Body responsible	Functions	Membership
	 removing things deposited on highways which cause nuisance. All other highways functions are the responsibility of the Executive). Town centre regeneration and management, including the operation of council markets Private sewers, drains, public conveniences, land drainage and water courses Refuse collection, cleansing, litter, waste and recycling Day-to-day promotion, management and development of: parks, open spaces, allotments, recreation and leisure facilities; libraries, museums, arts and tourism facilities. Local nature reserves, sites of special scientific interest and other controlled areas Day-to-day environmental issues and management of land on council housing estates Cemeteries and crematoria Making recommendation to Cabinet on the designation of conservation areas 	

4. LIMITATIONS ON DELEGATION TO COUNCIL COMMITTEES AND SUB-COMMITTEES

- 4.1 Committees and sub-committees of the Council (or the Council acting as Licensing Authority) are authorised to discharge all functions within their terms of reference with the exception of:
 - Those matters referred to in the above tables
 - Decisions reserved to the Council meeting in Article 4 of the Constitution
- 4.2 The Area Planning Sub-Committees can take decisions within their terms of reference provided they are not within the list of matters reserved to the Planning and Environment Committee, or contrary to Council policy or outside budget.
- 4.3 Area environment sub-committees may take decisions within their terms of reference provided they are not matters which are the responsibility of the

Licensing Committee or the Licensing Sub-committee or matters of significance to the whole borough, contrary to Council policy (or contrary to the Statement of Licensing Policy) or outside budget and subject to the limitation for deciding matters crossing sub-committee boundaries as set out in Article 10 of the Constitution.

5. MEMBERS' RIGHTS TO REFER MATTERS TO PARENT BODY

- 5.1 Any committee listed in the following schedule may decide to report on any matter to Council and any sub-committee may report to its parent committee. In such cases the decision is reached by the usual process, such as a majority vote. The report may make recommendations or seek instructions.
- 5.2 A chairman of an area sub-committee may refer the sub-committee's recommendations up to the parent committee.
- 5.3 A specified number of members of a committee or sub-committee (see the table below) may require that a matter on which the committee or sub-committee had proposed to take action is referred up to the next meeting of the Council or the parent committee to which the committee or sub-committee would ordinarily report, subject to the exceptions set out in 5.5, 5.6 and 5.7 below.
- 5.4 In such a case:-
 - 5.4.1 for committees, the action the committee had proposed to take will be recommended to the Council;
 - 5.4.2 for sub-committees, the action the sub-committee had proposed to take will be recommended to the committee;
 - 5.4.3 no action shall be taken on the matter in the meantime.
- 5.5 The first exception is that no matter that has been the subject of a decision by the Council or, in the case of sub-committees, the parent committee in the previous six months may be referred up.
- 5.6 The second exception is Area Planning Sub-Committees, no matter relating to the regulatory and enforcement functions of the Council relating to town and country planning and the control of buildings and new streets may be referred up.
- 5.7 The third exception is the Planning and Environment Committee, no matter relating to the regulatory and enforcement functions of the Council relating to town and country planning may be referred up to the Council meeting.

Committee/Sub- Committee	No. of members required to support a reference	Council/parent committee
Planning and Environment	6	Council
Area planning sub- committees	2	Planning and Environment

Committee/Sub- Committee	No. of members required to support a reference	Council/parent committee
Area environment sub- committees (council functions)	2	Planning and Environment
Area environment sub- committees (executive functions)	2	The Executive
General Functions Committee	3	The Council

- 5.8 Where area environment sub-committees are discharging executive functions a reference up can only be to the Executive.
- 5.9 This provision shall not apply to the Licensing Committee, the Licensing Sub-Committee, the Appeals Committees, Overview and Scrutiny Committees and Chief Officers Appointments, Investigating and Disciplinary Panels.

6. POWERS DELEGATED TO OFFICERS

General Powers

- 6.1 Chief Officers (ie the Chief Executive, Directors and Heads of Service as listed in Article 12) can take decisions, in consultation with the Cabinet Member concerned (or without consultation where it is a decision authorised to be taken by the Chief Officer under the Contract Procedure Rules or it involves the implementation of policy or earlier decision of the Council or Cabinet or Committee or it is in respect of operational matters within the Chief Officer's sphere of managerial or professional responsibility and is not significant in terms of budget or policy):
 - to discharge the functions allocated to them or dealt with by them or their staff, except for matters specifically reserved to Executive Members, Cabinet meeting, Cabinet Committees, Committees or Council;
 - in all matters where they have managerial or professional authority;
 - to authorise and accept quotations for contracts to the limits placed on Chief Officers by Contract Procedure Rules for approved schemes with sufficient estimate provision;
 - to agree settlements of up to £1,000 subject to budget and audit trails;
 - to agree financial settlement where recommended by the Ombudsman or a Court;
 - without exception, in cases of emergency.

Explanatory Note

This covers emergency decisions that were not anticipated within the budget or Key Prioritty Plan but nevertheless relate to everyday business, not major

changes/decisions outside the approved budget and statutory plans listed under paragraph 3.8 as being for decision by Council or Cabinet.

Example: school heating system fails during mid-winter, or a school roof collapses today.

Explanatory Note – Officers to deputise

All officers to whom powers are delegated under the Constitution will authorise another officer or officers to exercise those powers during periods for which they have given formal notification that they will be absent or unable to be contacted, or when they cannot be contacted due to illness or other indisposition, or in cases of utmost urgency where they cannot be contacted by any means.

- 6.2 They may use whatever means they consider appropriate to discharge those functions, including:
 - incurring expenditure and collecting income;
 - engaging and deploying staff;
 - deploying other resources within their control;
 - placing contracts and procuring other resources within or outside the Council.
- 6.3 Besides having delegated powers to deal with executive matters, specific chief officers have powers to deal with regulation, licensing enforcement, staffing and other statutory matters which are functions for which the Council is responsible, or for which the Council, acting as Licensing Authority, is responsible.

Explanatory Note

There are a number of powers, mainly those relating to staffing and managerial issues, which Directors and Heads of Service are able to exercise without prior consultation, or in consultation with other officers, if they consider it appropriate.

For restructuring arrangements delegated powers may be exercised without reference to General Functions Committee if the restructure is deemed **minor** where;

- 1. The restructure only has implications for the staffing and management under the control of the Chief Officer exercising the delegated powers.
- 2. No compulsory redundancies will arise from the restructure.
- 3. Only vacant posts and/or posts held by staff that have volunteered and have been accepted for redundancy are deleted.
- 4. Changes in the designation of existing posts within the organisational structure are within budget.

- 5. Any new posts created within the organisational structure are within budget.
- 6. Temporary posts are created for up to a maximum of 2 years.
- 7. Minor changes to contracts of employment (with no corporate implications) where all individuals affected by the changes are in agreement.
- 8. The introduction of or change to existing local procedural arrangements.
- 9. Formal consultation has concluded with the staff affected and the trade unions and no notification of a failure to agree has been received.

Each of the above points where appropriate should be clearly referenced in the delegated powers report. Following signature, the Chief Officer concerned, will send a copy of the report to the Chairman of the General Functions Committee.

- 6.4 Before any delegated powers report is signed by a Chief Officer he or she must consider whether the issues involved are likely to raise significant levels of public concern or comment or give rise to policy considerations. Where this is the case, the matter <u>must</u> be referred to the appropriate Cabinet Member as to whether or not it is appropriate to use the delegation. All delegated powers reports <u>must</u> indicate that this process has been undertaken.
- 6.5 All Directors and Chief Officers will draw up a list of specific powers delegated to them which is published on the internet.

Specific Powers

- 6.6 In addition, in consultation with the Cabinet member concerned:
 - Strategic Directors have the power to agree virements up to £100,000 between Budget Heads, and
 - Heads of Service, the power to agree virements up to £100,000 within a budget head.
- 6.7 The Chief Finance Officer has the powers set out in the Financial Standing Orders and in particular:
 - To agree to revenue or capital expenditure not provided for within the control budget being incurred if the Chief Finance Officer is satisfied that it is wholly reimbursable to the Council, or compensatory savings have been identified. In all circumstances the expenditure must be consistent with performance management plans.
 - To take the most appropriate form of borrowing from the approved sources and to make the most appropriate form of investments in approved instruments.
 - Subject to a report being submitted to Resources Cabinet Committee on the action taken, to write off debt up to £5,000, in consultation with the Head of Legal.

- 6.8 The following Officers also have the powers indicated:
 - the Chief Finance Officer to make grants to voluntary organisations up to £2,000 per annum.
 - the Executive Director for Resources, in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Resources to make decisions about:
 - Entering into new leases with a consideration between £25,000 and £50,000 per annum where the council is granting the lease at best consideration in accordance with the Local Government Act 1972.
 - Acquisitions of land whether freehold or leasehold where the cost of the interest being acquired is between £10,000 and £30,000 per annum or as a one off consideration
 - The Executive Director for Resources, in consultation with the Chief Finance Officer and Head of Legal to make decisions about:
 - Occupational and works Licences
 - o Easements
 - Rent Reviews and Licences to Assign.
 - Lease renewals where this represents best consideration in accordance with the Local Government Act 1972.
 - Entering into new leases of less than 21 years, where the consideration is less than £25,000 per annum and at best consideration in accordance with the Local Government Act 1972, where the Council is granting the lease.
 - Acquisitions of land, whether freehold or leasehold, for less than £10,000 per annum or as a one off consideration

Explanatory Note – other disposals

All disposals of freehold interests and leases where a capital premium is obtained for the interest will be agreed by Cabinet Resources Committee.

6.9 The Head of Children's Services shall have powers to take all necessary action to ensure that the Council's duties are properly and effectively discharged in child protection and care cases and the Director of Adult Social Services shall have powers to take all necessary action to ensure that the Council's duties are properly and effectively discharged in adult protection and care cases.

Restrictions and Conditions

- 6.10 Directors and Chief Officers will not take decisions that are reserved to another decision making body under this constitution, and in particular
 - they will only take Key Decisions as defined in Article 13 of the Constitution, or which do not involve the implementation of an annual Performance Management Plan or a decision previously taken by Council, Committee or Cabinet, if it is impractical for the relevant Executive Member to do so;

- they will only take decisions that are reserved to Council or Cabinet under this Constitution in an emergency and if it is lawful for them to do so.
- 6.11 When exercising delegated powers officers must act within the law and the Council's constitution, and follow Council policy (including the Statement of Licensing Policy) and the lawful instructions of Council Committees, Licensing Authority Committees, and the Executive. If exceptionally they need to depart from Council policy or those instructions, they must report to the relevant body as soon as possible.
- 6.12 Key decisions taken by officers will be published and recorded in accordance with the Access to Information Procedure Rules. Other decisions taken by officers must be recorded and made available to members of the Council either as individual or summary decisions published on the Internet or as a performance indicator reported to an Overview and Scrutiny Committee,
- 6.13 They may authorise other officers to exercise these powers in practice, but they are taken in their name and they remain their responsibility.
- 6.14 Emergency action taken under delegated powers must be reported to the relevant body as soon as possible.

7. JOINT ARRANGEMENTS

The following are the joint arrangements for the discharge of functions which are the responsibility of the Executive:

- London Boroughs Grants Scheme under Section 48 Local Government Act 1985.
- Transport Committee for London agreement dated 15 January 1998.
- Association of London Government agreement dated 1 April 2000.

Section 1 – The Council

Types of meetings

Explanatory notes – types of council meetings

Article 4 of the Council Constitution sets out three types of council meeting.

The council meeting comprises all elected members of the council.

Annual meetings

By law, the Council must hold an annual meeting of the Council. It usually does so in May.

The Council will appoint the Cabinet to deal with the executive functions allocated to it under the constitution, and committees to deal with other non-executive functions. The Cabinet can appoint any body subordinate to it, but only committees can appoint sub-committees and panels. Panels are small sub-committees with a specific purpose. Therefore, Barnet's practice is to hold a joint meeting of committees following the annual meeting of the Council to:

- Set up any sub-committees or panels; and
- Appoint councillors and co-opted members to them for the next municipal year.

Ordinary meetings of Council

These will normally be held monthly, unless the Council or Mayor decides otherwise, at 7pm at the Town Hall, The Burroughs, Hendon on the dates agreed by the Council, usually at its annual meeting.

Budget

The Council must meet before 11 March to agree the Council's budget and the council tax for the following financial year. At this meeting, the Council will usually agree performance management plans that set out what services intend to do in the forthcoming financial year and the revenue and capital programmes that support them.

Mayoralty

It is the custom in Barnet for the Council in March to consider nominations for the election of Mayor for the following municipal year. At the meeting the Mayor calls for nominations. After they have been proposed and seconded they are put to the vote. The successful nomination becomes the "Mayor Designate". The actual election of the Mayor is decided at the annual meeting of the Council.

Chairing Council meetings

By law, the Mayor must chair Council meetings. In the absence of the Mayor, the Deputy Mayor may preside only if chosen for that purpose at the meeting. If the Deputy Mayor is not chosen, the Council must choose another member of the Council to preside.

Agenda conference

At least two weeks before an ordinary meeting, the Democratic Services Manager will arrange an agenda conference by e-mail with the Leader of the Council, the Leaders of any other political groups and Group Secretaries, or their representatives:

- to consult on the agenda;
- to agree the time limits for discussion of each item and for debating any amendments.

All Members of Council will be informed of the items scheduled for consideration at the next meeting on the day after the Agenda Conference.

1. Annual meeting of the Council

- 1.1 In a year when there is an ordinary election of councillors, the annual meeting will take place within 21 days of the retirement of the outgoing councillors. In any other year, the annual meeting will take place in March, April or May.
- 1.2 The annual meeting will:
- 1.2.1 elect a person to preside if the Mayor is not present;
- 1.2.2 elect a Mayor (who may appoint a Deputy Mayor);
- 1.2.3 approve the minutes of the last meeting;
- 1.2.4 receive official announcements;
- 1.2.5 elect the Leader;
- 1.2.6 appoint the Leader and nine other members to the Cabinet, and decide whether to appoint one of them Deputy Leader;

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- 1.2.7 note the appointment as Leader of the Opposition of the Leader of the largest political group other than the group of which the Leader of the Council is a member;
- 1.2.8 appoint at least one overview and scrutiny committee, a Standards Committee and such other committees as the council considers appropriate to deal with matters which are neither reserved to the Council nor are executive functions as set out in Part 3, Table 1 and 2 of this Constitution, and a Chairman and (if Council so wishes) Vice-Chairman for each;
- 1.2.9 agree the scheme of delegation or such part of it as the Constitution determines it is for the Council to agree as set out in Part 3 of this Constitution;
- 1.2.10 approve a programme of ordinary meetings of the Council for the year;
- 1.2.11 consider any other business dealt with in Part 5 of an ordinary Council meeting set out in the notice convening the meeting.

2. Selection of Councillors on Committees and outside Bodies

At the annual meeting the council will:

- i. decide which committees to establish for the municipal year;
- ii. decide the size and terms of reference of those committees;
- iii. decide the allocation of seats and substitutes to political groups in accordance with the political balance rules;
- iv. receive nominations of councillors to serve on each committee and outside body; and
- v. appoint to those committees and outside bodies except where appointment to those outside bodies has been delegated by the Council or is exercisable only by the executive.

3. Ordinary meetings

- 3.1 Unless the Council or Mayor decides otherwise, ordinary meetings of the Council shall be held at 7pm at the Town Hall, The Burroughs, Hendon in accordance with a programme decided at the Council's annual meeting.
- 3.2 Ordinary meetings will deal with the following matters except for the meeting that deals with the approval of the budget and council tax to which only Parts 1 and 5 will apply.

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Part 1 - Statutory formalities/Announcements (15 minutes)

- 1. Elect a member to preside if the Mayor is absent
- 2. Prayer
- 3. Minutes of last meeting
- 4. Official announcements
- 5. Declarations of interest
- 6. Any business remaining from last meeting

Part 2 - Question Time (30 minutes or until 7.45 p.m. whichever is longer)

7. Questions to the Leader and Cabinet

Part 3 - Members' Motions (60 minutes)

8. Motions in the order in which notice has been given

(Break – 15 minutes)

Part 4 – Policy Development (60 minutes)

9. Administration Policy Item (30 minutes)

Matters proposed by the political group led by the Leader of the Council and any other political group which acknowledges that it has combined with it to form a political administration.

10. Opposition Policy Item (30 minutes)

Matters proposed by the other political groups, lasting no more than 30 minutes.

In the absence of agreement between the opposition political groups, the time available in this part of the meeting will be allocated pro rata to the number of members in each group.

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Part 5 - Statutory Council Business (40 minutes)

- 11. Reports from Cabinet
- 12. Reports from overview and scrutiny committees
- 13. Reports from other council committees
- 14. Reports of officers

Part 6 - Accountability

- 15. Comments on the work of the Cabinet (10 minutes)
- 16. Questions to council representatives on outside bodies (this is a statutory requirement for the Council meeting) (10 minutes)

4. Agenda Conference and Timetable for Meetings

- 4.1 The Democratic Services Manager will set the agenda and timetable after consultation with the political groups.
- 4.2 The Democratic Services Manager will consult by e-mail the Leaders or if unavailable another representative of the political groups at least two working weeks before the meeting to consult them on the agenda and timetable. This will be known as "the agenda conference". The Administration and the Opposition will confirm to the Democratic Services Manager in writing by 4pm that day the full text of the policy initiatives to be debated in Part 4 of the meeting.
- 4.3 The Democratic Services Manager will circulate the draft agenda on the next day.

4(a) Callover

On the day before the meeting after the 10.30 deadline for final items of business the Democratic Services Manager will consult by e-mail the Mayor and political group leaders, copying-in group secretaries (or if unavailable other representatives of the political groups) on variations to the agenda and timetable to add additional time to Part 3 of the meeting from any unused Part of the meeting as set out in Rule 3.2, provided that this does not cause the meeting to terminate after 10.30 pm.

The Democratic Services Manager will notify Members that day of the changed timetable.

The variation will be made by a Motion moved by the Mayor at the commencement of Part 3.

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5. Visual presentations

A Member presenting a Motion in Part 3 or commenting on the work of the Cabinet in Part 5 shall be able to make a visual presentation.

6. Extraordinary meetings

- 6.1 Extraordinary meetings can be called in accordance with the legal requirements.
- 6.2 The only business permitted at an extraordinary meeting is that which appears in the summons.

Explanatory notes – extraordinary meetings

The Mayor may call an extraordinary meeting at any time.

Five members of the Council may also request the Mayor to call an extraordinary meeting. The meeting must be called within 7 days of the notice being presented to the Mayor, although there is no time limit by which the meeting must take place. If the Mayor refuses, or does not call the meeting within the 7 days, any five members may themselves call an extra-ordinary meeting.

(Paragraph 3 of Schedule 12 of the Local Government Act 1972)

Order of business and general procedure for all meetings

7. Chairing Meetings

- 7.1 The person presiding at the meeting may exercise any power or duty of the Mayor concerning the conduct of Council meetings.
- 7.2 The Mayor or person presiding at the meeting will always be able to exercise a casting vote in the event of an equality of voting on a motion or amendment, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1972, provided he or she has voted when the motion or amendment was first put to the vote.

8. Quorum

- 8.1 No business will be transacted at a meeting of the Council unless there is a quorum present. The quorum is ¼ of the membership of the Council rounded up to the nearest whole number.
- 8.2 If there is no quorum at the time the meeting is due to begin, the start of the meeting will be delayed for up to 15 minutes. When 15 minutes has passed, the Democratic

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Services Manager will count the number of members present, and if there is no quorum, he or she will advise the meeting that no business can be transacted and the meeting will be cancelled.

8.3 If the Mayor finds that a quorum of members is not present at any time during the meeting, the Democratic Services Manager shall call over the names of the members of the Council. If there is not a quorum of members present, the Mayor shall adjourn the meeting and the Democratic Services Manager shall record in the minutes of the meeting the names of those who were present and those who were absent.

Explanatory Note – Inquorate meetings, adjourned meetings, cancellation and postponement

Where a meeting is inquorate it cannot be held, and if a meeting already commenced becomes inquorate no further business can be transacted. Such a meeting is not "adjourned" since this would require a positive decision that the meeting is, of course, unable to take.

In these circumstances a new date for a meeting must be arranged in accordance with Council Procedure Rule 12 and the Access to Information Procedure Rules giving the requisite days notice of the meeting.

Where a meeting is adjourned by the Mayor or by a unanimous or majority decision of the members a new meeting date must be arranged on the same basis.

Once the council has been convened by the proper officer publishing notice of the meeting there is no power for anyone to cancel or postpone it.

The meeting must take place and, if quorate, transact the business set out on the summons.

This does not prevent members at the meeting, if they consider it inappropriate for the meeting to proceed for whatever reason, from taking a unanimous or majority decision to adjourn it.

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9. Order of business

The order of business at meetings of the Council shall be as set out in Rules 1 and 2.

10. Variation

- 10.1 The following order of business may not be changed:
 - 10.1.1.1 to choose a person to preside if the Mayor is absent
 - 10.1.1.2 to deal with any business required by statute to be done before any other business
 - 10.1.1.3 to approve the minutes as a correct record
- 10.2 The order of any other business may be varied:-
 - 10.2.1 by the Mayor at his or her discretion either at or before the meeting; or
 - 10.2.2 by a motion put forward, seconded, and carried without discussion, by a majority of members at the meeting. No written notice of the motion is required.

11. Minutes

11.1 The minutes of the last ordinary meetings of the Council and any extraordinary meetings will be circulated with the agenda for the next ordinary meeting of the Council, provided that it is not on the same day.

(Paragraph 3 of Schedule 12 of the Local Government Act 1972)

- 11.2 The Mayor shall put the question that the minutes of the meeting of the Council held on the day of be approved as a correct record.
- 11.3 No discussion shall be allowed on the confirmation of the minutes. Any question about their accuracy must be raised by motion and voted on without discussion. Upon approval as a correct record, the Mayor shall subsequently sign the minutes.

12. Resumption of adjourned meetings

- 12.1 The Democratic Services Manager, in consultation with the Mayor, must summon the members to resume any meeting adjourned because:
 - 12.1.1 the meeting became inquorate; or
 - 12.1.2 the Mayor adjourned the meeting due to a general disturbance in any part of the meeting place open to the public; or

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12.1.3 the Mayor adjourned the meeting due to a named member continually disrupting the meeting.

(See standing order 28)

12.2 The meeting must be held within ten days of the adjournment and the summons will give details of the business remaining to be dealt with. No new items may be included on the agenda.

Standing Orders - Interpretation, suspension and amendment

13. Interpretation

- 13.1 The ruling of the Mayor concerning the interpretation or application of these standing orders shall not be challenged at any meeting of the Council.
- 13.2 The ruling of the person presiding at a meeting of any Council body must not be challenged on the interpretation of standing orders relating to the meeting.

14. Suspension

- 14.1 The Council at any of its meetings may suspend any standing order provided that:
 - 14.1.1 either due notice has been given, or Council agrees that it is a case of urgency, and
 - 14.1.2 the motion to suspend a standing order is moved, seconded and carried without discussion by a majority of the members of the Council present and voting.

15. Amendments to Standing Orders

A meeting of the Council may only consider changes to these standing orders if notice of the intention is included in the summons for the meeting.

Close of business

16. Suspension of business

16.1 No business at any meeting of the Council shall be transacted after 11 p.m. and any business transacted after that time shall be null and void

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Rules that apply to the whole of all Council meetings

17. Validity of motions, amendments, initiatives and questions

17.1 Every motion, amendment, initiative and question shall be relevant to matters within the

Council's powers or duties or which affect the borough. The Mayor shall, if need be, give a ruling as to whether the motion is relevant.

- 17.2 If the Democratic Services Manager has any doubts about any motion, amendment, initiative or question for the agenda for reasons of propriety, he or she may refer it to the Mayor.
- 17.3 If the Mayor considers the motion, amendment, initiative or question to be vexatious, irrelevant, or otherwise improper, the Democratic Services Manager will return it to the member who submitted it. The Democratic Services Manager will explain to the member in writing why it will not be included on the agenda circulated for the meeting. The matter will only be included on the agenda if it is resubmitted in the timescale for receiving an item of business of that category and is signed by at least fifteen members of the Council.

17A General provisions for motions and amendments

- 17A.1 An amendment must be relevant to a motion on the agenda and shall be to either:
 - 17A.1.1 refer a subject of debate to a committee for consideration or reconsideration; or
 - 17A.1.2 change the words (including deleting or adding words) but such changes must not merely have the effect of negating the motion before the Council.

17A.2 No member may submit more than one amendment to a particular motion or report on the agenda.

17A.3 If requested by the Mayor, the mover of a motion or amendment shall put it in writing and hand it to the Mayor before it is discussed or put to the vote. This standing order does not apply to motions or amendments where notice has been given in accordance with these standing orders.

17B Alterations to motions or amendments

- 17.B.1 Where, under Rule 31 a motion (including Administration and Opposition Policy Initiatives for debate in Part 4 of the meeting) has been notified to the Democratic Services Manager, but the deadline for giving such notice has not passed:-
 - A Member may alter the text of his or her motion or amendment by giving further notice to that effect to the Democratic Services Manager within the

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deadline. The Democratic Services Manager will keep a record of the altered text and shall record the date the notice altering the text was received. Any Member of the Council may inspect the record.

Otherwise, where the deadline for giving notice of a motion or amendment to the Democratic Services Manager has passed:-

• A Member may, at the Council meeting and with the consent of the Mayor, alter the text of his or her motion or amendment. If the motion or amendment has been moved and seconded, the seconder must also give further consent to the alteration.

Any alteration must adjust, correct or clarify the motion or amendment and must not change its sense, meaning or purpose to such an extent that it becomes an entirely new motion or amendment.

17C Withdrawal of motions and amendments

- 17.C.1 Where, under Rule 31 a motion or amendment (including Administration and Opposition Policy Initiatives for debate in Part 4 of the meeting) has been notified to the Democratic Services Manager, but the deadline for giving such notice has not passed:-
 - A Member may withdraw his or her motion or amendment by giving further notice to that effect to the Democratic Services Manager within the deadline. The Democratic Services Manager will keep a record of the notice of withdrawal including the date it was received. Any Member of the Council may inspect the record. Once notice of withdrawal has been received by the Democratic Services Manager, the Member concerned may not move the same motion or amendment (or a similarly worded motion or amendment having the same overall meaning purpose or intent as the withdrawn motion or amendment) for that particular Council meeting.

Otherwise, where the deadline for giving notice of a motion or amendment to the Democratic Services Manager has passed:-

• The mover may, at the Council meeting and with the consent of the Council and his or her seconder, withdraw his motion or amendment. No member may speak on the motion or amendment after the mover has asked permission for its withdrawal, unless permission has been refused.

18. Motions and amendments which may be moved without notice

- 18.1 The following motions and amendments may be moved without notice to:
 - 18.1.1 appoint a Chairman of the meeting;

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- 18.1.2 question the accuracy of the minutes;
- 18.1.3 move that an item of business in the summons takes precedence;
- 18.1.4 appoint a committee (including its members, a Chairman and Vice-Chairman and members having related specified duties);
- 18.1.5 agree to hear oral representations;
- 18.1.6 give leave to withdraw a motion;
- 18.1.7 extend the time limit for speeches;
- 18.1.8 move that "the question be now put" (to the vote);
- 18.1.9 move that "the debate be now adjourned";
- 18.1.10 move that "the Council do now adjourn";
- 18.1.11 exclude or to re-admit the press and public under section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act 1972;
- 18.1.12 move that a member named under standing order 30 be not further heard or do leave the meeting;
- 18.1.13 deal in public with a staff matter;
- 18.1.14 give consent of the Council where consent is required by these standing orders;
- 18.1.15 grant urgent action powers.

19. Motions which may be moved during debate and closure motions

- 19.1 When a motion is under debate no other motion shall be moved except:
 - 19.1.1 to amend the motion;
 - 19.1.2 motions moved by the Mayor or another member that a member:
 - "be not further heard";
 - "must leave the meeting";
 - 19.1.3 motions to exclude the press and public
 - 19.1.4 closure motions as follows:

A member may move without comment, at the conclusion of a speech of another member;

"That the question be now put";

"That the debate be now adjourned"; or

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"That the Council do now adjourn".

If the motion is seconded, the Mayor shall put the motion to the vote without further discussion.

19.1.5 If the Council agree "that the question be now put", the mover of the motion will retain his or her right of reply before the motion is put to the vote.

19A. Speeches - limit and content

- 19A.1 A member may only speak once during the debate on an item of business to either:
 - 19A.1.1 move an amendment or motion; or
 - 19A.1.2 second or speak on an amendment or motion moved by another member.
- 19A.2 The exceptions are:-
 - 19A.2.1 to speak on the substantive motion;
 - 19A.2.2 to exercise a right of reply;
 - 19A.2.3 on a point of order; and
 - 19A.2.4 by way of personal explanation.
- 19A.3 A member shall direct his or her speech to:
 - 19.A.3.1 the question under discussion or
 - 19.A.3.2 a personal explanation or a point of order.

Voting and division

20. Division bell

When the mover of an original motion is called by the Mayor to speak in response to any debate or amendment, but not on the adoption of a cabinet or committee report, the Democratic Services Manager shall arrange for a bell to be rung.

21. Voting

21.1 All motions and amendments shall be determined by a show of hands except where otherwise provided by law or in these standing orders.

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21.2 Members must be seated in the Chamber when voting and while the vote is being recorded.

22. Member's dissent

- 22.1 If, immediately after a vote is taken, a member requests his or her vote to be recorded, the Democratic Services Manager will record in the minutes whether that member:
 - 22.1.1 cast his or her vote for or against the question; or
 - 22.1.2 abstained from voting.

23. Division

- 23.1 If following a vote, ten members rise in their place and demand a formal division, the Democratic Services Manager shall call over the names of all the members, and record and enter in the minutes those:
 - 23.1.1 voting for or against the motion or amendment;
 - 23.1.2 abstaining from voting; and
 - 23.1.3 absent from the meeting when the division was taken.
- 23.2 The voting at the division shall take the place of the voting indicated by a show of hands.

24. Voting on appointments

Where more than two persons are nominated for any position to be filled by the Council, and there is no majority of votes in favour of one person, the name of the person having the least number of votes shall be deleted from the list. Further votes will then be taken on the same basis until a majority is given in favour of one person.

Members' conduct

25. Only one member to stand at a time

A member when speaking shall stand and address the Mayor. If two or more Members rise, the Mayor shall call on one to speak: the other or others shall then sit. While a member is speaking the other members shall remain seated, unless rising on a point of order or in personal explanation.

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26. Respect for Chairman of meeting

Whenever the Mayor or member chairing the meeting rises during a debate any member then standing must resume his or her seat and the council must be silent.

27. Points of order and personal explanation

- 27.1 **Points of order:** A member may rise on a point of order and must be heard forthwith. The point of order shall relate only to an alleged breach of a standing order or statutory provision or a factual error within an officer's report. The member must specify the standing order or statutory provision and the way he or she considers it has been broken, or details of the alleged factual error within the officer's report.
 - 27.2 **Personal explanation:** A member who has previously spoken on an item of business may rise and, with the consent of the Mayor, speak in personal explanation. The member must be heard forthwith if consent is given. The personal explanation shall relate only to some material part of his or her previous speech, which may have been misunderstood in the present debate.
 - 27.3 **Personal attack:** The Mayor may consent to a member giving an immediate personal explanation if he or she is abused, misinterpreted or unfairly accused of a misdemeanour by another member. The member's response should relate only to that part of the previous member's speech, which abuses, misinterprets or unfairly accuses him or her. No member may speak under this standing order unless the Mayor gives consent.
 - 27.4 The ruling of the Mayor on a point of order or on the admissibility of a personal explanation shall not be open to discussion.

28. Disorderly conduct by a member

- 28.1 If the Mayor or another member considers that a member of the Council is:
 - 28.1.1 persistently disregarding the ruling of the Mayor; or
 - 28.1.2 behaving improperly or offensively; or
 - 28.1.3 wilfully obstructing the business of the meeting;

the Mayor may move "That [the member named] be not further heard". The motion if seconded shall be determined without discussion.

28.2 The Mayor must notify the Council of the misconduct before he or she, or another member may move the motion. If the motion is approved, the named member shall be entitled to vote on any remaining matters but must not speak.

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- 28.3 If the named member continues in a disorderly manner after the motion has been passed, the Mayor may either:-
 - 28.3.1 move "That [the member named] must leave the meeting" (in which case the motion shall be determined without seconding or discussion); or
 - 28.3.2 adjourn the meeting of the Council.
- 28.4 A member excluded from the meeting under this standing order will not be entitled to return to the meeting to vote on any item.
- 28.5 A motion passed in accordance with either standing order 28.2 or 28.4 will remain in force for any adjourned meeting.

See also Access to Information Procedure Rules - Disturbances by individual members of the public and general disturbance.

29. Personal and Prejudicial Interests

- 29.1 **Personal interest:** If any member of the Council has a personal interest in any matter being considered at a meeting, he or she must disclose to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest at the commencement of when the matter comes into consideration or when the interest becomes apparent.
- 29.2 **Prejudicial interests:** If any member of the Council has a prejudicial interest in any matter being considered at a meeting, he or she must disclose that interest in accordance with Standing Order 29.1 and withdraw from the Council Chamber (including the public gallery) until the matter has been dealt with unless he or she has obtained a dispensation from the Standards Committee.

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Explanatory Note – Declaring Interests at Meetings

When a member declares a personal interest at a meeting, the member should state clearly:

(a) the specific nature of the interest e.g. employed by ABC Ltd, hold major shares in DE plc;

(b) whether or not it is a prejudicial interest;

If it is a prejudicial interest the member should state clearly:

(a) that he or she will withdraw from the Council Chamber until the matter has been dealt with; or

(b) that a dispensation has been given by the Standards Committee permitting the member to stay to speak and/or vote at the meeting and the nature of the dispensation.

The member's name, nature of the interest and whether or not the member remained in the meeting, took part in the debate or voted will be included in the minutes.

Rules that apply to Part 2 of the meeting

30. Question Time

Question time – explanatory note

Members may put questions to the Leader of the Council and other members of the Cabinet provided these are submitted in writing 10 working days before the meeting. The same member may ask one supplementary question. No notice is required of the supplementary question.

The questions and written answers will be circulated two working days before the meeting. Questions will be answered in the order in which they are received by the Democratic Services Manager but shall be ordered so that a question from one party is followed by a question from another party until all parties have placed one question each. This sequence shall be maintained until all questions have been dealt with or the time limit for question time is reached. The Democratic Services Manager will consult with the Leader if there is doubt about which Cabinet member should give an answer.

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Any supplementary question and any answers will be recorded.

Normally, members may not ask a question which has already been dealt with at a previous Council meeting in the last six months.

Question Time shall end after 30 minutes or at 7.45 p.m. whichever is longer but a supplementary question commenced before the expiry of the time limit may be answered.

- 30.1 In part 2 of the meeting the Leader of the Council and other members of the Cabinet will answer questions from any member of the Council. In the absence of the appropriate member of the Cabinet the question may be answered by another Cabinet member. The Democratic Services Manager will consult the Cabinet on which Cabinet member questions should be referred to.
- 30.2 Questions will be put to the appropriate Cabinet member in the order in which they are received by the Democratic Services Manager, except that questions shall be ordered so that a question from one political group is followed by a question from another group until all groups have placed one question each. This sequence shall be maintained until all questions have been dealt with or the time limit for question time is reached.
- 30.3 Any member wishing to ask a question must deliver it in writing, by hand, post, fax or email, to be received by the Democratic Services Manager by 10.30am ten working days before the day of the meeting.
- 30.4 The Democratic Services Manager shall keep a register recording the date and time the question was received. Any member of the Council may inspect the record.
- 30.5 The Leader/Cabinet member may agree to answer a question of which notice has not been given, if it relates to urgent business and has been discussed with him/her before the meeting.
- 30.6 All questions must relate to the Council's powers or duties or matters that affect the borough or its residents.
- 30.7 The Leader/Cabinet member may decline to answer a question.
- 30.8 Every question shall be put and answered without discussion.
- 30.9 An answer will take the form of a written reply circulated two working days before the meeting but the Mayor may allow an oral elaboration from the appropriate Cabinet member. In the absence of the appropriate Cabinet member an oral elaboration may be allowed from another member of the Cabinet.
- 30.10 One supplementary question and answer will be allowed on the same subject from the same member.

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- 30.11 Questions and answers will be recorded. The Democratic Services Manager shall send the transcript of oral questions and answers to the relevant members for correction of punctuation and grammar prior to publication.
- 30.12 The time allowed for questions will be 30 minutes. At the end of that time the Mayor will allow an oral reply to a supplementary question commenced before the expiry of the time limit and then bring this part of the meeting to a close. The Mayor has the right to prevent any member asking or giving a protracted supplementary question or answer.

Rules that apply to Part 3 of the meeting

31. Individual members' motions for the agenda - Part 3 of the meeting

Individual member's motions - explanatory Note

These are in effect the method members may use to put items on the agenda for Council meetings for discussion.

Motions should be phrased to take account of the separate functions of the council and the Cabinet. Motions on Council functions, for example, may seek approval to a course of action or instruct council committees or officers to take action. Motions on Executive functions should invite the Cabinet to consider a matter identified in the motion.

- 31.1 Any member may put a motion on the agenda for an ordinary meeting of the Council, except the meeting that deals with the budget and council tax. The member must give written notice to the Democratic Services Manager at least six clear working days before the meeting. A working day is deemed to end at 4pm. Any motion delivered after 4pm will be recorded as received on the next working day. The motion must be signed by the member and delivered by hand, post, fax or e-mail.
- 31.2 The Democratic Services Manager shall keep a record of the date the notice was received and any member of the Council may inspect the record.
- 31.3 The Democratic Services Manager shall set out in the summons for the meeting all motions in order of receipt.
- 31.4 Once the motion is on the agenda, any member may move the motion at the meeting. If the motion is not moved it shall be treated as withdrawn, unless the Council agrees to postpone it.
- 31.5 If the member's motion is not dealt with by the end of the meeting, it will be referred to the Cabinet or an appropriate council committee or sub-committee for consideration and any necessary action. (However, if the proposer has specifically asked in his or her

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notice for the motion to be voted on at that Council meeting it will be voted on without discussion).

31.6 A member who has a motion on the agenda may submit a further motion by 10.30am on the last working day before the meeting asking for the motion to be withdrawn and referred to the Cabinet or an appropriate council committee. The member must sign the motion and deliver it to the Democratic Services Manager by hand, post, fax or e-mail.

32. Amendments to motions

- 32.1 Amendments to motions must relate to the motion on the agenda. They may be:
 - 32.1.1 submitted to the Democratic Services Manager in writing, by hand, post, fax or e-mail, (in which case they must be received no later than 10.30 am on the working day before the day of the meeting, and will be circulated by email and by hand by the Democratic Services Manager at or before the meeting); or
 - 32.1.2 moved orally at the meeting. The Democratic Services Manager may require oral amendments to be submitted in writing at the meeting.

33. Rules of Debate

- 33.1 The rules of debate for part 3 of the meeting are as follows:
- 33.2 Each motion will be dealt with in turn in the order set out on the agenda. The motion need not be seconded. The member moving the motion, or another member of that group, will open the debate. The Leader of each of the other groups, or another member of their group, will then have an opportunity to comment. The time for this part of the debate will be set out in the timetable, and at the end of the time allowed the Mayor will bring this part of the debate to an end, whether or not all those entitled have spoken or completed their speeches.
- 33.3 Amendments may be moved by those speaking in the first part of the debate. The Mayor will then invite other members to move amendments. After all the amendments have been debated the motion will be debated. Then the member who opened the debate, or his/her nominee, has the right to respond.
- 33.4 At the end of debate the Mayor will put each amendment to the vote in turn. If an amendment is carried it alters the substantive motion.
- 33.5 The Mayor will then put the initiative to the vote.

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34. Time for debate

- 34.1 The time allowed for Part 3 of the meeting will be set out in the timetable. Each of the first three speakers under Rule 33.2 may speak for a maximum of 5 minutes. All subsequent speakers will be limited to a maximum of 4 minutes. At the end of that period of time the Mayor will bring that part of the meeting to a close, whether or not every member wishing or entitled to speak is speaking or has spoken, and whether or not all the business for that part of the meeting has been dealt with. The Mayor will then put the remaining items of business for that part of the meeting to the meeting in turn, and the Council will decide and if necessary vote on each of them without debate.
- 34.2 The Mayor may at any time move that more time be allowed for a debate than is shown on the timetable, that an amendment, motion or recommendation be put to the vote without further debate, or that the order of business be varied. This motion from the Mayor need not be seconded, and will be immediately put to the vote without debate.

Rules that apply to Part 4 of the meeting

35. Administration and Opposition Policy Initiatives

Explanatory note

Part 4 of the meeting will debate:

- Any motions put forward by the Leader of the Council, a member of the Cabinet or the Leader of any other party or parties who form part of an administration. The time limit for the debate will be 30 minutes.
- Any motions put forward by the opposition groups. The time limit for the debate will be 30 minutes.
- 35.1 Motions must consist of comments or requests addressed to the Executive. They must address broad policy issues and relate to the Council's powers or duties or matters that affect the Borough or its residents.
- 35.2 Motions may not promote a policy initiative which has been rejected, or negate a policy initiative that has been agreed by Council or the Executive in the six months before the meeting.

36. Rules of Debate

36.1 The rules of debate for administration and opposition policy initiatives are as follows:

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36.2 Each policy initiative will be dealt with in turn in the order set out on the agenda. The initiative need not be seconded. The Leader of the group promoting the policy initiative, or another member of that group, will open the debate. The leader of each of the other groups, or another member of their group, will then have the opportunity to comment. The time for this part of the debate will be set out in the timetable, and at the end of the time allowed, the Mayor will bring this part of the debate to an end, whether or not all those entitled have spoken or completed their speeches.

- 36.3 Amendments may be moved by those speaking in the first part of the debate. The Mayor will then invite other members to move amendments. After all the amendments have been debated, the motion will be debated. Then the member who opened the debate, or his/her nominee, has the right to respond.
- 36.4 At the end of the debate, the Mayor will put each amendment to the vote in turn. If an amendment is carried, it alters the substantive motion.
- 36.5 The Mayor will then put the initiative to the vote.

37. Amendments to motions

- 37.1 Amendments to motions must relate to the motion on the agenda. They may be:
- 37.1.1 submitted to the Democratic Services Manager in writing, by hand, post, fax or email (in which case they must be received by no later than 10.30 am on the working day before the day of the meeting, and will be circulated by the Democratic Services Manager at or before the meeting); or
- 37.1.2 moved orally at the meeting. The Democratic Services Manager may require oral amendments to be submitted in writing at the meeting.

38. Time for Debate

38.1 The time allowed for Part of the meeting will be set out in the timetable. Each of the first three speakers under Rule 36.2 may speak for a maximum of 5 minutes. All subsequent speakers will be limited to a maximum of 4 minutes. At the end of that period of time, the

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Mayor will bring that part of the meeting to a close, whether or not every member wishing or entitled to speak is speaking or has spoken, and whether or not all of the business for that part of the meeting has been dealt with. The Mayor will then put any remaining items of business for that part of the meeting to the meeting in turn, and the Council will decide and if necessary vote on each of them without debate.

38.2 The Mayor may at any time move that more time be allowed for a debate than is shown on the timetable, that an amendment or motion be put to the vote without further debate, or that the order of business be varied. This motion from the Mayor need not be seconded, and will be immediately put to the vote without debate.

Rules that apply to Part 5 of the meeting

39. Questions on Cabinet/committee reports

A member may ask the Leader/Chairman of a committee, or a member moving the reception of the report of the committee, any question on it whilst it is being considered. Notice of the question should be given to the Leader/Chairman, or any member moving the report, where practicable. Every question shall be put and answered without discussion. The person to whom a question has been put may decline to answer.

40. Rules of debate

- 40.1 The rules of debate in this part of the meeting for reports of the Cabinet (except for the report on the Budget and Council Tax to which Rules 44 to 47 apply), Committees and Overview and Scrutiny Committees are as follows.
- 40.2 The Leader/Chairman of the relevant committee, or another member of the Cabinet/Committee, will move reception of the report and adoption of the recommendations. This motion need not be seconded. The leader of each of the other groups, or another member of their group, will then have an opportunity to comment on the recommendation. The time for this part of the debate may be set out in the timetable, and at the end of the time allowed the Mayor will bring this part of the debate to an end, whether or not all those entitled have spoken or completed their speeches.
- 40.3 Amendments may be moved by those speaking in the first part of the debate. The Mayor will then invite other members to move amendments. Amendments need not be seconded. After all the amendments have been debated the motion will be debated. Then the member who opened the debate, or his or her nominee, has the right to respond.

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- 40.4 At the end of the debate, the Mayor will put each amendment to the vote in turn. If an amendment is carried it alters the substantive recommendation.
- 40.5 The Mayor will then put the recommendation to the vote.

41 Amendments to recommendations

- 41.1 Amendments must relate to the recommendation of the Cabinet or committee. They may be:
 - 41.1.1 submitted to the Democratic Services Manager in writing, by hand, post, fax or email, (in which case they must be received no later than 10.30 am on the working day before the day of the meeting, and will be circulated by the Democratic Services Manager at or before the meeting); or
 - 41.1.2 moved orally at the meeting. The Democratic Services Manager may require oral amendments to be submitted in writing at the meeting.

42 Time for debate

- 42.1 The time allowed for Part 5 of the meeting will be set out in the timetable. Each of the first three speakers under Rule 41.2 may speak for a maximum of 5 minutes. All subsequent speakers will be limited to a maximum of 4 minutes. At the end of that period of time the Mayor will bring that part of the meeting to a close, whether or not every member wishing or entitled to speak is speaking or has spoken, and whether or not all the business for that part of the meeting to the meeting in turn, and the Council will decide and if necessary vote on each of them without debate.
- 42.2 The Mayor may at any time move that more time be allowed for a debate than is shown on the timetable, that an amendment, motion or recommendation be put to the vote without further debate, or that the order of business be varied. This motion from the Mayor need not be seconded, and will be immediately put to the vote without debate.

Rules that apply to Part 6 of the meeting

43. Comments on the work of the Cabinet

43.1 In Part 6 of the meeting any Member who has given due notice shall be entitled to comment on the work of the Cabinet subject to the following conditions:

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- (a) A Member's comment shall not relate to any item included elsewhere on the agenda for that meeting.
- (b) A Member shall not comment upon more than one matter and that matter shall only relate to one subject.
- (c) Only the Member giving notice may speak. At the conclusion of the Member's comments, the relevant Cabinet member shall be entitled to reply.
- (d) In the event of notice being received from more than one Member of intended comment on the same subject, it shall be at the Mayor's discretion as to whether or not such comments shall be taken together.
- 43.2 Notice by the Member specifying the subject matter of any intended comment shall be given in writing, by hand, post, fax or e-mail, to the Democratic Services Manager by not later than 10.30am on the last working day before the meeting, and details shall be circulated by the Democratic Services Manager to all Members of the Council on that working day.
- 43.3 In the absence of the notifying Member it shall be competent for any other Member to act in his/her behalf provided he/she has been so authorised by the notifying Member.
- 43.4 Comments and replies will be recorded. The Democratic Services Manager shall send the transcript to the relevant members for correction of punctuation and grammar prior to publication.
- **43.5** Any Comments not dealt with at the meeting will be responded to in writing by the relevant Cabinet Member to the Member concerned within 10 working days, with a copy being sent to the Democratic Services Manager for circulation to all Members of the Council.

44. Questions to Council representatives on outside bodies

44.1 At an ordinary meeting, a member, who has given 21 clear days written notice to the Democratic Services Manager, may ask any question about the activities of a company or outside body to any member or officer who has been appointed or nominated to the outside body.

(Sub-section 71(5) of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 - Section 41, Local Government Act 1985 - G.P. Dec. 21/10/85-5)

- 44.2 The member or officer may decline to answer if the question would disclose information about the outside body that has been communicated to him or her in confidence.
- 44.3 An answer may take the form of:
 - 44.3.1 an oral or written answer (officers will invariably give written answers); or
 - 443.2 a reference to a Council publication; or

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- 44.3.3 a holding reply where it is not possible to give an immediate response. A written response must be circulated to members when the information is available.
- 44.4 No discussion shall be permitted about any question or the reply to it.
- 44.5 Questions and answers will be recorded. The Democratic Services Manager shall send the transcript of oral questions and answers to the relevant members for correction of punctuation and grammar prior to publication.

Rules that apply to the report of the Cabinet on the Budget and Council Tax, and Extraordinary Meetings

45 Amendments

45.1 If a member wishes to move an amendment to recommendations in the Cabinet's report or an item on the agenda of an extraordinary meeting he or she may only do so if written notice has been given to the Democratic Services Manager by no later than 10.30 a.m. on the last working day before the day of the meeting.

The member must sign the amendment and deliver it to the Democratic Services Manager by hand, fax, post or e-mail and the Democratic Services Manager must have circulated details to all members on or before that day.

45.2 The Council may at the meeting agree to waive the requirements of this standing order.

Dealing with amendments at the meeting

- 45.3 An amendment shall not be discussed or put to the meeting unless it has been moved and seconded.
- 45.4 Only one amendment may be moved and discussed at a time and no further amendment shall be moved until the amendment under discussion has been dealt with. No member shall move more than one amendment. The mover of the amendment may speak for five minutes.
- 45.5 If an amendment is lost, other amendments may be moved on the original motion but only where notice has been given. If an amendment is carried, the amended motion replaces the original motion. The amended motion then becomes the motion upon which any further amendment may be moved. This is known as the substantive motion.
- 45.6 Once all amendments are dealt with in this way, the motion or the motion as amended is then put to the final vote.

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46. Speeches

- 46.1 Except with the consent of the Council, which will normally be granted to specified members for the debate on the adoption of the budget, the speech must not exceed:
 - 46.1.1 four minutes, or
 - 46.1.2 five minutes for each speech when a member is moving:
 - o the cabinet report;
 - o an item on the agenda of an extraordinary meeting
 - o an amendment;
 - o a member is exercising his or her right to reply
- 46.2 If a member when seconding a motion or amendment declares an intention to do so, he or she may reserve the right to speak until later in the debate.

47. Right of reply

The mover of an original motion shall have a right of reply at the close of the debate on the motion, immediately before it is put to the vote. If an amendment is moved, the mover of the original motion also has a right of reply at the close of the debate on each amendment, but must not otherwise speak on the amendment. At the end of the debate, the Mayor will call on the original mover of the motion to exercise his or her final right to reply.

48 Procedure for Cabinet's budget report

- 48.1 The Leader, or in his/her absence any other member of the Cabinet, must move a motion for the report to be received. The mover may speak for five minutes.
- 48.2 If the motion is approved, the recommendations in the report shall be moved for reception by each page number being called out.
- 48.3 If a member has submitted notice of an amendment on a particular item, the Mayor will invite him or her, or another member, to move the amendment. If the amendment is seconded, the mover of the amendment may speak for five minutes when moving the amendment. His or her seconder may also speak for four minutes or, on request, later in the debate. If the amendment is not moved, it shall be treated as having been withdrawn.
- 48.4 Only one amendment may be moved, discussed and voted on at any one time.

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48.5 After all the amendments to the report have been dealt with in this way, the whole report shall be moved for adoption, subject to any amendments agreed at the meeting. The motion must be seconded and voted on without further discussion.

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Section 2 – Committees and Sub-Committees

Contents

- 1. Note on Conduct of Licensing Hearings
- 2. Procedure Rules for Council Committees and Sub Committees

NOTE ON THE CONDUCT OF LICENSING HEARINGS

Notwithstanding the following procedure rules for Council Committees and Sub-Committees, all hearings relating to the Authority's functions under the Licensing Act 2003, will be conducted within the framework and requirements of the Hearings Regulations made by the Secretary of State under that Act.

PROCEDURE RULES FOR COUNCIL COMMITTEES & SUB-COMMITTEES

1. Substitute members and quorum

1.1 The number of substitute members on each body and the quorum for each shall be as set out below:

Explanatory note –quorum

Unless stated otherwise in the table below, the quorum for any Committee shall be one quarter of its total membership, rounded up to the nearest whole number, subject to a minimum of three.

Committee	Substitute Members	Quorum
Planning and	10 (excluding Cabinet	6
Environment Committee	Members, and reflecting	
	the political structure of	
	the Council.) See Rule 2.7	
Area Planning Sub- Committees		
Finchley and Golders Green	7 (one substitute for each ward)	3
Chipping Barnet	7 (one substitute for each ward)	3
Hendon	7 (one substitute for each ward)	3
Environment Sub- Committees		
Finchley and Golders Green	7 (one substitute for each ward)	3
Chipping Barnet	7 (one substitute for each ward)	3

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Hendon	7 (one substitute for each ward)	3		
Standards Committee	2 for each political group	3 (to include at least two independent lay members)		
Sub-Committee		3 (to include at least		
appointed by the		two co-opted		
Standards Committee		members)		
Licensing Committee	Not applicable	4		
Special Committee to	2 for each political group	3		
deal with the				
Constitution				

Licensing Sub- Committee	Not applicable	Not applicable – all three Members (including one from the Panel of Chairmen) must be present for the meeting to proceed
Appeals Committees	2 for each appointed member from the same political group	3
Audit	6 (2 for each political group)	3
Chief Officers Appointments Panel	6 (2 for each political group)	3
Chief Officers Disciplinary and Capability Investigating Panel	6 (2 for each political group)	3
Chief Officers Disciplinary Panel	6 (2 for each political group)	3
Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee	6 (2 for each political group)	3
Overview and Scrutiny Committees	6 (2 for each political group)	3
General Functions Committee	6 (2 for each political group)	3
Superannuation Fund Management Advisory Panel	6 (2 for each political group)	Not applicable

2. Substitute members – rules

2.1 A substitute member may only attend, speak or vote at a meeting in place of another member of the body who is not a substitute member and who is unable to attend the meeting.

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- 2.2.1 Where seats on the body are allocated to political groups, a substitute member can only attend, speak and vote at a meeting in place of another member if both belong to the same political group.
- 2.2.2 Where seats on the body are allocated to members on the basis that they are representing a particular electoral ward, a substitute member can only attend, speak and vote at a meeting in place of another member if both represent the same ward. (This rule does not apply to the Planning and Environment Committee see instead rule 2.7).
- 2.3 Where there is more than one substitute per political group or ward, their names shall be listed in order of precedence for attendance.
- 2.4 No substitute may attend, speak and vote at a meeting unless the originally appointed member and any substitute higher up the list has indicated to the Democratic Services Manager before the meeting that he or she is unable to attend.
- 2.5 Where the originally appointed member is a member of a political group (within the meaning given by the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 and regulations made under that Act) the notification required in Rule 2.4 may be made to the Democratic Services Manager by the designated whip of the member's political group subject to the Democratic Services Manager being reasonably satisfied that the member concerned is unable personally to give the notification due to illness or other reason preventing the member being unable to communicate.
- 2.6 A substitute member may only attend a committee meeting in place of a member who, at the time of the commencement of the meeting, is an appointed member of the committee.
- 2.7 (i) A Member of the Planning and Environment Committee who is unable to attend a meeting may ask any one of the substitutes from the same political group as the Member appointed by Council to that Committee to substitute for him or her;
 - (ii) the notification of apologies and of the identity of the Substitute must be made personally by the Member concerned to the Democratic Services Manager. The notification may be made by the designated Group Whip of the Member's political group subject to the Democratic Services Manager being reasonably satisfied that the Member concerned is unable personally to give the notification due to illness or other reason preventing the Member being able to communicate.

Explanatory note – substitute members

If a substitute member attends a committee meeting on behalf of his or her colleague, the substitution lasts for the whole meeting, including any subsequent adjourned meetings.

3. Powers

3.1 No committee or sub-committee shall take decisions unless they are within their delegated powers.

4. Quorum – Rules

- 4.1 Except when authorised by statute or ordered by the Council, business shall not be transacted at any meeting of any committee or sub-committee unless there is a quorum.
- 4.2 If the Chairman finds that a quorum of members is not present at any time during the meeting, the Chairman must adjourn the meeting and the Democratic Services Manager shall record in the minutes of the meeting the names of those who were present and those who were absent.

Explanatory Note – Inquorate meetings, adjourned meetings, cancellation and postponement

Where a meeting is inquorate it cannot be held, and if a meeting already commenced becomes inquorate no further business can be transacted. Such a meeting is not "adjourned" since this would require a positive decision that the meeting is, of course, unable to take.

In these circumstances a new date for a meeting must be arranged in consultation with the Chairman and in compliance with the Access to Information Procedure Rules giving the requisite days notice of the meeting.

Where a meeting is adjourned by the Chairman, for example at 10 p.m. or under the provisions for general disturbance, or by a unanimous or majority decision of the members a new meeting date must be arranged on the same basis.

Once a Committee or Sub-Committee has been convened by the proper officer publishing notice of the meeting there is no power for anyone to cancel or postpone it.

The meeting must take place and, if quorate, transact the business set out on the summons.

This does not prevent members at the meeting, if they consider it inappropriate for the meeting to proceed for whatever reason, from taking a unanimous or majority decision to adjourn it.

There is a practical solution in exceptional circumstances (such as bad weather) where the Chairman could ask for members to be advised not to attend thereby rendering the meeting inquorate.

5. Chairman of meetings

- 5.1 If the Chairman is absent from a meeting the Vice-Chairman will take the Chair. If both are absent, a Chairman must be elected for that meeting.
- 5.2 The person presiding at the meeting may exercise any power or duty of the Chairman concerning the conduct of committee, sub-committee or panel meetings.
- 5.3 In the event of more than one nomination for a Chairman, the procedure set out in Standing Order 20 must be followed.
- 5.4 In the case of the Licensing Sub-Committee, the Chairman will be selected by the Democratic Services Manager from the Panel of Chairmen appointed by the Licensing Committee, having regard to Member availability, the areas they represent wherever possible.
- 5.5 The Chairman will always have the right to exercise a casting vote in the event of equality of voting on a motion or amendment, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1972, provided he or she has voted when the motion or amendment was first put to the vote.

6. Minutes

- 6.1 The confirmation of the minutes of previous meetings must be the first item of business at the meeting, except when there is a need to elect a Chairman.
- 6.2 No discussion shall be allowed on the confirmation of minutes, nor any adjournment of the meeting to allow a discussion, nor any other interruption to consideration of this item of business. Any questions upon their accuracy shall be raised by motion and voted on without discussion. The meeting will not proceed further until the minutes are approved, either amended or unamended. Upon approval as a correct record, the Chairman shall sign the minutes.

Explanatory note – amendment of the minutes

Minutes can only be amended to correct factual inaccuracy in the record, and not to make any retrospective amendment to the decisions made.

Members rights

7. Members items for the agenda

7.1 A member will be permitted to have one matter only (with no sub-items) on the agenda for a meeting of a committee or sub-committee on which he/she serves. A substitute member will only be permitted to have an item on the agenda for a meeting which they are going to attend due to unavailability of the member they will be substituting for, that member having sent their apologies for absence and confirmation of the member substituting for them to

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the Democratic Services Manager. This Standing Order does not apply to the Licensing Committee, the Licensing Sub-Committee, the Appeals Committee and the Chief Officers Appointments, Investigating and Disciplinary Panels.

- 7.2 The Democratic Services Manager must receive written notice of a member's item, at least seven clear working days before the meeting. A working day is deemed to end at 4pm. Any item received after 4pm will be recorded as received on the next working day. The item must be signed by the Member and delivered by hand, fax or email.
- 7.3 Items received after that time will only be dealt with at the meeting if the Chairman agrees they are urgent.

8. Councillors' rights to attend meetings where they are not a member of the committee or sub-committee

- 8.1 Councillors may attend any Council committee or sub-committee, even when they are not appointed to them, but they cannot vote. They may attend all parts of the meeting, whether or not the committee has excluded the press and public, with the following exceptions:
 - 8.1.1 Councillors who are not an appointed member of the Appeals Committee or a chief officer appointments and disciplinary panel may not attend any part of these meetings.
 - 8.1.2 Where a councillor is not a member of the committee or subcommittee, they should sit in the public gallery so that it is clear to the public that the member is not part of the body taking the decisions.

Rights to attend meetings – explanatory notes

All councillors have a general right to attend any committee or subcommittee, whether they are meeting in public or in private. However, it is important that councillors who are not members of the committee or sub-committee are not seen to be trying to overly influence the decision of the committee or sub-committee. They should, therefore, sit in the public gallery.

In the case of Licensing Sub-Committees, or the Licensing Committee if it is conducting the hearing or review of determinations under the Licensing Act 2003 or the Gambling Act 2005, Members are reminded of the Members' Licensing Code of Good Practice which advises that they cannot attend such a meeting if they have a personal and prejudicial interest in the case being heard.

Councillors may also speak at meetings – see standing order 9.

9. Councillors' rights to speak at committees or sub-committees when they are not a member

- 9.1 Where a councillor has a right to attend a committee or sub-committee under standing order 8, he or she may speak at a meeting subject to:
 - 9.1.1 giving notice to the Chairman of the meeting at least 15 minutes before the start of the meeting and
 - 9.1.2 the Chairman giving his or her consent.
 - 9.1.3 the following rules, which apply to a member speaking at a meeting of an area planning committee of which they are not a member:
 - (a) the Member can only speak on applications within their ward;
 - (b) the Member must follow any propriety rules adopted by the Council, which prevent Members speaking in support of initiatives, which they or a body of which they are a member are supporting.

Explanatory Note – councillors' right to speak at meetings

Although the standing order says only 15 minutes notice is required, it is courteous and good practice to ensure the Chairman knows of your request in good time and is able to discuss any concerns with you. The Chairman is unlikely to withhold consent to any reasonable requests, which would not interfere with the effective conduct of the business of the meeting. For example, your request could be refused if a large number of members have requested to speak on the same item.

A note sent the day before the meeting or message left on the answer phone or at an e-mail address on the day of the meeting is unlikely to reach the Chairman in time. Unless the Chairman receives the message, notice has not been given.

Councillors who are not members of an Area Planning Sub-Committee may only speak at these meetings on applications in their ward and if they follow propriety rules.

A lead member should not normally speak on any area planning application relating to their lead role.

9.2 The Chairman of an Environment or Area Planning Sub-Committee, or the person who chaired the meeting, has the right to attend and speak at any meeting of the Planning and Environment Committee where there is a report from the sub-committee on the agenda.

- 9.3 One ward member who is not a member of the Planning & Environment Committee shall have the right to address that Committee when it considers any planning application relating to the ward in question. Where the ward is represented by members from more than one party group one member from each party group may address the Committee.
- 9.4 Members who are not an appointed member of the Licensing Sub-Committee, or the Licensing Committee where the Committee is dealing with the hearing or review of determinations under the Licensing Act 2003 or the Gambling Act 2005, may only attend and speak at meetings of those Committees in accordance with the Licensing Code of Practice.

10. Personal and prejudicial interests

- 10.1 **Personal interest:** If any member of the Council has a personal interest in any matter being considered at a meeting, he or she must disclose to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest at the commencement of consideration of the matter or when the interest becomes apparent.
- 10.2 **Prejudicial interest:** If any member of the Council has a prejudicial interest in any matter being considered at a meeting, he or she must disclose that interest in accordance with Standing Order 10.1 and withdraw from the room (including the public gallery) until the matter has been dealt with unless he or she has obtained a dispensation from the Standards Committee or participation is otherwise permitted under Paragraph 12 of the Local Code of Conduct set out in Part 5 of the Constitution.

Explanatory note – declaring interests at meetings

When a member declares a personal interest at a meeting, the member should state clearly:

- (a) the specific nature of the interest e.g. employed by ABC Ltd. hold major shares in DC plc:
- (b) whether or not it is a prejudicial interest;

If it is a prejudicial interest the member should state clearly:

- (a) the he or she will withdraw from the room until the matter has been dealt with; or
- (b) that a dispensation has been given by the Standards Committee permitting the member to stay to speak and/or vote at the meeting and the nature of the dispensation or that participation is permitted under the Local Code of Conduct.

The member's name, the nature of the interest and whether o not the

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member remained in the meeting, took part in the debate or voted will be included in the minutes.

11. Disorderly conduct

- 11.1 If the Chairman considers that a member of a committee, sub-committee, panel or any other body appointed by the Council is:-
 - 11.1.1 persistently disregarding the ruling of the Chairman; or
 - 11.1.2 behaving improperly or offensively; or
 - 11.1.3 willfully obstructing the business of the meeting;

the Chairman or another member maymove "That [the member named] be not further heard". The motion if seconded shall be voted on without discussion.

- 11.2 The Chairman must notify the meeting of the misconduct before they or another member may move the motion. If the motion is approved, the named member shall be entitled to vote on any remaining matters but must not speak.
- 11.3 If the named member continues in a disorderly manner after the motion has been passed, the Chairman may either:-
 - 11.3.1 move "That the member named must leave the meeting" (in which case the motion shall be put and determined without seconding or discussion); or
 - 11.3.2 adjourn the meeting.
- 11.4 A member excluded from the meeting will not be entitled to return to the meeting to vote on any particular item.
- 11.5 A motion passed in accordance with either standing order will remain in force for any adjourned meeting.

Motions and amendments

12. Validity of motions and amendments

12.1 Every motion, amendment or question shall be relevant to matters within the committee, sub-committee or panel's terms of reference and to the agenda for the meeting. The Chairman of the meeting shall, if need be, give a ruling as to whether the motion is relevant.

Explanatory note –motions

For the avoidance of doubt, the only motion which a Member can put before a

Section 2 – Committees and Sub-Committees

Council Procedure Rules

Committee is one permitted under rule 7.1 or 13 of this section".

- 12.2 An amendment must be relevant to the motion and shall be to either:-
 - 12.2.1 refer a subject of debate to another committee for consideration or reconsideration; or
 - 12.2.2 change the words (including leaving out words or adding words);

but such changes must not merely have the effect of negating the motion before the committee.

- 12.3 No member may personally move more than one amendment to a motion. However, amendments may be discussed together.
- 12.4 If an amendment is carried, the motion as amended shall take the place of the original motion and shall become the motion upon which any further amendment may be moved. This is known as the substantive motion.
- 12.5 If the amendment is lost further amendments may be proposed on the original motion.
- 12.6 Once all amendments are dealt with in this way, the motion or the motion as amended is then put to the final vote.

13. Motions, which may be moved during debate

When a motion is under debate no other motion shall be moved except motions:-

- 13.1 to amend the motion;
- 13.2 to adjourn the meeting;
- 13.3 to adjourn the debate;
- 13.4 that the question be now put;
- 13.5 by the Chairman
 - that a member be not further heard;
 - that a member must leave the meeting;
- 13.6 to exclude the press and public under Section 100A (4) of the Local Government Act 1972.

Reports and decisions

Council Procedure Rules

14. Decisions

14.1 After each meeting decisions made under the Committee or Sub-Committee's delegated powers will be produced and made available to all members of the Council.

Explanatory note – Circulation of decisions

Members will only receive hard copies of minutes of committees they are not a Member of if they opt in to receive these.

Minutes – Please see standing order 6 for confirmation of the minutes

15. Reports of committees to Council or parent body

Explanatory note – Referring reports to parent bodies

There are a number of ways committees and sub-committees may refer reports to their parent bodies or Council. In summary, these are as follows:-

- 1. if a matter is outside the powers of the committee or sub-committee, it must be referred to the parent body.
- 2. the Chairman of an area sub-committee may refer a matter up to the parent body, together with the sub-committee's recommendations
- 3. if the majority of members on the committee or sub-committee decide the parent body should consider the matter; (In this case the committee may either wish to make a recommendation to the parent body or request the parent body's instructions); or
- 4. if the committee has agreed the recommendations, but a minority of members wish the matter to be considered by the parent body.

In the fourth case, immediately after the vote is taken and before the Chairman has moved to the next item, a member should state that he or she wishes the report to be referred to the parent body and the minimum number of members required must vote to support that motion. The exact number of members needed to support the request for each type of committee and subcommittee is listed in Part 3 of the Constitution, which is reproduced below. A vote must have been taken and a decision made before the matter can be referred to the parent body by a minority of members. If the committees decide to take no action, the provision does not apply.

If a parent body has made a decision on a matter in the previous 6 months, a minority of members cannot refer the matter back to the parent body. In addition, a minority of members on an area planning sub-committee cannot refer planning applications and similar matters to the Planning and Environment Committee.

In all the above cases, no action will be taken until on the matter in the meantime.

Extract from Part 3 of the Constitution

5. MEMBERS' RIGHTS TO REFER MATTERS TO PARENT BODY

- 5.1 Any committee listed in the following schedule may decide to report on any matter to Council and any sub-committee may report to its parent committee. In such cases the decision is reached by the usual process, such as a majority vote. The report may make recommendations or seek instructions.
- 5.2 A chairman of an area sub-committee may refer the sub-committee's recommendations up to the parent committee.
- 5.3 A specified number of members of a committee or sub-committee (see the table below) may require that a matter on which the committee or sub-committee had proposed to take action is referred up to the next meeting of the Council or the parent committee to which the committee or sub-committee would ordinarily report, subject to the exceptions set out in 5.5, 5.6 and 5.7 below.
- 5.4 In such a case:-
 - 5.4.1 for committees, the action the committee had proposed to take will be recommended to the Council;
 - 5.4.2 for sub-committees, the action the sub-committee had proposed to take will be recommended to the committee;
 - 5.4.3 no action shall be taken on the matter in the meantime.
- 5.5 The first exception is that no matter that has been the subject of a decision by the Council or, in the case of sub-committees, the parent committee in the previous six months may be referred up.
- 5.6 The second exception is Area Planning Sub-Committees, no matter relating to the regulatory and enforcement functions of the Council relating to town and country planning and the control of buildings and new streets may be referred up.
- 5.7 The third exception is the Planning and Environment Committee, no matter relating to the regulatory and enforcement functions of the Council relating to town and country planning may be referred up to the Council meeting.

Council Procedure Rules

Committee/Sub- Committee	No. of members required to support a reference	Council/parent committee
Planning and Environment	6	Council
Area planning sub- committees	2	Planning and Environment
Area environment sub- committees (council functions)	2	Planning and Environment
Area environment sub- committees (executive functions)	2	The Executive
General Functions Committee	3	The Council

- 5.8 Where area environment sub-committees are discharging executive functions a reference up can only be to the Executive.
- 5.9 This provision shall not apply to the Licensing Committee, the Licensing Sub-Committee, the Appeals Committee, Overview and Scrutiny Committees and Chief Officers Appointments, Investigating and Disciplinary Panels.
- 15.1 A summary of the officer's report to the committee and the recommendations of the committee will be submitted to the next meeting of the Council where:-
 - 15.1.1 a committee has made recommendations on a matter within its terms of reference but outside its delegated powers; or
 - 15.1.2 any committee has agreed to suspend a decision on a particular item until Council has considered the matter.

16. Reports of sub-committees and panels

- 16.1 A report of a sub-committee or panel will be submitted to the next meeting of the parent committee where:-
 - 16.1.1 the sub-committee or panel has made recommendations on a matter within its terms of reference but outside its delegated powers; or
 - 16.1.2 any sub-committee or panel by agreement or majority vote has agreed to suspend a decision on a particular item until the parent committee has considered the matter.

Council Procedure Rules

- 16.1.3 a chairman of an area sub-committee has referred the decision up under paragraph 5.2 of Part 3 of the Constitution, in which case the sub-committee's recommendation will be referred up to the parent committee.
- 16.1.4 any area environment sub-committee considering a proposal for discharging an Executive function for a location that crosses their boundaries do not approve recommendations submitted to them.
- Any report from a sub-committee or panel on its proceedings shall be 16.2 submitted to the parent committee and not direct to the Council.

Suspension of business at committee and sub-committee meetings

17. The time limit for meeting and outstanding business

- 17.1 Except as indicated below, no business at any meeting of a committee or subcommittee shall be transacted after 10 p.m. and any business transacted after that time shall be null and void. At 10 p.m. and without further debate the Chairman shall immediately put to the vote any motion or amendment, which has been formally moved and seconded.
- 17.2 At any meeting of the Planning and Environment Committee and an Area Planning Sub-Committee, the Chairman may extend the period for the transaction of business to 10.30 p.m. This will be recorded in the Committee's/ Sub-committee's decisions.
- 17.3 If any items remain on the agenda to be dealt with, the committee may decide to:-
 - 17.3.1 call a special meeting or refer the remaining items to the next ordinary meeting; or
 - 17.3.2 adjourn the meeting, but only the remaining items may be dealt with at the adjourned meeting. No new items may be put on the agenda and any substitutions at the meeting must remain for the adjourned meeting.
- 17.4 Standing order 17 does not apply to meetings of the Licensing Committee, the Licensing Sub-Committee, the Appeals Committee, the Chief Officers' Appointments Panel, the Chief Officers' Disciplinary and Capability Investigating Panel, or the Chief Officers' Disciplinary and Capability Panel or statutory bodies that are not council committees or sub-committees.

Voting and recording of votes

18. Voting at meetings:

The mode of voting at all meetings of the Council, its committees, subcommittees or panels shall be determined by a show of hands except where otherwise provided by law or in these standing orders.

19. Members dissent:

If immediately after a vote is taken, a member of the body requests his/her vote to be recorded, the Democratic Services Manager shall record in the minutes whether that person cast his/her vote:-

- 19.1 for the question; or
- 19.2 against the question; or
- 19.3 whether he/she abstained from voting.

20. Voting on appointments:

Where more than two persons are nominated for any position to be filled by the committee and there is no majority of votes in favour of one person, the name of the person having the least number of votes shall be deleted from the list. Further votes will then be taken on the same basis until a majority of votes is given in favour of one person.

Section 4 – Public Participation

Contents

Petitions, Question Time and Public Comments - Rules

Exp	Explanatory Note – petitions, public comments and questions		
The	The public may make representations at meetings in three ways:-		
1.	Question time – the first 30 minutes of committee and sub-committee meetings are reserved for question time. Members of the public may send in a written question about two weeks before the meeting and the Chairman will answer the question at the next meeting;		
2.	Petitions – If a group of residents are concerned about a Council service or a decision that is about to be made, they may send the Council a petition.		
3.	All petitions relating to the work of the Environment Sub-Committees will first be considered at the relevant Area Forum unless the Democratic Services Manager considers otherwise having regard to Paragraph 2.4. of this Section considers that reference to another body is appropriate.		
	All other petitions will be reported to the relevant body.		
4.	Public comments – If a group of residents are concerned about a decision that is about to be made, they may nominate someone to speak on their behalf to the committee or sub-committee dealing with the matter, or at an area forum. They may also speak about planning applications at the Area Planning Sub-Committees or area forums.		

Explanatory Note – petitions, public comments and questions

Area Sub-Committees and Forums

The Council has a number of Environment Sub-Committees covering different areas of the borough, together with area forums. The Environment Sub-Committees make decisions on local issues, except planning issues *(see area Planning Sub-Committees below).* The purpose of the area forums is to consult and involve local people in local issues.

Where there is a need to consult local people on a particular issue before the Environment Sub-Committee makes a decision, the area forums will be the main consultative mechanism. Therefore, all public comments, petitions etc will normally be considered at the area forum and, when an issue is to be considered by the Environment Sub-Committee a summary of the Forum's views will be reported to the Environment Sub-Committee before it makes its final decision. All members of the Sub-Committee and Ward Councillors will also be members of the Area Forums.

In this way, the Area Forum will be able to consider the collective views of a particular area. Unless circumstances have changed significantly, it will be rare for the Environment Sub-Committee to consider further representations from individual members of the public once it has heard the collective views of local people at an Area Forum meeting.

There will also be a number of other mechanisms for consulting the public on policy issues and about reviews of services.

Area Planning Sub-Committees

Each area will also have an Area Planning Sub-Committee which will consider local planning applications. Normally, the sub-committee will consider individual representations on planning applications but occasionally planning issues may be considered by the forum.

Explanatory Note – petitions, public comments and questions

Cabinet and Cabinet committee meetings

Whilst meetings of the Executive are excluded from these provisions, the Leader (or in the Leader's absence the member chairing the Cabinet) and the Chairman of a Cabinet committee has discretion to issue invitations to speak at Cabinet and Cabinet committee meetings where he or she considers it appropriate upon application.

Application should be made to the Leader's Office at the Town Hall, Hendon, NW4 4BG by 10am on the second working day before the day of the meeting.

Petitions relating to Executive matters, other than those falling within the Terms of Reference of the Area Environment Sub–Committees will be reported to Cabinet.

Note on the Conduct of Licensing Hearings

All Hearings relating to the Authority's functions under the Licensing Act 2003 and Gambling Act 2005 will be conducted within the framework and requirements of the Hearings Regulations made by the Secretary of State under that Act. It should be noted that the Act and Regulations make detailed provision for the hearing of representations in relation to licensing applications which will apply in the conduct of this Authority's licensing hearings. Accordingly, such hearings, and are excluded from the following procedure rules relating to public participation in Council Committees and Sub-Committees.

Petitions, question time and public comments - rules

1. Excluded meetings

These Rules do not apply to

- The Council meeting, The Council acting as Licensing Authority, the Licensing Committee (except where the committee is dealing with policy items or other matters not involving the hearing or review of determinations under the Licensing Act 2003 or Gambling Act 2003) or the Licensing Sub-Committee
 - Appeals Committee
 - Chief Officers Appointments, Investigating and Disciplinary Panels
 - Pension Fund Management Advisory Panel

Section 4 – Public Participation - 3

- Meetings of the Executive and its Committees or any other public meetings at which executive decisions are taken apart from Area Environment Sub-Committee meetings (but see Explanatory Note above).
- Standards Committee when dealing with reports or hearings concerning complaints of a breach of the Members Local Code of Conduct

2. <u>General rules</u>

- 2.1 The matter must be relevant to the relevant body's powers and duties or to the borough.
- 2.2 Any matter that may involve the disclosure of exempt or confidential information will be considered in private session (as defined in the Access to Information Procedure Rules in Part 4 of the Constitution).
- 2.3 The following may not be considered:
 - 2.3.1 requests from or in connection with the aims and activities of a political party;
 - 2.3.2 if the matter would result in the release of information to which the public does not have access, and which would prejudice effective enforcement action of any kind;
 - 2.3.3 any matter, except in relation to a planning application, where there is a right of appeal against any decision of the Council, whether to a Council appeals committee or panel, the courts, a tribunal, a review body or a government minister;
 - 2.3.4 matters which are defamatory, abusive or offensive;
 - 2.3.5 submissions from any legal or professional representatives acting as such (except on planning applications Rule 5.14).
 - 2.3.6 requests from council employees or their trade unions on employment matters, all of whom have other processes for accessing decision takers.
 - 2.3.7 requests from Members of the Council, Members of Parliament, the member for the GLA and members of other public bodies except at the discretion of the Chairman of the body who may give consent where he or she considers it appropriate. Where

the Chairman exercises such discretion, the speaker will speak in addition to any of those members of the public speaking in accordance with the provisions of Rule 3.

2.4 If the relevant committee or sub-committee has established a forum or other consultative body, the Democratic Services Manager may decide that the consultative body should consider the matter first. If so, the consultative body shall consider the petition, joint letter or hear any public comments or questions and the committee or sub-committee shall consider a written summary.

Explanatory Note – Members of the Council Speaking at Planning and Environment Committee

There are separate rights for ward members to address the committee on planning applications – see Council Procedure Rules, Section 2 – Committees and Sub-Committees 9.3

3. <u>Petitions and joint letters and procedure</u>

- 3.1 Any petition or joint letter signed by 25 people or more who live or have businesses in the borough will be submitted to the next meeting of the committee or sub-committee or forum within whose terms of reference it falls, together with an officer's report.
- 3.2 Petitions or joint letters must be delivered to the Democratic Services Manager. If a member or officer of the Council receives a petition or joint letter, he or she must pass it immediately to the Democratic Services Manager. The Democratic Services Manager will arrange for the relevant Chief Officer to report the petition or joint letter to the next ordinary meeting of the relevant committee, sub-committee or forum.
- 3.3 The Democratic Services Manager shall notify the lead petitioner of the method by which the petition will be dealt with,

4. <u>Public question time and procedure</u>

4.1 Anyone who lives or has a business in the borough may ask the Chairman of any committee, or sub-committee, a question on any matter within its terms of reference. Questions will be dealt with strictly in order of receipt, but a second question submitted by an individual (other than a supplementary question permitted under Paragraph 4.8) will not be dealt with until all first questions submitted from members of the public have

been dealt with. Similarly a third question from an individual will not be dealt with until all "second questions" have been dealt with and so on. This Standing Order does not apply to Council meetings.

- 4.2 Public questions may not be considered:
 - 4.2.1 on any matter which has been the subject of a decision by the Council or any committee, or sub-committee in the previous six months, unless there has been a material change in the circumstances;
- 4.3 The time allowed for questions to the Chairman shall be limited to 30 minutes or a maximum of 20 questions, whichever occurs first.
- 4.4 The Chairman shall reply in writing to any questions not dealt with at the meeting within 14 working days from the date of the meeting.
- 4.5 Questions must be asked and answered without discussion, but the Chairman may decline to answer a question and his/her decision shall be final.
- 4.6 The Chairman will normally decline to answer any question, which is about an individual or which is about current or imminent litigation.
- 4.7 An answer may take the form of:-
 - 4.7.1 a direct oral answer; or
 - 4.7.2 a written answer to the questioner where information is in a publication or a reply cannot be given orally.
- 4.8 The questioner may ask one supplementary question to the original question. These do not count towards the limit of 20 questions.
- 4.9 The Democratic Services Manager shall send copies of all written replies and the questions to which they relate to all members of the committee for information. The number of questions that the Chairman has answered or declined to answer will be recorded in the minutes.

5. <u>Public comments at meetings and procedure</u>

5.1 Any committee or sub-committee may consider allowing anyone who lives or has a business in the borough or is affected by a decision to talk to it on matters within its terms of reference. This must relate to an item of business being considered by the committee or sub-committee.

- 5.2 No more than four persons shall be heard on any single item of business or topic (including any person applying for consent or permission of any kind).
- 5.3 Public comments and questions may not be considered:
 - 5.3.1 on any matter which has been the subject of a decision by the Council or any committee, or sub-committee in the previous six months, unless there has been a material change in the circumstances;
 - 5.3.2 on any matter where public comments have previously been made to a parent committee, sub-committee or committee and it was known at that time by those making comments that the matter would be referred to another committee or Council for a decision, unless legally necessary;
 - 5.3.3 from any person applying to the Council for consent or permission of any kind, except in response to public objections.
- 5.4 Where a person wishes to speak, in accordance with Constitutional requirements, on a matter which is already before the committee for decision, the speaker shall always have the opportunity of being heard before a decision is reached on the item.
- 5.5 If more than four requests to speak have been received and approved, or three requests for items defined under Rule 5.12 being considered by the Planning and Environment Committee or two requests for an item being considered by an Area Planning Sub-Committee, those wishing to speak will be asked to agree amongst themselves which of them should address the committee. If they are unable to agree, the Committee will decide which people they shall hear with a preference for those representatives who wrote in earliest. An applicant retains the right to respond to objectors' oral representations.
- 5.6 If a named speaker is unable to attend the Committee he or she may nominate a substitute to speak on his or her behalf, provided details of the substitute is notified to the Democratic Services Manager prior to the meeting.
- 5.7 The Chairman, who may vary the order of business, will determine the order in which public comments are to be heard at any meeting.

- 5.8 The representative of the public shall speak immediately following the officers' presentation of the item of business, to which the comments relate.
- 5.9 Where public comments relate to an application, the applicant will have a right to reply immediately after the public comments.
- 5.10 Each speech shall be limited to a maximum of five minutes, save for any time spent in replying to questions put by members. The speaker shall be allowed to speak without interruption, except to be advised of time or to be stopped from making defamatory, abusive or offensive comments. Any response from an applicant shall be limited in the same way.
- 5.11 Following all the speeches, any response from applicants present and any questions which may be put by members, the committee or sub-committee shall proceed to debate and determine the item of business under consideration and shall not hear any further representations or comment from any speaker or applicant.

Additional Rules for planning applications and confirmation of Tree Preservation Orders only

5.12 The following additional rules apply to public comments on planning applications and confirmation of Tree Preservation Orders at the Planning and Environment Committee or an Area Planning Sub-committee.

For the purposes of this section a planning application is defined as an application for planning permission as defined by the Town and Country planning Act 1990, as amended, but also includes applications for approval of reserved matters, Listed Building and Conservation Area Consents and consent under Tree Preservation Orders and Hedgerow legislation.

- 5.13 Each speech shall be limited to a maximum of three minutes.
- 5.14 In respect of a planning application reported to the Planning and Environment Committee for decision a maximum of four speakers shall be allowed. Otherwise a maximum of three speakers shall be allowed. In either case this will include where there are objectors the applicant or the applicant's representative named on the planning application or the person who submitted the application or an employee of the applicant or bona fide member of the applicant, except:

5.14.1 multiple applications for the same site shall be treated as one application for public speaking purposes and a maximum of four speakers if considered by the Planning and Environment

Council Procedure Rules

Committee or three speakers if considered by an Area Planning Sub-Committee, including the applicant or their representative, shall be permitted on the applications combined;

- 5.14.2 where the applicant does not wish to speak the number of speakers shall be restricted respectively to three speakers at Planning and Environment Committee and otherwise two speakers only.
- 5.15 Where the applicant is not a named individual ie a company, trust, place of worship, school or residents' association, only a Bona Fide representative of the organisation will be allowed to speak. As far as Residents' Associations are concerned officers of the Residents Associations or local residents who qualify as members of the Residents' Association may address the Committee.
- 5.16 Where the Sub–Committee has decided to refer a decision to a parent committee or the parent committee to the Sub–Committee only those speakers who addressed the Committee which originally considered the planning application will be entitled to address any subsequent Committee which determines that application

6. <u>Procedure for requests to speak and ask questions</u>

- 6.1 Any request to speak at a meeting (other than on a planning application see below) and the reasons for it, or a question (exact wording), must be received by the Democratic Services Manager, in writing,
 - in the case of requests to speak, by no later than 10am on the 2nd working day before the day of the meeting;
 - (ii) in the case of questions, by 10am on the 7th working day before the day of the meeting.

The request or question must be delivered by post, hand, fax or e-mail.

- 6.2 The Democratic Services Manager shall decide the appropriate body that should consider the request or question and shall approve the requests to speak under his delegated powers. If a named speaker is unable to attend the Committee he or she may nominate a substitute to speak on his or her behalf, provided details of the substitute is notified to the Democratic Services Manager prior to the meeting.
- 6.3 As soon as is practicable before the meeting, the Democratic Services Manager shall notify any person wishing to speak or to ask a question of the date of the committee, sub-committee or panel or forum where it will be considered.

6.4 Notification for planning applications only

The request to make comments on a planning application shall be received, in writing. The request must be received by post, hand, fax or e-mail, by the relevant area planning officer no later than 10 am on the second working day before the day of the meeting.

The area planning officer shall inform the person who submitted the planning application and those wishing to make comments of the date of the meeting at which the application will be considered and representations are to be heard.

6.5 The Democratic Services Manager shall approve the requests to speak under his delegated powers.

If a named speaker is unable to attend the Committee he or she may nominate a substitute to speak on his or her behalf, provided details of the substitute is notified to the Democratic Services Manager prior to the meeting.

7. <u>Circulation of questions and requests to make comments</u>

7.1 Details of the questions to be asked at the meeting will not be set out on the agenda.

<u>Questions</u>

Three clear days before the meeting the Democratic Services Manager shall:

- 7.1.1 circulate written details of any questions to be asked to members of the committee or sub-committee; and
- 7.1.2 place copies on deposit for public inspection.

Requests to make comments

On the working day before the meeting the Democratic Services Manager shall:

- 7.1.3 circulate, via e-mail, details of any requests to speak at the meeting to members of the committee or sub-committee; and
- 7.1.4 place copies on deposit for public inspection.

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7.2 Where a matter relates solely to a particular ward the Democratic Services Manager shall invite the members for that ward to the meeting at which the public comments will be heard, if practicable. This invitation will be delivered by e-mail. This Standing Order does not apply to questions.

Executive Procedure Rules

References: Chapters 4-7, DETR Guidance

1. HOW DOES THE EXECUTIVE OPERATE?

1.1 Who may make executive decisions?

Executive functions may be discharged by:

- (i) the executive as a whole;
- (ii) a committee of the executive;
- (iii) an individual member of the executive;
- (iv) an officer;
- (v) an area committee;
- (vi) joint arrangements; or
- (vii) another local authority.

1.2 **Delegation by the Leader**

At the annual meeting of the Council, the Leader will present to the Council a written record of delegations made by him/her for inclusion in the Council's scheme of delegation at Part 3 to this Constitution. The document presented by the Leader will contain the following information about executive functions in relation to the coming year:

- (i) the names, addresses and wards of the people appointed to the executive;
- (ii) the extent of any authority delegated to executive members individually, including details of the limitation on their authority;
- (iii) the terms of reference and constitution of such executive committees as the Leader appoints and the names of executive members appointed to them;
- (iv) the nature and extent of any delegation of executive functions to area committees, any other authority or any joint arrangements and the names of those executive members appointed to any joint committee for the coming year; and
- (v) the nature and extent of any delegation to officers with details of any limitation on that delegation, and the title of the officer to whom the delegation is made.

1.3 **Sub-delegation of executive functions**

- (a) Where the executive, a committee of the executive or an individual member of the executive is responsible for an executive function, they may delegate further to an area committee, joint arrangements or an officer.
- (b) Unless the Council directs otherwise, if the Leader delegates functions to the executive, then the executive may delegate further to a committee of the executive or to an officer.
- (c) Unless the Leader directs otherwise, a committee of the executive to whom functions have been delegated by the Leader may delegate further to an officer.
- (d) Even where executive functions have been delegated, that fact does not prevent the discharge of delegated functions by the person or body who delegated.

1.4 The Council's scheme of delegation and executive functions

- Subject to (b) below the Council's scheme of delegation will be subject to adoption by the Council and may only be amended by the Council. It will contain the details required in Article 7 and set out in Part 3 of this Constitution.
- The Leader may amend the scheme of delegation relating to executive (b) functions at any time during the year. To do so, the Leader must give written notice to the Democratic Services Manager and to the person, body or committee concerned. The notice must set out the extent of the amendment to the scheme of delegation, and whether it entails the withdrawal of delegation from any person, body, committee or the executive as a whole. The Democratic Services Manager will present a report to the next ordinary meeting of the Council setting out the changes made by the Leader and will immediately make the necessary changes to the Constitution unless the change is to the Cabinet membership, in which case the change will be approved by Council prior to the Constitution being updated. Any changes other than to the Cabinet membership will be reported by the Democratic Services Manager to all Members as soon as possible, generally within 24 hours of notification from the Leader.
- (c) Where the Leader seeks to withdraw delegation from a committee, notice will be deemed to be served on that committee when he/she has served it on its chairman.

1.5 **Conflicts of Interest**

(a) Where the Leader has a conflict of interest this should be dealt with as set out in the Council's Code of Conduct for Members in part 5 of this Constitution.

- (b) If every member of the executive has a conflict of interest this should be dealt with as set out in the Council's Code of Conduct for Members in Part 5 of this Constitution.
- (c) If the exercise of an executive function has been delegated to a committee of the executive, an individual member or an officer, and should a conflict of interest arise, then the function will be exercised in the first instance by the person or body by whom the delegation was made and otherwise as set out in the Council's Code of Conduct for Members in Part 5 of this Constitution.

1.6 **Executive meetings – when and where?**

The executive will meet normally on the days set in the Council calendar at times to be agreed by the Leader. The executive shall meet at the Council's main offices or another location to be agreed by the Leader. The Leader may convene additional meetings of the executive.

1.7 **Public or private meetings of the executive?**

The Access to Information Rules in Part 4 of this Constitution set out the requirements covering public and private meetings of the executive.

1.8 **Principles of Executive decision making**

All decisions of the Executive will be made in accordance with the following principles:

- (a) proportionality (i.e. the action must be proportionate to the desired outcome);
- (b) due consultation and the taking of professional advice from officers;
- (c) respect for human rights;
- (d) a presumption in favour of openness;
- (e) clarity of aims and desired outcomes; and
- (f) explaining what options were considered and giving the reasons for the decision.

1.9 Quorum

The quorum for a meeting of the executive shall be one half of the total number of members. The quorum for a meeting of a committee of the executive shall be 3.

1.10 How are decisions to be taken by the executive?

(a) Executive decisions which have been delegated to the Executive as a whole will be taken at a meeting convened in accordance with the Access to Information Rules in Part 4 of the Constitution.

Executive Procedure Rules - 3 Revised May 2007 (b) Where executive decisions are delegated to a committee of the executive, the rules applying to executive decisions taken by them shall be the same as those applying to those taken by the executive as a whole.

2. HOW ARE EXECUTIVE MEETINGS CONDUCTED?

2.1 Who presides?

- 2.1.1 At a meeting of the Executive, if the Leader is present he/she will preside. In his/her absence, the Deputy Leader shall preside. In the absence of both, the meeting will be presided over by a member of the Executive as notified by the Leader to the Democratic Serivces Manager. In the absence of such notification a person shall be appointed to preside by those present.
- 2.1.2 At a meeting of a Committee of the Executive, the Chairman shall preside. In the absence of the Chairman a person shall be appointed to preside by those present.
- 2.1.3 The person presiding at the meeting may exercise any power or duty of a Chairman concerning the conduct of the meeting.
- 2.1.4 The person presiding at the meeting will always have the right to exercise a casting vote in the event of equality of voting on a motion or amendment, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1972, provided he or she has voted when the motion or amendment was first put to the vote.

2.2 Who may attend?

These details are set out in the Access to Information Rules in Part 4 of this Constitution.

2.3 What business?

At each meeting of the executive the following business will be conducted:

- (i) consideration of the minutes of the last meeting;
- (ii) declarations of interest, if any;
- (iii) matters set out in the agenda for the meeting, and which shall indicate which are key decisions and which are not in accordance with the Access to Information Procedure rules set out in part 4 of this Constitution;
- (iv) matters referred to the executive (whether by the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee or by the Council) for reconsideration by the executive in accordance with the provisions contained in the Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules or the Budget and Policy Framework Procedure Rules set out in Part 4 of this Constitution; and
- (v) consideration of reports from overview and scrutiny committees.

2.4 **Consultation**

All reports to the executive from any member of the executive or an officer on proposals relating to the budget and policy framework must contain details of the nature and extent of consultation with stakeholders and relevant overview and scrutiny committees, and the outcome of that consultation. Reports about other matters will set out the details and outcome of consultation as appropriate. The level of consultation required will be appropriate to the nature of the matter under consideration.

2.5 Who can put items on the executive agenda?

- (i) The Leader will decide upon the schedule for the meetings of the executive. He/she may put on the agenda of any executive meeting any matter which he/she wishes, whether or not authority has been delegated to the executive, a committee of it or any member or officer in respect of that matter. The Democratic Services Manager will comply with the Leader's requests in this respect.
- (ii) Any member of the executive may require the Democratic Services Manager to make sure that an item is placed on the agenda of the next available meeting of the executive for consideration. If he/she receives such a request the Democratic Services Manager will comply.
- (iii) The monitoring officer and/or the chief financial officer may include an item for consideration on the agenda of an executive meeting and may require the Democratic Services Manager to call such a meeting in pursuance of their statutory duties. In other circumstances, where any two of the head of paid service, chief financial officer and monitoring officer are of the opinion that a meeting of the executive needs to be called to consider a matter that requires a decision, they may jointly include an item on the agenda of an executive meeting. If there is no meeting of the executive soon enough to deal with the issue in question, then the person(s) entitled to include an item on the agenda may also require that a meeting be convened at which the matter will be considered.

2.6. Quorum – Rules

- 2.6.1 Except when authorised by statute, business shall not be transacted at any meeting of any the executive or its committees unless there is a quorum.
- 2.6.2 If the Leader or other member presiding at the meeting finds that a quorum of members is not present at any time during the meeting, they must adjourn the meeting and the Democratic Services Manager shall record in the minutes of the meeting the names of those who were present and those who were absent.

2.7 Decisions

After each meeting decisions made under the executive's or its committee's powers will be produced and made available to all members of the Council.

Suspension of business at executive and executive committee meetings

2.8. The time limit for meeting and outstanding business

- 2.8.1 No business at any meeting of the executive or its committees shall be transacted after 10 p.m. and any business transacted after that time shall be null and void. At 10 p.m. and without further debate the person presiding at the meeting shall immediately put to the vote any motion or amendment, which has been formally moved and seconded.
- 2.8.2 If any items remain on the agenda to be dealt with, the executive or its committee may decide to:-
 - (i) call a special meeting or refer the remaining items to the next ordinary meeting; or
 - (ii) adjourn the meeting, but only the remaining items may be dealt with at the adjourned meeting. No new items may be put on the agenda and any members not present at the meeting must not attend for the adjourned meeting.

2.9. Voting at meetings:

The mode of voting at all meetings of the executive and its committees shall be determined by a show of hands except where otherwise provided by law.

Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules

(Section revised Cl. April 2006)

1. What will be the number and arrangements for Overview and Scrutiny Committees?

- (a) The Council will have the Overview and Scrutiny Committees set out in Article 6 and Table 1 and will appoint to them, as it considers appropriate from time to time. Such committees may appoint subcommittees. Overview and Scrutiny Committees may also be appointed by the Council for a fixed period and with terms of reference stated when they are appointed, on the expiry of which they shall cease to exist.
- (b) A meeting of the chairmen of all the Overview and Scrutiny Committees shall be held at least once a year.

It will consider and advise the relevant officers on:

- Co-ordination of scrutiny work.
- An overall perspective on Overview and Scrutiny issues.
- Matters of common concern raised by members of Overview and Scrutiny committees.
- Which Overview and Scrutiny Committee should deal with any particular matter where there is an overlap.

2. Who may sit on Overview and Scrutiny Committees?

All councillors except members of the Executive may be members of an Overview and Scrutiny Committee. However, no member may be involved in scrutinising a decision in which he/she has been directly involved.

3. Co-optees

The Council will appoint non-voting co-optees as set out in Table 1.

Each Overview and Scrutiny Committee or Sub-Committee shall be entitled to recommend to Council the appointment of further non-voting co-optees.

4. Education representatives

The Education and Lifelong Learning Overview and Scrutiny Committee dealing with education matters shall include in its membership the following voting representatives:

- (a) One Church of England diocese representative;
- (b) One Roman Catholic diocese representative;
- (c) Two parent governor representatives (one for senior schools and one for primary/nursery schools); and

(d) One representative of persons who appoint foundation governors to voluntary aided Jewish schools.

The Overview and Scrutiny Committee referred to in this paragraph is the Overview and Scrutiny Committee of a Local Education Authority, where the committee's functions relate wholly or in part to any education functions which are the responsibility of the authority's executive. If the Overview and Scrutiny Committee deals with other matters, these representatives shall not vote on those other matters, though they may stay in the meeting and speak. The same applies to any sub-committee it establishes.

5. Meetings of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees

Each Overview and Scrutiny Committee shall meet as frequently as it considers necessary to complete its programme of work.

Meetings will normally be held on the dates reserved for Overview and Scrutiny Committees in the Council's calendar of meetings.

Additional meetings will be arranged by the Democratic Services Manager in consultation with the Chairman.

6. Quorum

The quorum for an Overview and Scrutiny Committee shall be as set out for committees in the Council Procedure Rules in Part 4 of this Constitution.

7. Who chairs Overview and Scrutiny Committee meetings?

Chairmen of overview and scrutiny committees will be appointed by the Council, normally at their Annual Meeting, from among the councillors sitting on the committee. Chairmen of sub-committees will be appointed by the committee that establishes them.

8. Work Programme

The Overview and Scrutiny Committees/Sub-Committees will be responsible for setting their own work programme and in doing so they shall take into account wishes of members on that committee who are not members of the political group or groups forming the administration. The Overview and Scrutiny Committees shall submit their programmes to the Council for approval.

9. Agenda Items

Any member of an Overview and Scrutiny Committee or Sub-Committee shall be entitled to give notice to the Democratic Services Manager that he/she wishes an item relevant to the functions of the Committee or Sub-Committee to be included on the agenda for the next available meeting of the Committee or Sub-Committee. On receipt of such a request the Democratic Services Manager will ensure that it is included on the next available agenda. The Overview and Scrutiny Committees shall also respond, as soon as their work programme permits, to requests from the Council and if it considers it appropriate the Executive to review particular areas of Council activity. Where they do so, the Overview and Scrutiny Committee shall report their findings and any recommendations back to the Executive and/or Council. The Council and/or the Executive shall consider the report of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee at their next available meeting.

10. Policy Review and Development

- (a) The role of the Overview and Scrutiny Committees in relation to the development of the Council's budget and policy framework is set out in detail in the Budget Policy Framework Procedure Rules.
- (b) In relation to the development of the Council's approach to other matters not forming part of its policy and budget framework, Overview and Scrutiny Committee or sub-committees may make proposals to the Executive for developments in so far as they relate to matters within their terms of reference.
- (c) Overview and Scrutiny Committees may hold enquiries and investigate the available options for future direction in policy development and may appoint advisers and assessors to assist them in this process. They may go on site visits, conduct public surveys, hold public meetings, commission research and do all other things that they reasonably consider necessary to inform their deliberations. They may ask witnesses to attend to address them on any matter under consideration and may pay to any advisers, assessors and witnesses an allowance equivalent to the co-opted members financial loss allowance and travelling expenses both in accordance with the Council's Members' Allowances Scheme.

11. Reports from Overview and Scrutiny Committee

- (a) Once it has formed recommendations on proposals for development, the Overview and Scrutiny Committee will prepare a formal report and submit it for consideration by the Executive (if the proposals are consistent with the existing budgetary and policy framework), or to the Council as appropriate (eg if the recommendation would require a departure from or a change to the agreed budget and policy framework).
- (b) If an Overview and Scrutiny Committee cannot agree on one single final report to the Council or Executive as appropriate, then up to one minority report may be prepared and submitted for consideration by the Council or Executive with the majority report.
- (c) The Council or Executive shall consider the report of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee at their next available meeting.

12. Making sure that Overview and Scrutiny Reports are considered by the Executive

The agenda for the Cabinet meeting shall include an item entitled 'Issues arising from overview and scrutiny'. The reports of Overview and Scrutiny Committees referred to the Executive shall be included at this point in the agenda at their next available meeting (unless they have been considered in the context of the executive's deliberations on a substantive item on the agenda).

Where an Overview and Scrutiny Committee or Sub-Committee prepares a report for consideration by the Executive in relation to a matter where decision making power has been delegated to another individual member of the executive, then the overview and scrutiny committee will submit a copy of their report to that individual for consideration. At the time of doing so, the Overview and Scrutiny Committee shall serve a copy on the Leader and the Democratic Services Manager. If the member with delegated decision making power does not accept the recommendations of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee then he/she must then refer the matter to the next available meeting of the Executive for debate before exercising his/her decision making power and responding to the report in writing to the Overview and Scrutiny Committee. The Executive member to whom the decision making power has been delegated will respond to the Overview and Scrutiny Committee within not less than 4 weeks of receiving it. A copy of his/her written response to it shall be sent to the Democratic Services Manager and he/she will attend a future meeting to respond.

13. Rights of Overview and Scrutiny Committee Members to Documents

- (a) In addition to their rights as councillors, members of Overview and Scrutiny Committees have the additional right to documents, and to notice of meetings as set out in the Access to Information Procedure Rules in Part 4 of this Constitution.
- (b) Nothing in this paragraph prevents more detailed liaison between the Executive and Overview and Scrutiny Committee as appropriate depending on the particular matter under consideration.

14. Members and Officers Giving Account

- (a) Any Overview and Scrutiny Committee or Sub-Committee may scrutinise and review decisions made or actions taken in connection with the discharge of any Council functions. As well as reviewing documentation, in fulfilling the scrutiny role, it may require any member of the executive, the Head of Paid Service and any Director or Head of Service or other officer where appropriate to attend before it to explain in relation to matters within their remit:
 - (i) any particular decision or series of decisions;
 - (ii) the extent to which the actions taken implement Council policy; and/or
 - (iii) their performance

and it is the duty of those persons to attend if so required.

- (b) Where any member or officer is required to attend an Overview and Scrutiny Committee under this provision, the Democratic Services Manager shall inform the member or officer in writing giving notice of the meeting at which he/she is required to attend. The notice will state the nature of the item on which he/she is required to attend to give account and whether any papers are required to be produced for the committee. Where the account to be given to the committee will require the production of a report, then the member or officer concerned will be given sufficient notice to allow for preparation of that documentation.
- (c) Where, in exceptional circumstances, the member or officer is unable to attend on the required date, then the overview and scrutiny committee shall in consultation with the member or officer arrange an alternative date for attendance.

15. Attendance by Others

An Overview and Scrutiny Committee may invite people other than those people referred to in paragraph 14 above to address it, discuss issues of local concern and/or answer questions. It may, for example, wish to hear from residents, stakeholders and members and officers in other parts of the public sector and shall invite such people to attend.

Attendance is of course entirely optional.

16. Call in

Explanatory Note:

Call in is a statutory process under Section 21 of the Local Government Act 2000. The Council's arrangements exceed the statutory requirement by subjecting all Cabinet decisions automatically to call in, not just "key" decisions as defined in Article 13.03. Call in is a "once only" process, i.e. a decision referred back to the decision taker cannot be called in again unless the decision taker substitutes a new decision that is substantially different from the original decision.

(a) The following procedures will be the sole responsibility of the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

Cabinet Decisions

(b) When a decision is made by the Cabinet, the decision shall be published, including where possible by electronic means, and shall be available at the Town Hall, Hendon, normally within 2 days of being made. The Democratic Services Manager shall include those decisions on the agenda for the next regular meeting of the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee. By this process all Cabinet decisions are automatically called in by the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee. The decision shall not take effect until that Committee has met.

Other Executive Decisions

(c) When a decision is made by an individual member of the Cabinet or a committee of the Cabinet, or a key decision is made by an officer with delegated authority from the Cabinet or an area committee, the decision shall be published, including where possible by electronic means, and shall be available at the Town Hall, Hendon, normally within 2 days of being made.

The Democratic Services Manager shall send a copy of each decision to all members of the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee and to all Members of the Cabinet.

Each decision will bear the date of publication and will specify the date on which it will come into force and be implemented, not less than 5 working days after publication. Before the expiry of that date any member of the Committee may call in the decision by requesting the Democratic Services Manager to place the decision on the agenda for the next regular meeting of the Committee. The decision shall not take effect until that Committee has met.

If a report has more than one recommendation/decision, the member of the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee must state and specify which decision(s) he or she is calling in.

Attendance at Meeting

(d) For Cabinet decisions called in under Rule 16(b), Members of the Committee should inform the Democratic Services Manager by 4pm on the last working day before the committee's meeting of the specific issues on which they wish to comment and the Cabinet members to attend.

For other Executive decisions called in under Rule 16(c) a Cabinet member shall attend the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee for any item called in and set out on the agenda that is within their responsibilities.

If a Cabinet member is unable to attend the meeting in exceptional circumstances the Leader or Deputy Leader (if one is appointed) shall deal with the item.

Conclusion of business of Cabinet Overview & Scrutiny Committee

 (e) The Cabinet Overview & Scrutiny Committee may not transact any business after 10pm (Section 2 – Committees and Sub-Committees – para 17)

At 9.45pm, if the meeting has not yet concluded and it does not appear that it would otherwise complete its business, the Chairman, without further debate, shall immediately call for a vote on any motion, duly moved and seconded, that any remaining items on the agenda be referred back to the original decision making body or person, or that it be referred to full Council if it is considered that the decision is contrary to the policy framework or budget.

Any motion by a Member to refer a decision back must concisely articulate the Member's reasons for concern about the original decision; the motion to refer back must be voted upon immediately without further debate.

Any matters not dealt with by 10pm will be implemented forthwith.

Reference back

(f) If, having considered a decision on its agenda under (b) or (c) above or a motion under (e) above, the Cabinet Overview & Scrutiny Committee is concerned about it then it may refer it back to the decision making body or person for reconsideration, setting out the nature of its concerns, or refer it to full Council if they consider the decision is contrary to the policy framework or budget.

The Committee shall indicate in the case of decisions with a number of aspects the specific decision that is referred back in order that the remaining decisions may be implemented.

Procedure for decisions referred back

- (g) The Democratic Services Manager shall include those decisions referred to Council on the agenda for the next ordinary meeting of the Council.
- (h) Where a decision is referred back, the original decision maker shall then reconsider the decision and decide whether or not to change it before adopting a final decision.
- (i) If the matter was referred to full Council and the Council does not object to a decision, which has been made, then no further action is necessary and the decision will be effective in accordance with the provision below. However, if the Council does object, it has no locus to make decisions in respect of an Executive decision unless it is contrary to the policy framework, or contrary to or not wholly consistent with the budget. Unless that it is the case, the Council will refer any decision to

which it objects back to the decision-making person or body, together with the Council's views on the decision. That decision-making body or person shall choose whether to amend the decision or not before reaching a final decision and implementing it. Where the decision was taken by the Executive as a whole or a committee of it the Democratic Services Manager shall place it on the agenda for the next regular meeting of the Executive. Where the decision was made by an individual, the individual will reconsider within 5 working days of the Council request.

(j) If the Council does not refer the decision back to the decision-making body or person, the decision will become effective on the date of the Council meeting.

Executive decisions taken by area committees

(k) Where an executive decision has been taken by an area committee then the right of call-in shall extend to any other area committee, which resolves to refer a decision, which has been made but not implemented to the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee for consideration in accordance with these provisions. An area committee may only request the Democratic Services Manager to call-in the decision if it is of the opinion that the decision will have an adverse effect on the area to which it relates. All other provisions relating to call-in shall apply as if the call-in had been exercised by a member of the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

Exceptions

- (I) In order to ensure that call-in is not abused, nor causes unreasonable delay, certain limitations are to be placed on its use. These are:
 - a decision maker can only be asked to reconsider a decision once;
 - day-to-day management and operational decisions taken by officers shall not be subject to any call-in procedure.
 - The Call-in procedure does not apply to recommendations made by the Cabinet to full Council on the budget and policy framework. However, the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee may comment on such recommendations.

Call-in and urgency

(m) The call-in procedure set out above shall not apply where the decision being taken by the executive is urgent. An urgent decision may be exempted from the call-in process.

A decision which, if it were not taken promptly or otherwise delayed by the call-in process, would seriously prejudice the Council's or the public's interests will be regarded as urgent.

The record of the decision shall state whether, in the opinion of the decision-making body or person, it is urgent and therefore should be exempted from call-in.

The Chairman of the Cabinet Overview & Scrutiny Committee must agree that the decision proposed is reasonable in all the circumstance and is urgent.

The Chairman of the Cabinet Overview & Scrutiny Committee must consent to the proposed decision being exempted from call-in.

In the absence of the Chairman of the Cabinet Overview & Scrutiny Committee, consent to exempt a proposed decision from call-in must be obtained:

- From the Vice-Chairman of the Cabinet Overview & Scrutiny Committee; or
- From the Head of Paid Service in the absence of both the Chairman and Vice-Chairman; or
- From the nominee of the Head of Paid Service in the absence of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman and the Head of Paid Service.

For the purposes of granting consent to exempt an urgent decision from call-in, the Head of Paid Service may, if absent, delegate the granting of that consent only to his/ her deputy or another member of the Director's Group.

For the purposes of this Rule, "absence" is deemed to mean:

• Where the individual concerned cannot be contacted by any method of communication or has indicated by formal notice to the Democratic Services Manager that he or she will not be contactable during a specified period.

Urgent decisions treated as exempt from call-in must be reported, with an explanation for the reasons for urgency, to the next available Council meeting.

(o) The operation of the provisions relating to call-in and urgency shall be monitored annually, and a report submitted to Council with proposals for review if necessary.

17. The Party Whip

When considering any matter in respect of which a member of an overview and scrutiny committee is subject to a party whip the member must declare the existence of the whip, and the nature of it before the commencement of the committee's deliberations on the matter. The declaration, and the detail of the whipping arrangements, shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

18. Procedure at Overview and Scrutiny Committee Meetings

- (a) Overview and Scrutiny Committees and Sub-Committees shall consider the following business:
 - (i) minutes of the last meeting;
 - (ii) declarations of interest (including whipping declarations);
 - (iii) consideration of any matter referred to the committee for a decision in relation to call-in of a decision (Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee only);
 - (iv) responses of the Executive to reports of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee; and
 - (v) the business otherwise set out on the agenda for the meeting.
- (b) Where the Overview and Scrutiny Committee conducts investigations (eg with a view to policy development), the Committee may also ask people to attend to give evidence at Committee meetings which are to be conducted in accordance with the following principles:
 - that the investigation be conducted fairly and all members of the committee be given the opportunity to ask questions of attendees, and to contribute and speak;
 - (ii) that those assisting the committee by giving evidence be treated with respect and courtesy; and
 - (iii) that the investigation be conducted so as to maximise the efficiency of the investigation or analysis.
- (c) Following any investigation or review, the committee/sub-committee shall prepare a report, for submission to the executive and/or Council as appropriate and shall make its report and findings public.

19. Matters within the Remit of more than one Overview and Scrutiny Committee

Where an Overview and Scrutiny Committee conducts a review or scrutinises a matter which also falls (whether in whole or in part) within the remit of another Overview and Scrutiny Committee, then the Committee conducting the review shall invite the Chairman of the other Committee (or his/her nominee) to attend its meetings when the matter is being reviewed.

20. Speaking at Executive Meetings

A member of the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee may speak on an item of business on the agenda for a meeting of the Cabinet or a Cabinet Committee subject to:

- 20.1 giving notice to the Leader or Chairman respectively at least 15 minutes before the start of the meeting;
- 20.2 the Leader or Chairman respectively giving his or her consent; and
- 20.3 the effective conduct of the business of the meeting not being prejudiced.

Explanatory Note – Speaking at Executive meetings

Although the rule says only 15 minutes notice is required, it is courteous and good practice to ensure the Leader or Chairman knows of your request in good time and is able to discuss any concerns with you. The Leader or Chairman is unlikely to withhold consent to any reasonable requests that would not interfere with the effective conduct of the business of the meeting. For example, your request could be refused if a large number of members have requested to speak on the same item.

A note sent the day before the meeting or message left on the answer phone or at an e-mail address on the day of the meeting is unlikely to reach the Leader or Chairman in time. Unless the Leader or Chairman receives the message, notice has not been given.

21. Application of Committees and Sub-Committees Rules to Overview and Scrutiny Committee Meetings

The following rules contained within Section 2 of Part 4 of the Constitution shall apply to Overview and Scrutiny Committees. Rule 17 of below will not apply to the Cabinet Overview and Scrutiny Committee, as Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rule 16(e) deals with this point.

1	Substitute Members and Quorum
2	Substitute Members – Rules
4	Quorum – Rules
5	Chairman of Meetings
6	Minutes
8	Councillors' rights to attend meetings where they are not a
	member of the committee or sub-committee
9	Councillors' rights to speak at committees or sub-committees
	when they are not a member
10	Personal and prejudicial interests
11	Disorderly conduct
12	Validity of Motions and amendments
13	Motions which may be moved during debate
14	Decisions
16	Reports of Sub-Committees and Panels
17	The time limit for meeting and outstanding business
18	Voting at meetings
19	Members dissent
20	Voting on appointments

CABINET OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

(Amended Council 17 May 2005)

Membership

10 Non-executive Councillors

Terms of Reference

1. Scrutinising Cabinet and other Executive decisions as appropriate before they are implemented by means of the call-in arrangements in Rule 16 of the Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules.

RESOURCES, PERFORMANCE AND PARTNERSHIPS OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Membership

10 Non-executive Councillors

Terms of Reference

To perform the scrutiny role in relation to:

- 1. The overall performance, effectiveness and value for money of Council services, including the planning, implementation and outcomes of all corporate improvement strategies;
- 2. The effectiveness of the Council's partnerships in furthering the Council's community and corporate plans, communication and public consultation;
- 3. The robustness of Best Value reviews and implementation of Best Value improvement plans;
- 4. The Council's Information and Communications Technology systems including e-government, investment, implementation and service delivery.
- 5. Scrutinising the Council's annual budget process, reviewing and scrutinising its performance in relation to budget management, and assisting the Council in developing the three-year budget strategy.
- 6. The financial management of resources available to the Council including property and asset acquisitions and disposals, reviewing the council-wide property and asset strategy and the capital investment programme.
- 7. The promotion of customer care and the development of community involvement with all aspects of the Council's work;
- 8. The fulfillment of the Council's duties as employer including recruitment and retention, personnel, pensions and payroll services, staff development, equalities and health and safety.

Additionally, and in so far as relating to matters within its remit, to perform the overview and scrutiny role in relation to:

- The Council's leadership role in relation to diversity and inclusiveness; and
- The fulfilment of the Council's duties as employer including recruitment and retention, personnel, pensions and payroll services, staff development, equalities and health and safety

FIRST CLASS EDUCATION AND CHILDREN OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Membership

10 Non-executive Councillors3 voting voluntary-aided school representatives2 voting parent governor representatives

Terms of Reference

To perform the Overview and Scrutiny role in relation to:

- 1. The Council's functions as an education authority including raising and enhancing standards in schools, services to schools, Early Years Provision and the Youth Service for clients up to the age of 19;
- 2. The provision of opportunities for ongoing education, skills development and training including adult education and literacy;
- 3. Services for children, young people and their families including Children's Social Services, the Council's corporate parenting role, the Youth Offending Team and the Youth Justice Plan.
- 4. Local NHS services and health-related issues which impact upon the health of Barnet children and young people aged up to 18, in accordance with the powers granted under Section 7 of the Health and Social Care Act 2001.
- 5. Cultural and recreational services including sports and leisure facilities, libraries, arts, museums, countryside sites and public events;
- 6. Any other:
 - non-educational issues relevant to supporting vulnerable children and young people in Barnet or improving their life chances, directly or in partnership with others;
 - issues relevant to the provision and development of first class education and lifelong learning in Barnet, directly or in partnership with others;
 - issues relevant to the promotion and development of culture, recreation, sport and tourism, directly or in partnership with others.

Additionally, and in so far as relating to matters within its remit, to perform the overview and scrutiny role in relation to:

Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules - 13

- The Council's leadership role in relation to diversity and inclusiveness; and
- The fulfilment of the Council's duties as employer including recruitment and retention, personnel, pensions and payroll services, staff development, equalities and health and safety.

CLEANER, GREENER, TRANSPORT AND DEVELOPMENT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Membership

10 Non-executive Councillors

Terms of Reference

To perform the overview and scrutiny role in relation to:

- 1. Development and management of the environment including the Council's functions in relation to roads and pavements, refuse and recycling, street cleansing, graffiti removal, street lighting, waterways, green spaces, parks trees and allotments;
- 2. Transportation services and transport planning;
- 3. The Council's environmental health and consumer protection functions;
- 4. The Council's role in relation to regeneration and development including economic and strategic development, building and property construction, town centre regeneration and associated matters;
- 5. The functions of the Council as local planning authority including planning policy and development control;
- 6. The Council's property, design and building control services;
- 7. The Unitary Development Plan (UDP), Section.106 Agreements and Local Development Frameworks.
- 8. Any other issues relevant to the promotion of a cleaner greener Barnet, directly or in partnership with others.

Additionally, and in so far as relating to matters within its remit, to perform the overview and scrutiny role in relation to:

- The Council's leadership role in relation to diversity and inclusiveness; and
- The fulfilment of the Council's duties as employer including recruitment and retention, personnel, pensions and payroll services, staff development, equalities and health and safety.

SUPPORTING THE VULNERABLE IN OUR COMMUNITY OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Membership

10 Non-executive Councillors

Terms of Reference:

To perform the Overview and Scrutiny role in relation to:

- 1. Community care services for older people and vulnerable adults including those who have physical disabilities, sensory impairment, learning disabilities, mental health needs or other special needs, and such preventative, advice and advocacy (including welfare rights), transport, respite and other services as may be needed to help people remain independent in their own homes;
- 2. The promotion of effective partnerships with health and other agencies in the public, private and voluntary sectors to support the above.
- 3. Local NHS services and health-related issues which impact upon the health of adult Barnet residents aged 18 and over, in accordance with the powers granted under section 7 of the Health and Social Care Act 2001.
- 4. Any other issues relevant to supporting vulnerable adults in the community or promoting good health in Barnet, directly or in partnership with others.

Additionally, and in so far as relating to matters within its remit, to perform the overview and scrutiny role in relation to:

- The Council's leadership role in relation to diversity and inclusiveness; and
- The fulfilment of the Council's duties as employer including recruitment and retention, personnel, pensions and payroll services, staff development, equalities and health and safety.

TACKLING CRIME AND HOUSING OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Membership

- 10 Non-executive Councillors
- 2 Non-voting co-opted tenant representatives appointed by Barnet Housing Consultative Panel

Terms of Reference

To perform the Overview and Scrutiny role in relation to:

1. The supply and development of social housing in the borough with associated environmental, neighbourhood and social facilities, in partnership with other housing providers;

- 2. The assessment of housing need, allocation of housing resources, provision of services for people who are homeless and prevention of homelessness, including the role of the public, voluntary and private housing sectors;
- 3. The arm's length management, maintenance and improvement of the Council's housing stock by Barnet Homes, in consultation with tenants and leaseholders;
- 4. The operation of the housing benefits service;
- 5. The development, promotion and management of all aspects of community safety, including the various roles of the council, the police and other public agencies, the business and voluntary sectors and the wider community;
- 6. Any other issues relevant to the Council's functions as a housing authority or tackling crime and anti-social behaviour in the borough, directly and in partnership with others.

Additionally, and in so far as relating to matters within its remit, to perform the Overview and Scrutiny role in relation to:

- The Council's leadership role in relation to diversity and inclusiveness; and
- The fulfilment of the Council's duties as employer including recruitment and retention, personnel, pensions and payroll services, staff development, equalities and health and safety.

(Amended April 2007)

Financial Regulations govern the way the council undertakes financial forward planning, annual budget setting, budget monitoring and closing of the accounts - setting out the responsibilities of Council, Cabinet (and Cabinet Committees), the Chief Finance Officer, Directors, Heads of Service and Cost Centre Managers. These aspects are set out in Part 1 (Financial Management).

Financial Regulations also govern the way day to day financial administration is conducted and financial controls are exercised. These aspects are set out in Part 2 (Financial Administration).

Financial Regulations are supported by other elements of the Council Constitution, in particular:-

- Scheme of Delegation
- Budget & Policy Framework Procedure Rules •
- Contract Procedure Rules
- Management of Real Estate, Property and Land (formerly Rules on the Disposal of • Land and Property - change to title subject to the decision of the Special Committee on this matter, which is also on the agenda for consideration).

Part 1 – Financial Management

- 1 Medium Term Financial Strategy
- 2 Financial Forward Planning
- 3 Annual Budget Setting
- 4 Budget Management & Monitoring
 - Latest Approved Budget
 - Budget Monitoring
 - Central Contingency
 - Reporting to Members
 - Authorisation of Non-Budgeted Expenditure
- 5 Further Responsibilities of Directors and Heads of Service
 - Budget Monitoring
 - External Funding
 - Full Year Effects
 - Impact on Other Services
 - Partnership Working
 - General Requirements
- 6 Closing of Accounts & Statement of Accounts
- 7 Treasury Management Framework
- 8 Pension Fund Management

1 MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL STRATEGY

- 1.1 The Medium Term Financial Strategy, approved by Cabinet, sets out the Executive's approach on a range of issues, including:-
 - the way in which corporate service priorities are considered as part of the council's capital and revenue budget processes;
 - the level of balances and reserves (having taken account of advice from the Chief Finance Officer);
 - the approach to bidding for external funding;
 - the setting of fees and charges;
 - the management of financial risks;
 - the recovery of debt.

1.2 The Medium Term Financial Strategy will normally be approved by Cabinet at the start of each four year municipal term, and be updated annually or sooner if there is a need to respond to significant changes in resource and/or expenditure assumptions.

2 FINANCIAL FORWARD PLANNING

- 2.1 The Chief Finance Officer, in consultation with the Cabinet Member with responsibility for Resources, will maintain a Financial Forward Plan that covers a period of at least four financial years, including the current financial year.
- 2.2 The Financial Forward Plan will be produced in line with the Medium Term Financial Strategy and reported in conjunction with the annual budget, council tax and rent proposals to Cabinet and Council before 11 March of the preceding financial year. Further updates on the Financial Forward Plan may be reported during the year.
- 2.3 The Financial Forward Plan will cover revenue and capital budgets, and will highlight how resources are being re-directed to address Corporate Plan priorities.
- 2.4 In respect to resources, the Financial Forward Plan will take account of the following:-
 - forecasts of formula and specific grants;
 - increases in fees and charges, and the introduction of new charges;
 - interest earnings;
 - levels of reserves and balances;
 - increased income from rents and council tax;
 - capital receipts and grants.
- 2.5 In respect to expenditure, the Financial Forward Plan will take account of the following:-
 - full year effects of previous decisions;
 - changes in responsibility arising from new or amended legislation or regulations, net of increased income from new fees and charges;
 - re-direction of resources to achieving Corporate Plan priorities and targets and away from non priority areas;
 - forecast changes in service demand;
 - forecasts of inflation, pay awards and interest rates;
 - efficiency savings;
 - planned service reductions;
 - prudential borrowing;
 - financial risks.

2.6 In that the Financial Forward Plan has a four year horizon it is to be expected that figures in later years will often be preliminary estimates and/or aspirations of future decisions and changes in council policy.

3 ANNUAL BUDGET SETTING

- 3.1 The Executive will publish a draft budget and performance management plans for consultation, usually after the Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement has been announced. Arrangements for budget consultation will be determined by the Executive.
- 3.2 The Chief Finance Officer will set the council taxbase for tax-setting purposes before 31 January of the preceding financial year, and notify precepting and levying bodies of this figure by this date. The Chief Finance Officer will, at the same time, notify all Council Members.
- 3.3 The Executive will finalise its recommendations to Council on the revenue budget, council tax, capital programme and rent levels taking account of the results of budget consultation. This will normally be in February, following announcement of the Final Local Government Finance Settlement.
- 3.4 The Executive's recommendations to Council must be made in time for Council to set the capital and revenue budget and council tax before 11 March of the preceding financial year.
- 3.5 The budget and capital programme that the Executive recommends to Council must be based on reasonable estimates of expenditure and income, and take account of:-
 - outturn forecasts for the current year;
 - guidance from the Chief Finance Officer on the appropriate level of reserves, balances and contingencies;
 - financial risks associated with proposed budget developments, reductions and ongoing projects;
 - forecasts of capital receipts;
 - affordability of prudential borrowing over the period of the council's financial forward plan;
 - recommendations from the external auditor on matters such as the level of reserves and provisions.
- 3.6 The budget recommended by the Executive will incorporate the latest projection of income from fees and charges.
- 3.7 Directors and Heads of Service may approve changes to fees and charges annually where the change is broadly in line with inflation. The date for annual increases need not be 1 April.

3.8 Cabinet Resources Committee must approve changes to fees and charges that are significantly different from inflation, the introduction of new fees and charges, and charges to fees and charges outside the normal annual cycle.

Alternative Budget Motions

- 3.9 Alternative budget motions must be validated by the Chief Finance Officer before they are accepted as a valid budget motion. This is essential since if an alternative budget motion is approved, the Chief Finance Officer will need to amend the council tax bills immediately following the Council meeting and Cabinet and officers will be required to implement the detailed budget proposals.
- 3.10 The alternative budget motion must set out the appropriate changes to Cabinet's recommendations as they affect the budget for the forthcoming year and any element of the Financial Forward Plan (e.g. balances, full year effects, council tax levels). The Chief Finance Officer may also require further information to be included if he/she considers it will improve the Council's understanding of the financial implications in the forthcoming or future years.
- 3.11 Any Member proposing to put an alternative budget motion to Council is responsible for ensuring it is received by the Democratic Services Manager in line with the deadline set out in Part 4, Section 1 of the Constitution. It is also their responsibility to ensure they give the Chief Finance Officer sufficient time to fully validate their alternative budget proposals.

4 BUDGET MANAGEMENT & MONITORING

Latest Approved Budget

- 4.1 The latest approved budget for a service or capital project is the budget determined by Council prior to the start of the year, as amended subsequently by approved variations throughout the year in accordance with the "Scheme of Virement".
- 4.2 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for maintaining the latest approved budget.
- 4.3 It is envisaged that the Scheme of Virement for revenue and capital budgets will be determined by the Leader as part of the scheme of delegation. If this is not done, the Chief Finance Officer must determine a scheme in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Resources.

Budget Monitoring – General

4.4 Directors and Heads of Service should ensure that their cost centre managers do not enter into commitments before satisfying themselves there is sufficient approved budget provision. Directors and Heads of Service have no authority to overspend revenue or capital budgets, or under-recover income budgets under their control, and are responsible for monitoring their budgets to ensure this situation does not arise.

- 4.5 Directors and Heads of Service are required to notify the Chief Finance Officer of all underspends, over-recovery of income or windfall benefits arising within their revenue and capital budgets. Where these occur they should in the first instance be returned to central contingencies unless regulations specify restrictions on their use which make this inappropriate or the underspend, additional income or windfall is to be used to offset uncontrollable overspends elsewhere within the service. Where these exceptions occur, the Director or Head of Service is responsible for notifying the Chief Finance Officer that this is to occur.
- 4.6 Directors and Heads of Service must notify the Chief Finance Officer of forecast revenue budget or capital project overspends regardless of whether offsetting savings or additional income or capital resources have been identified.

Budget Monitoring – Revenue

- 4.7 Having notified the Chief Finance Officer of a forecast revenue budget overspend, the Director or Head of Service must submit proposals to the Chief Finance Officer for offsetting the forecast overspend, together with an assessment of the impact these corrective actions will have on service delivery and performance targets. Approval to these budget variations will be in line with the Scheme of Virement (see 4.3).
- 4.8 When notifying the Chief Finance Officer of such a situation, Directors and Heads of Service must advise if the problem relates solely to the current financial year or needs to be addressed within the financial forward plan as well.
- 4.9 Some services or projects within the council's budget and capital programme may be wholly or part funded by time-limited external funding. As soon as the possibility of expenditure slipping past the funding deadline is forecast, the cost centre / project manager must notify the Chief Finance Officer immediately, and provide options for reducing expenditure and/or identifying alternative funding. It should not be assumed that the loss of external funding arising from expenditure slipping will be met from central resources.

Budget Monitoring - Capital

- 4.10 Forecast overspends on approved capital projects must be communicated to the Chief Finance Officer immediately
- 4.11 Having notified the Chief Finance Officer, the Director or Head of Service must submit options to the Chief Finance Officer for offsetting the forecast overspend (e.g. by reducing the project specification, or budget for other projects) and/or identifying additional funding.
- 4.12 Due to the uncertainty around the generation and timing of capital receipts, and the impact that delays could have on the level of prudential borrowing, project managers must obtain the prior approval of the Chief Finance Officer before entering into any individual capital commitment on an approved capital project over £500,000.

Central Contingency

- 4.13 The Chief Finance Officer will determine which budget developments are to be held within the central contingency.
- 4.14 Allocations from the central contingency relating to <u>planned</u> developments will be approved by the Chief Finance Officer, in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Resources, following the receipt from a Director or Head of Service of a fully costed proposal to incur expenditure that is in line with planned development (including full year effect). Where there is a significant increase in the full year effect, the contingency allocation must be approved by Cabinet Resources Committee.
- 4.15 Allocations from the central contingency for <u>unplanned</u> expenditure up to £250,000, including proposals to utilise underspends previously generated within the service and returned to central contingency, will be approved by the Chief Finance Officer in consultation with the Cabinet Member with responsibility for Resources. Where there are competing bids for use of underspends, additional income or windfalls previously returned to central contingency, priority will be given to the service(s) that generated that return.
- 4.16 Allocations for <u>unplanned</u> expenditure over £250,000 must be approved by Cabinet Resources Committee.

Reporting to Members

- 4.17 The Chief Finance Officer will report to each and every ordinary Cabinet Resources Committee on the revenue and capital budgets and prudential borrowing indicators.
- 4.18 Reports on the revenue budget will normally include:-
 - a revised forecast outturn;
 - advice from the Chief Finance Officer on whether action is required to address any diminution in reserves and, if necessary, proposals and/or options for action that needs to be taken.
- 4.19 These reports will make recommendations for varying the approved budget (revenue and capital) in the following circumstances:-
 - allocations from the central contingency for unplanned expenditure over £250,000, or for planned expenditure where there are significant full year effects;
 - underspends and windfall benefits returned to the centre;
 - increases in service revenue budgets where overspends are considered unavoidable and cannot be contained within the overall budget managed by a Director or Head of Service;
 - variations in capital project budgets;
 - additions to the capital programme outside of the main budget cycle.

Authorisation of Non-Budgeted Expenditure

- 4.20 In cases of urgency or emergency, the Chief Executive may approve revenue or capital expenditure in excess of the latest approved budget.
- 4.21 The Chief Finance Officer may approve revenue or capital expenditure not provided for within the latest approved budget if satisfied that:-
 - the expenditure is wholly reimbursable to the Council; or
 - compensatory savings have been identified;

and

• there are no significant full year effects.

In all circumstances, the expenditure must be consistent with the Corporate Plan and key priority plans.

5 FURTHER RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND HEADS OF SERVICE

Budget Monitoring

- 5.1 Directors and Heads of Service must establish arrangements for managing revenue and capital budgets within their services. These arrangements must include:-
 - schemes of delegation, which set out the authority that cost centre managers and capital project managers have for taking budget decisions (within the corporate scheme of virement); The scheme of delegation must also include levels of responsibility for committing expenditure and responsibility for the identification and collection of income due to the authority, control of Contracts, HR establishment lists and staff recruitment;
 - a budget monitoring framework that reports back to service management teams, enabling Directors and Heads of Service to provide the Chief Finance Officer with a report on their revenue and capital budgets in accordance with the timetable he/she sets;
 - details of who has authority to take decisions in respect to their service's budget in their absence.

External Funding

- 5.2 External funding covers bids to Government and other organisations that are offering funding for projects that meet certain criteria. It also covers contributions being sought from participating organisations and individuals.
- 5.3 Directors and Heads of Service must provide the Chief Finance Officer with details of all bids for external funding. In particular, the following information must be provided:-
 - how the bid supports achievement of Corporate Plan targets;

- whether the bid is for capital and/or revenue funding;
- revenue and capital matched funding contributions required from the council, and how these will be identified;
- revenue and capital matched funding contributions required from other organisations and individuals, how these amounts will be secured, and the risks associated with them;
- an 'exit strategy', which sets out how budgets will be adjusted after the grant expires;
- where the bid is for revenue funding:-
 - whether this is to support existing levels of activity or enhanced / new activities;
 - proposals for reducing the activity OR incorporating it in the base budget once the external funding is exhausted;
- where the bid is for capital funding :-
 - whether an asset will be created, and if so, how this fits in with the council's Asset Management Strategy;
 - how the ongoing cost of maintaining the asset will be funded;
 - whether the asset can / will be disposed of at a later date.
- 5.4 Directors and Heads of Service must not commit expenditure on projects requiring matched funding contributions until the external funding has been confirmed, unless approval has been given by the Chief Finance Officer. Decisions to proceed ahead of confirming external funding will be taken after assessing all relevant risks. The Chief Finance Officer has the right to refer the decision to the Cabinet Resources Committee or Cabinet Member for Resources.
- 5.5 Directors and Heads of Service must advise the Chief Finance Officer of all grant and subsidy notifications as soon as they are received. Where the amount notified is greater than the budget, the excess will be deemed a windfall and should in the first instance be returned to the central contingency unless regulations specify restrictions on their use which make this inappropriate or the underspend, additional income or windfall is to be used to offset uncontrollable overspends elsewhere within the service. Where the amount notified is less than the budget, the Director or Head of Service must notify the Chief Finance Officer of options for containing any potential overspend.
- 5.6 Where external funding is applied for, it is the responsibility of the Director or Head of Service to ensure that the monies are received from the paying body and, wherever possible, received ahead of the planned expenditure being incurred by the council.

5.7 Directors and Heads of Service must ensure that all conditions associated with external funding are met and that information required to complete grant and subsidy claims is provided on time.

Full Year Effects

5.8 In preparing any estimates of expenditure and income, Directors and Heads of Service must give proper consideration to full year effects.

Control of Establishment Lists

5.9 Directors and Heads of Service are responsible for making arrangements to ensure control of the service HR Establishment list. In particular to ensure that proper controls are in place to ensure that the service HR structure is fully and accurately maintained in SAP and that a system of control is in place to ensure that no new posts are created without adequate resources being in place.

Impact on Other Services

5.10 Before a Director or Head of Service makes a decision that could affect the budget of another Director or Head of Service they must first consult with the other Director(s) or Head(s) of Service.

Statement of Internal Control

5.11 Directors and Heads of Service must support the work on corporate risk management led by the Executive Director for Resources, contributing to the production of the annual Statement of Internal Control that has to be published alongside the Statement of Accounts.

Partnership Working

5.12 Before entering into a partnership with another organisation that involves pooling some of the council's revenue and/or capital budgets, the Director or Head of Service must ensure that adequate financial controls are in place. A financial risk assessment must also be prepared and monitored over time.

General Requirements

- 5.13 Directors and Heads of Service must consult the Chief Finance Officer at an early stage on any current or future matter or decision that has financial implications that are not incorporated in the Financial Forward Plan or could impact on the Medium Term Financial Strategy.
- 5.14 Directors and Heads of Service must adhere to guidance issued by the Executive Director for Resources and Chief Finance Officer in respect to financial forward planning, budget setting, budget monitoring and closing of the accounts.

6 CLOSING OF ACCOUNTS & STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

- 6.1 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for making arrangements for closing the accounts and producing the annual Statement of Accounts, as well as all matters relating to their audit and public inspection.
- 6.2 The Statement of Accounts will be prepared in accordance with the CIPFA Code of Accounting Practice, which includes the deadline for their production and the requirement to include a Statement on Internal Control (SIC).
- 6.3 Directors and Heads of Service must provide on time any information the Chief Finance Officer requires to close the accounts and complete all grant and subsidy claims.
- 6.4 In closing the accounts, the Chief Finance Officer may amend the originally approved funding of revenue and capital services and projects if this is to the council's financial benefit.
- 6.5 The Annual Audit Letter includes the external auditor's report and opinion on the audit of the accounts, as well as comments and recommendations on the council's financial standing, the legality of financial transactions and internal control. This will be reported each year to the Audit Committee, together with an appropriate action plan.

7 TREASURY MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

- 7.1 The Council adopts the key recommendations contained in "The Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities - Interim Guidance & Notes Supplement" (CIPFA, February 2004), "Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice" (CIPFA, 2001) and any subsequent recommended good practice by CIPFA.
- 7.2 Cabinet Resources Committee will create and maintain a Treasury Management Policy Statement (TMPS), stating the policies and objectives of its treasury management activities.
- 7.3 The Chief Finance Officer will create and maintain suitable Treasury Management Practices (TMPs), setting out the manner in which the Authority will seek to achieve those policies and objectives, and prescribing how it will manage and control those activities.
- 7.4 Cabinet Resources Committee will receive reports on its treasury management policies, practices and activities, including an annual strategy and plan in advance of the year, and an annual report after its close in the form prescribed in the TMPs. These reports will incorporate the prudential borrowing limits and performance indicators.
- 7.5 The Chief Finance Officer has the delegated authority to undertake long term borrowing on behalf of the Authority and will issue a Delegated Powers Report immediately after this power is exercised to inform Members.

8 PENSION FUND MANAGEMENT

- 8.1 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for:-
 - appointing pension fund investment managers, independent investment advisors and any other external advisors or administrators in respect to pension fund investment management;
 - producing and publishing a Funding Strategy Statement;
 - recommending a Statement of Investment Principles to the General Functions Committee, after consulting first with the Pension Fund Advisory Panel;
 - appointing actuaries;
 - communicating with other employers that are scheduled or admitted bodies as appropriate on aspects of pension fund investment management;
 - keeping under review arrangements for governance of the pension fund, taking into account current best practice guidance.
- 8.2 The Pensions Manager is responsible for:-
 - approving early payment of deferred benefits under regulation 31;
 - exercising discretion not to actuarially reduce deferred benefits paid early under regulation 31, on compassionate grounds or financial hardship grounds;
 - issuing a certificate of protection in pension benefits without an application from the member (Regulation 23 of the 1997 Regulations);
 - determining that a member who has opted out of the Scheme on more than one occasion should be able to rejoin the Scheme (Regulation 7 of the 1997 Regulations);
 - exercising the power to accept late applications (made more than 30 days after return to work or, if does not return to work, 30 days after the date of leaving) from a member who wishes to pay optional contributions for a period of absence (Regulation 18 of the 1997 Regulations);
 - informing a member, who is entitled to a pension or retirement grant under two or more provisions, which provision shall apply (Regulation 34 of the 1997 Regulations);
 - determining that late applications to convert scheme AVCs into a membership credit will be accepted provided such a late claim is not made within one year of attaining NRD or six months after leaving service whichever is the later (Regulation 66 of the 1997 Regulations);
 - determining that any request for the inwards transfer of pension rights made more than 12 months after the member joined the Scheme will only be accepted with the Employer's permission (Regulation 121 of the 1997 Regulations);

- determining that any request for joining previous Scheme membership (either with this Employer and/or with another scheme employer) made more than 12 months after the member rejoined the Scheme will only be accepted with the Employer's permission (Regulation 32 of the 1997 Regulations);
- exercising absolute discretion in determining the recipient(s) of any death grant payable from the Scheme (Regulation 38 of the 1997 Regulations);
- deciding whether to treat education or training as continuous despite a break (Regulation 44 of the 1997 Regulations), for the purpose of determining eligibility for a child's pension;
- communicating with other employers that are scheduled or admitted bodies as appropriate on aspects of pension fund investment management

Part 2 – Financial Administration

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Accounting
- 3 Internal Audit
- 4 Corporate Anti-Fraud Team
- 5 Banking Arrangements
- 6 Security of Assets
- 7 Imprest Accounts
- 8 Income
- 9 Insurance
- 10 Investments, Borrowing, Capital Financing & Trust Accounts
- 11 Ordering of Supplies, Works & Services
- 12 Salaries, Wages & Pensions
- 13 Amenity & Unofficial Funds
- 14 Risk Management

1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 These Financial Management Rules apply to all financial transactions of the Council with the exception of schools with delegated budgets, which have their own set of financial regulations.
- 1.2 They are designed to safeguard the interests of the Council and individual officers by setting out clear procedures to be followed under the various sections.
- 1.3 This should be used in conjunction with other points of the constitution, legal requirements and other codes of practice which may be issued under 1.5 of this section.
- 1.4 The Chief Finance Officer or Head of Internal Audit and Ethical Governance, after discussion with the relevant Chief Officer, may report any breach of this Code to the Cabinet Meeting or Cabinet Resources Committee.
- 1.5 These Financial Management Rules may be supplemented at any time by other codes of practice or instructions issued by the Chief Finance Officer.

2 ACCOUNTING

2.1 All accounting arrangements across the council shall be in a manner approved by the Chief Finance Officer, taking into account best practice guidance issued by relevant external bodies, such as CIPFA and the Audit Commission.

- 2.2 There must be adequate separation of duties to ensure that no one officer is able to handle any financial transaction from start to finish without there being some mechanism for independent checking. By finish is meant the completion of the accounting for the transaction.
- 2.3 All accounting should occur on SAP and any exceptions must be specifically authorised by the Chief Finance Officer.

3 INTERNAL AUDIT

3.1 Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2006 the Council has a statutory obligation to have an adequate and effective system of internal audit. The Head of Internal Audit & Ethical Governance has the delegated authority for providing and maintaining this service.

Objective, Role, Scope and Reporting

- 3.2 The Internal Audit Service is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve the council's operations. It helps the council achieve its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management control and governance processes.
- 3.3 The objective of internal auditing is to assist officers and Members in the effective discharge of their responsibilities. To this end, internal auditing furnishes them with assurance, analyses, appraisals, counsel, and information concerning the activities reviewed and risks not mitigated adequately. This objective includes promoting effective control at reasonable cost.
- 3.4 The role of Internal Audit is to understand the key risks of the Council and to examine and evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of risk management and internal control operated by the Council and service management.
- 3.5 Internal Audit has unrestricted access to all information (including records, computer files, property and personnel) and activities undertaken by the Council, in order to review, appraise and report on:-
 - the adequacy and effectiveness of the systems of financial, operational and management control and their operation in practice in relation to the business risks to be addressed;
 - the extent of compliance with, relevance of, and financial effect of, policies, standards, plans and procedures established by the Council and service management and the extent of compliance with legislation and regulations, including reporting requirements of regulatory bodies;
 - the extent to which the assets and interests are acquired economically, used efficiently, accounted for and safeguarded from losses of all kinds arising from waste, extravagance, inefficient administration, poor value for money, fraud or other cause and that adequate business continuity and risk management strategies exist;

- the suitability, accuracy, reliability and integrity of financial and other management information and the means used to identify, measure, classify and report such information;
- the integrity of processes and systems, including those under development, to ensure that controls offer adequate protection against error, fraud and loss of all kinds; and that the process aligns with the Council's strategic goals;
- the suitability of the organisation of the units audited for carrying out their functions, to ensure that services are provided in a way which is economical, efficient and effective;
- the follow-up action taken to remedy weaknesses identified by Internal Audit review, ensuring that good practice is identified and communicated widely;
- the operation of the Council's Corporate Governance arrangements.

Independence

- 3.6 Internal Audit is independent of the activities audited. Internal Auditors are independent when they can carry out their work freely and objectively. Independence permits internal auditors to render the impartial and unbiased judgements essential to the proper conduct of audits. It is achieved through organisational status and objectivity.
- 3.7 The organisational status of the internal auditing service permits the accomplishment of its audit responsibilities. The Head of Internal Audit & Ethical Governance is responsible to the Corporate Governance Director and has access to the Chief Executive and Audit Committee, thereby promoting independence and ensuring a broad audit coverage, adequate consideration of audit reports, and appropriate action on unmitigated risks reported.
- 3.8 The Head of Internal Audit & Ethical Governance shall be able to meet the Chairman of the Audit Committee alone outside of the normal Audit Committee meetings.
- 3.9 Objectivity is an independent mental attitude which internal auditors maintain in performing audits. Internal auditors do not subordinate their judgement on audit matters to that of others. Drafting procedures for systems, and designing, installing and operating systems are not audit functions. Performing such activities impairs audit objectivity.

Responsibility & Authority

- 3.10 Internal Audit is an integral part of the organisation and functions under the policies established by management and the council.
- 3.11 The purpose, scope, authority and responsibility of the internal auditing service is defined in a formal charter. The charter makes clear the independence of the internal auditing service and emphasises that it must not be restricted when carrying out its responsibilities.

- 3.12 Any suspected irregularity involving any asset, or the exercise of any function, of the Council must be reported by the appropriate Chief Officer to the Head of Internal Audit & Ethical Governance to inform the overall assurance that can be delivered and to Head of the Corporate Anti Fraud Team (CAFT) for investigation. Primary responsibility for the prevention, detection and initial investigation of fraud lies with line management.
- 3.13 The Head of Internal Audit & Ethical Governance and Chief Finance Officer, Head of CAFT or authorised representative, shall have authority to:-
 - enter any Council land or premises;
 - have access to all records, documents, correspondence and assets of the Council;
 - receive such explanations as are necessary concerning any matter under examination, and
 - require any employee of the Council to produce cash, stores or any other Council property under his or her control
- 3.14 The Council's Chief Officers shall have regard to the principles of risk management, and to the Council's risk management policy. It is the responsibility of Internal Audit to review the adequacy and effectiveness of the council's arrangements for risk management.
- 3.15 The Head of Internal Audit & Ethical Governance shall report to the Chairman of the Audit Committee all significant concerns that he may have over the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls and risk management activities within the organisation.

Ethical Governance

- 3.16 The Head of Internal Audit & Ethical Governance shall raise the profile and awareness of governance activities throughout the council and set standards for modern, proactive and cost-effective governance in the Council.
- 3.17 The Head of Internal Audit & Ethical Governance shall provide assurance on the organisation's external governance arrangements.

4 CORPORATE ANTI-FRAUD TEAM

4.1 Under Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1985 the Council has a statutory obligation to ensure the protection of public funds and to have an effective system of prevention and detection of fraud and corruption. The Head of the Corporate Anti-Fraud Team (CAFT) has the delegated authority for providing and maintaining this service.

Objective & Scope

4.2 The CAFT is an independent, objective activity designed to add value and improve the council's operations. It helps the council achieve its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to investigation evaluating and improving the effectiveness of fraud prevention and detection and the subsequent prosecution of individuals and organisations where appropriate.

- 4.3 The objective of the CAFT is to assist officers and Members in the effective discharge of their responsibilities. To this end, the CAFT furnishes them with assurance, analysis, appraisals, recommendations, counsel, and information concerning the activities it is required to become involved with. The objective includes promoting fraud awareness across the authority.
- 4.4 The scope of the CAFT encompasses both the investigation and examination of the effectiveness of the council's systems of fraud control when subject to breach. In carrying out assigned responsibilities, Investigation Officers:-
 - review the reliability and integrity of financial and operating information and the means used to identify, measure, classify, and report such information;
 - provide protocols and systems which ensure accurate reporting of any such fraud (including "Whistleblowing" and a "Fraud Hotline"), create and promote policies, plans, procedures, law, regulations and guidance which have a significant impact on the organisation;
 - provide an effective, efficient and value for money investigation service;
 - provide the organisation, its employees and business partners with a comprehensive guide in areas such as money laundering and other legislation relating to the proceeds of crime.

Independence

4.5 CAFT officers are independent when they can carry out their work so act freely and objectively. Independence permits Investigators to render the impartial and unbiased judgements essential to the proper investigation and conclusion of fraud.

Responsibility & Authority

- 4.6 The primary responsibility for the prevention detection and deterrence of fraud lies with Heads of Service. This responsibility includes ensuring that staff and partners are aware of both the implications of fraud and the risks of fraud across their service area. The primary responsibility for the investigation of any suspected fraud found in a service area lies with the CAFT. All details must be immediately forwarded to the CAFT, to preserve the chain of evidence linked to such investigations within the law.
- 4.7 All Council Members and employees are personally responsible for ensuring they (and any subordinates) are aware of the Council's Counter Fraud Framework, procedures and policies, and for alerting either their Head of Service, Deputy Director of Corporate Governance or the CAFT to any suspected breach.
- 4.8 The Head of the CAFT is the officer designated by the Secretary of State under the provisions of the Social Security & Administration Act 2001 to act as the Authorised Officer in the obtaining of data prescribed within the Act which may otherwise be protected, in connection with the prevention and/or detection of a crime.
- 4.9 The Deputy Director of Corporate Governance and / or the Head of the CAFT are the London Borough of Barnet responsible officers for the authorisation of arrest

and prosecution of offenders including deciding on any appropriate sanction action available within the law. Those officers are responsible for ensuring that all investigations are conducted in accordance with the Criminal Procedures & Investigations Act 1996 (CPIA) the Police & Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE), Human Rights Act 2000.

- 4.10 The Deputy Director of Corporate Governance and/ or the Head of Legal are the designated persons for the authorisation of covert surveillance powers in accordance with Regulation of Investigative Powers Act 2000 (RIPA).
- 4.11 Any suspected irregularity involving fraud/corruption within any function of the Council or its partner organisations or suppliers and contractors must be reported to the CAFT. Responsibility for the subsequent investigation of potential fraud and corruption lies with the CAFT.
- 4.12 The Deputy Director of Corporate Governance, Head of the CAFT, the Chief Finance Officer, or other authorised representative, shall have authority to:-
 - Enter or visit any land, premises, offices or establishments of the Council; and carry out any necessary searches of the aforementioned.
 - have access to, search, and remove any and all records, documents and correspondence, including electronically held correspondence, documents and records, and property and assets of the Council;
 - receive such explanations as are necessary concerning any matter under examination, and / or fraud investigation;
 - require any employee of the Council to produce and surrender any cash, stores, equipment or any other Council property under his or her control
 - interview any and all individuals in connection with investigations including interviews in accordance with the Police & Criminal Evidence Act (on tape).

5 BANKING ARRANGEMENTS

- 5.1 The Chief Finance Officer must approve all banking and card acquiring arrangements across the Council, and must be satisfied with the safe keeping of all controlled banking stationery.
- 5.2 The Chief Finance Officer will maintain a register of all bank and card acquiring contracts.
- 5.3 Cheques drawn on the Council's main bank accounts shall be authorised by the pre-printed title "Chief Finance Officer, London Borough of Barnet".
- 5.4 Cheques above certain financial limits set by the Chief Finance Officer shall be manually countersigned by those designated officers authorised to do so by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 5.5 The Chief Finance Officer will be responsible for ensuring that the Council's banking arrangements are reviewed on a regular basis and that the banking contract is reviewed every three years.

6 SECURITY OF ASSETS

General

- 6.1 Directors and Heads of Service are responsible for the proper security of all buildings, stocks, furniture, equipment and cash etc. within their service. The Chief Executive shall exercise a co-ordinating role on security issues and shall be consulted where it is felt that security is inadequate or in special circumstances.
- 6.2 Maximum limits for cash holdings shall be set by the Chief Finance Officer, which may not be exceeded without prior authority. Areas where cash is counted and held must be secure and with access restricted only to authorised staff.
- 6.3 All keys to safes and the like items shall be carried on the person of the officer responsible. Directors and Heads of Service shall keep a record of key holders. Any loss of keys must be reported to the Director or Head of Service.
- 6.4 Directors and Heads of Service are responsible for the proper security and privacy of all information held in computer systems under their control, for ensuring that these systems can only be accessed by authorised personnel and that adequate controls exist to ensure the separation of duties.
- 6.5 Directors and Heads of Service are responsible for undertaking a risk assessment of all assets considered crucial to the delivery of the service. The risk assessment should cover the loss of the asset caused by malfunction and the possibility of restricted access caused by an emergency crisis and the mitigating actions and contingency plans that will need to be developed to support business continuity.

Land & Property

- 6.6 The Head of Property Services shall maintain an asset register of all properties owned by the Council (except houses and flats provided under the Housing Acts) with those assets valued on a five year cycle.
- 6.7 The asset register will show the service user of the property and link to a database of details of interest and rents payable and tenancies granted.
- 6.8 The Head of Legal shall have secure custody of title deeds and maintain an indexed register of those titles (terrier). The Head of the Information Observatory will maintain a digital map of the extents of the titles.

Other Assets

- 6.9 Directors and Heads of Service must maintain inventories of all assets employed in their service, and make arrangements for these to be checked at least annually.
- 6.10 Any surpluses/deficits in excess of a figure set by the Chief Finance Officer shall be reported to him/her. The Chief Finance Officer shall agree the action to be taken in relation to these differences, including, if necessary reporting to the Cabinet Meeting or Cabinet Committee.
- 6.11 Council assets may only be used for council business, and may only be removed from council premises with the consent of the Director or Head of Service. The officer removing the asset then becomes responsible for the safekeeping of the

asset.

- 6.12 All Council assets shall, wherever possible, be security marked.
- 6.13 Directors and Heads of Service are responsible for the sale or disposal of assets employed in their service, and for accounting for these transactions. All disposals in excess of £6,000 (or a higher figure that is consistent with capital accounting regulations) are to be notified to the Chief Finance Officer.

Stocks & Stores

- 6.14 Directors and Heads of Service are responsible for the safekeeping of stocks and stores held, ensuring no deterioration or damage occurs whilst held and not allowing levels held to exceed a reasonable level. All records, returns and accounts shall be held in a form approved by the Chief Finance Officer and returns will be submitted as and when required.
- 6.15 Stores shall only be issued against properly authorised requisition notes, which shall be receipted by the person collecting the goods.
- 6.16 Unused items returned to stores shall be recorded on a stores return note.
- 6.17 The condition of stocks shall be checked on a regular basis by the Officer responsible for them. Decisions regarding stock that has become obsolete should be made against clearly defined criteria and options for the most cost effective disposal of that stock must be identified.
- 6.18 Directors and Heads of Service must ensure that items classified as stock are checked at least once each financial year.
- 6.19 All surpluses or deficits identified during stock takes shall be entered onto an adjustment record and the appropriate Director or Head of Service, with the agreement of the Chief Finance Officer, may write-off deficiencies or bring surpluses into account. Wherever possible all stock considered for writing off should first be offered for sale. A record of all write-offs and disposals must be maintained. Specialist items such as hazardous chemicals must be disposed of in accordance with relevant safety procedures.
- 6.20 Stock balances must be valued in accordance with the relevant accounting standards, i.e. where applicable lower of historical cost or net realisable value.
- 6.21 The Chief Finance Officer or authorised representative may have access to all stock and stores and may make such checks as thought necessary.

7 IMPREST ACCOUNTS

- 7.1 The Chief Finance Officer must authorise all imprest accounts.
- 7.2 The imprest account holder must:-
 - provide a certificate showing the state of the account at the end of the financial year and additionally when requested by the Chief Finance Officer;
 - only reimburse expenditure up to a limit set by the Chief Finance Officer;

- obtain receipts for all payments made, which should be proper VAT receipts wherever possible;
- properly account for VAT in all float reimbursements;
- not allow the account to be overdrawn and shall arrange for reimbursement at regular intervals;
- not pay any salaries or wages from the account;
- not pay income into the account;
- provide the Chief Finance Officer with a full account for the advance when ceasing to be the imprest account holder.

8 INCOME

- 8.1 Officers should encourage payment in advance or at point of service delivery wherever possible, and minimise the amount of credit given to customers.
- 8.2 All records relating to income due to the Council, accounts raised, and receipts issued shall be in a format agreed by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 8.3 Officers responsible for controlled stationery must keep it secure.
- 8.4 Methods of payment must be agreed by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 8.5 The Chief Finance Officer, or officer nominated by the Chief Finance Officer, may authorise payment by instalments if full payment cannot be obtained immediately.
- 8.6 Officers receiving monies shall keep an accurate and chronological account of all receipts and bankings.
- 8.7 Monies received must be banked on the day of receipt wherever possible, and not later than the next working day. All amounts paid in must be referenced to enable subsequent identification of the accounts to which they relate. All cheques, postal orders etc. shall be crossed with the crossing stamp provided.
- 8.8 No deductions may be made from monies received.
- 8.9 Heads of Service must notify the Chief Finance Officer of all monies due to the Council under contracts, leases or other agreements and the cessation of use or change of user affecting this income.

Invoicing & Debt Recovery

- 8.10 Officers responsible for raising invoices must ensure that VAT has been properly accounted for and that the debt is recorded in a format approved by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 8.11 Officers responsible for the collection of amounts invoiced should only put forward amounts for write-off after all appropriate steps to recover the debts have been exhausted.
- 8.12 A review of every debt should be undertaken at least quarterly.

9 INSURANCE

- 9.1 The Chief Finance Officer is responsible for arranging adequate insurance cover for the Council and keeping comprehensive records of all risks covered.
- 9.2 Directors and Heads of Service must notify the Chief Finance Officer immediately of all new areas of risk and of any change of circumstances likely to affect existing insurance risks.
- 9.3 Any incident which could give rise to an insurance claim must be promptly notified to the Chief Finance Officer by the relevant officer, who shall also inform the Police if appropriate.
- 9.4 The Chief Finance Officer will handle all insurance claims, in conjunction with the Head of Legal and/or the insurance company if proceedings are issued.
- 9.5 Officers must consult the Chief Finance Officer and Head of Legal in all cases where the Council is requested to give an indemnity.
- 9.6 Officers in receipt of a motor vehicle allowance must produce registration documents, insurance policy, certificate of insurance and test certificate if required by the Chief Finance Officer. Insurance policies must be comprehensive and cover use on official business.

<u>Schools</u>

- 9.7 Where funds for insurance are delegated to any school, the Council may require the school to demonstrate that cover relevant to the Council's insurable interests, under a policy arranged by the Governing Body, is at least as good as the relevant minimum cover arranged by the Council if the Council makes such arrangements, either paid for from central funds or from contributions from schools' delegated budgets. The Council will have regard to the actual risks, which might reasonably be expected to arise at the school in question in operating this requirement rather than applying an arbitrary minimum level of cover for all schools.
- 9.8 It is the responsibility of the governing body to ensure adequate arrangements are made for insurance against risks arising from the exercise of the community facilities power, taking professional advice as necessary. Such insurance must not be funded from the school budget share. The school should seek the Authority's advice before finalising any insurance arrangement for community facilities.
- 9.9 The Council is empowered to undertake its own assessment of the insurance arrangements made by a school in respect of community facilities, and if it judges those arrangements to be inadequate, make arrangements itself and charge the resultant cost to the school. Such costs could not be charged to the school's budget share.

10. INVESTMENTS, BORROWING, CAPITAL FINANCING & TRUST ACCOUNTS.

10.1 All investments, except bearer securities, controlled by the Council shall be registered in the Council's name or in the name of nominees approved at a cabinet meeting or by a cabinet committee.

- 10.2 All securities shall be held securely by the Council's bankers, the Chief Finance Officer or custodians approved at a cabinet meeting or by a cabinet committee.
- 10.3 The Chief Finance Officer shall ensure that all borrowing and, whenever applicable trust funds, are registered in the name of the Council.
- 10.4 The Chief Finance Officer will set Prudential indicators, as outlined in the Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities, for the forthcoming and following two financial years. The Chief Finance Officer will also provide regular monitoring reports to cabinet committee and report any breaches or amendments of the code to Council.
- 10.5 The Chief Finance Officer will be the Council's registrar of all stocks and bonds. In addition this officer will maintain a register of all loans and investments made in the name of the Council.
- 10.6 The Chief Finance Officer shall ensure that all legislative amendments and changes in treasury or capital limits are approved at a cabinet meeting or by a cabinet committee and where necessary full Council.
- 10.7 The Chief Finance Officer will be responsible for adopting the changes outlined in 10.6 and ensuring compliance with any amended practices or limits.

11 ORDERING OF SUPPLIES, WORKS & SERVICES

- 11.1 Procurement of supplies, works and services must be in accordance with Contract Procedure Rules.
- 11.2 Directors and Heads of Service must have systems in place to ensure that only authorised officers are allowed to place purchase orders, and that purchase orders are only raised when there is sufficient budget available.
- 11.3 Any procurement activity must follow the relevant steps prior to raising a purchase order:
- 11.3.1 **Supplier Selection** : The authorised officer may contact the supplier(s) by phone and verbally request a quotation but the quotation should be provided in writing or by e-mail. There should be clarity about the requirements and what is expected to be achieved by this purchase. **Value for money** must be established and this is best achieved by obtaining more than one quotation as is indicated in the Contract Procedure Rules in the section of Selecting Contractors.
- 11.3.2 **Quote / Tender evaluation** : Contract Procedure Rules require that all tenders are considered on the basis of the most economically advantageous tender (MEAT) taking into consideration price including payment terms and payment method, quality, durability and other relevant issues. Following receipt, check that it is arithmetically correct and that the requirements have been fully met. The reasons for accepting the quotation must be recorded and agreed with the cost centre manager, providing an audit trail should any queries be raised in the future. If the vendor doesn't exist on SAP, then a new vendor request must be sent to the Corporate Procurement Team (CPT). In addition, Directors and Heads of Service should explore the possibility of early payment discounts with

all suppliers of supplies, works and services. This must be done within the context of the overall Procurement Strategy.

- 11.3.3 **Creation of a purchase Order (PO)** : Once the purchase has been agreed, a purchase order must be raised on SAP.
- 11.3.4 **Payment of an invoice** : Authorised officers must ensure that a purchase order has been raised on the SAP system and successfully communicated to the supplier. Invoices in respect to works, supplies and services will be paid by the Central Accounts Team, but only after the authorising officer has first receipted the supply on SAP.
- 11.3.5 All invoices must reference a valid purchase order number, otherwise the Central Accounts Payable Team reserves the right to refuse payment of an invoice.
- 11.3.6 Only invoices presented in an acceptable format will be passed for payment. This includes invoices that do not comply with VAT Regulations.
- 11.3.7 To enable the council to comply with the Late Payment of Commercial Debts Act, no amended invoices will be accepted. Heads of Service must:-
 - return an invoice to the supplier and seek a new invoice with a revised date, whenever:-
 - the invoice is dated prior to receipt of supplies, works or services and this is contrary to the agreed payment terms;
 - the invoice is incorrect;
 - the invoice does not reference a valid Purchase Order number.
- 11.3.8 when certifying an invoice for payment that was initially disputed, record the date on which the invoice was actually validated.
- 11.3.9 The Central Accounts Payable Team will perform a three-way match against the purchase order, goods receipt and invoice, prior to making a payment. Invoices that do not pass this criteria will be returned to the service for amendment.
- 11.3.10 **Payments in advance** : Directors and Heads of Service, prior to authorising payments in advance, must undertake a risk assessment of the supplier or service provider defaulting. All payments in advance in excess of £100,000 must be notified to the Chief Finance Officer.

12 SALARIES, PENSIONS & ALLOWANCES

- 12.1 All appointments shall be made in accordance with the Council's contractual terms and conditions (i.e. pay, grading, allowances etc).
- 12.2 The Head of HR Shared Services will ensure that arrangements are made to calculate and pay all remuneration, pensions, compensation and other payments to current and former employees.

- 12.3 School Governing Bodies shall be responsible for assessing teachers' remuneration and the Head of HR Shared Services shall maintain teachers' salary and pensions for Schools that purchase the Traded Service.
- 12.4 Directors and Heads of Service must provide to the Head of HR Shared Services:-
 - the names and specimen signatures of all officers authorised to sign HR records;
 - relevant details of appointments, leavers and any other change of circumstances that may affect payment;
 - details of all work related absences due to sickness, accidents on or off duty;
 - details of special leave without pay or other paid/unpaid leave or absence;
 - when required, overtime and certified time-sheets for staff paid at hourly or weekly rates, at intervals and in the format determined by the Head of HR Shared Services.
- 12.5 On an annual basis, the Head of HR Shared Services shall require that each pensioner residing overseas provides a life certificate.
- 12.6 Salaries and wages will be paid direct to the employee's bank account. Pensions and gratuities shall be at the discretion of the Head of HR Strategy. All payments shall be made direct to the person concerned unless that person authorises otherwise.
- 12.7 Payment will be paid on contractual dates. The Head of HR Shared Services has the discretion to change payment date.
- 12.8 All cost centre managers should use SAP to periodically verify correct payments to staff
- 12.9 All claims for payment of car allowances shall be approved through SAP e-forms or through a paper format approved by the Head of HR Strategy. The names of certifying officers and specimens of their signatures shall be forwarded by Directors and Heads of Service to the Head of HR Shared Services. The certifying officer must be satisfied that all expenses claims are valid and that the allowances should be paid by the Council before authorising the payment.
- 12.10 The Chief Finance Officer shall make payments of allowances to Members of the Council, co-opted members and members of the public who attend other Council bodies who are entitled to make such claims on submission of the approved form.
- 12.11 The Director of Corporate Governance is responsible for notifying the Heads of HR of any changes to Members' Allowances.

13 AMENITY & UNOFFICIAL FUNDS

13.1 Amenity or Unofficial Fund relates to all sums of money other than those which are

required to be paid into the Council's General Account (or such other account so authorised by the Chief Finance Officer) or Trust Fund monies outside the authority of the Council.

- 13.2 All accounts shall be opened by the Chief Finance Officer and their names shall include the name of the Borough and the establishment concerned.
- 13.3 Provided the Chief Finance Officer approves and is satisfied with accounting and security arrangements, separate accounts need not be opened for funds of small amounts.
- 13.4 The head of each establishment which sets up such a fund shall inform the relevant Head of Service of its existence (and the Governing Body in the case of schools without delegated budgets).
- 13.5 Responsibility for the administration of the fund shall rest with the head of the establishment and with such other member(s) of staff as that person shall decide.
- 13.6 Expenditure from the fund shall be at the discretion of the establishment head in conjunction with other member(s) of staff as felt necessary.
- 13.7 Cheques shall be signed and countersigned by the head and deputies of the establishment. All transactions above a limit set by the Chief Finance Officer shall be signed by at least two authorised officers.
- 13.8 Auditors shall be appointed by the head of the establishment and the fee (if any) shall be charged to the fund. Where the turnover of the fund exceeds an amount set by the Chief Finance Officer, the fund must be audited by auditors approved by that officer. The Chief Finance Officer shall have the right to inspect the accounts.
- 13.9 At the end of each financial year the head shall submit an audited summary of the fund to the Chief Finance Officer (and Governing Body if appropriate).

14 RISK MANAGEMENT

- 14.1 Sound governance requires effective and efficient management of risk, covering all forms of risk, not just financial.
- 14.2 The process of identifying risks should demonstrate a direct link to the Corporate Objectives.
- 14.3 Risks are assessed using the 3x3 matrix scoring system which rates each risk as having a high, medium or low likelihood of occurring and a high, medium or low impact on the ability to deliver against the Corporate Objectives.
- 14.4 All risks should be monitored and re-assessed based on the actions and activities that either mitigate the risk or have had an impact on the risk objective that has either increased or decreased the likelihood or impact.
- 14.5 The process of re-assessing the risk is conducted by the "lead officer" who is identified in the risk log, and accepted by the Director or Head of Service.

- 14.6 The approach to risk management within Barnet is that Directors and Heads of Service are responsible for ensuring their service has a robust and efficient method of managing risk.
- 14.7 It is the responsibility of Directors and Heads of Service to ensure that risks are identified in their Key Priority Plans and Service Plans and are reviewed on a regular basis.
- 14.8 Directors & Heads of Services are responsible for taking action to mitigate against the risk or to develop contingencies to be introduced should the risk materialise.

Appendix A



Contract Procedure Rules



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1 Introduction

- 1.1 Procurement decisions are among the most important decisions a manager will make because the money involved is public money and the Council is concerned to ensure that high quality supplies, works and services are provided. Efficient use of resources in order to achieve best value is therefore an imperative. The Council's reputation is equally important and should be safeguarded from any imputation of dishonesty or corruption.
- 1.2 For these reasons it is a disciplinary offence to fail to comply with Contract Procedure Rules and the Procurement Code of Practice when letting contracts and Council employees have a duty to report breaches of Contract Procedure Rules to an appropriate senior manager and the Head of Internal Audit and Ethical Governance.
- 1.3 The Contract Procedure Rules provide the framework within which the Council may procure works, supplies and services. The aim of these rules is to:
 - 1.3.1 ensure value for money and propriety in the spending of public money; and
 - 1.3.2 to enable services to deliver effectively and efficiently without compromising the Cabinet's ability to influence strategic decisions.
- 1.4 To ensure the continued effectiveness of the Contract Procedure Rules, the Cabinet Resources Committee may, from time to time, amend the thresholds set out below as deemed appropriate.
- 1.5 Reference should be made to the Procurement Code of Practice for more detailed procurement procedures
- 1.6 The Procurement Code of Practice provides more detail on procurement processes and shall govern Council tendering and contract procedures. The Executive Director for Resources, in consultation with the Chief Finance Officer and the Head of Legal, shall maintain and issue the Procurement Code of Practice. Any procurement activity shall proceed in accordance with the Contract Procedure Rules and Code of Practice.
- 1.7 The Contract Procedure Rules take precedence over the Procurement Code of Practice.



2 **Application and Interpretation**

- 2.1 The Contract Procedure Rules shall apply to all contracts entered into by or on behalf of the Council. Exceptions to the Contract Procedure Rules can be approved by means prescribed by the Leader's Scheme of Delegation, Constitution Part 3 Responsibility for Functions.
- 2.2 Where the Council is entering into a contract as an agent for another public body or government department, these Contract Procedure Rules apply only in so far as they are consistent with the requirements of the body concerned.
- 2.3 The Council may adopt different Contract Procedure Rules for schools.
- 2.4 Unless the context otherwise requires, terms used in these Contract Procedure Rules shall have the meanings ascribed to them as set out in the Glossary of Terms to be found at Section 11.

3 Calculation of Contract Values

- 3.1 Unless otherwise specifically provided, where a value or an estimated value is given in these Contract Procedure Rules it means the aggregate value payable in pounds sterling exclusive of Value Added Tax over the entire contract period, including any form of option and any renewals of the contract.
- 3.2 Directors or Heads of Service must ensure that a pre-tender estimate of anticipated costs is prepared and recorded in writing. Where EU Public Procurement rules apply, Directors or Heads of Service must also ascertain the value of a contract in accordance with those rules.
- 3.3 Contracts must not be artificially under or over estimated or divided into two or more separate contracts where the effect is to avoid the application of Contract Procedure Rules.

4 **Responsibilities of Directors/Heads of Service**

- 4.1 Directors and Heads of Service are responsible for all contracts tendered and let by their service areas. Their duties in relation to contract letting and management are:
 - 4.1.1 to ensure compliance with English, U.K. and EU legislation and Council policy;



- 4.1.2 to ensure value for money in all procurement matters;
 - 4.1.3 to ensure compliance with the Contract Procedure Rules and the Procurement Code of Practice;
 - 4.1.4 to maintain a service scheme of delegation, in accordance with Constitutional Requirements;
 - 4.1.5 to ensure that all relevant staff are familiar with the provisions of the Contract Procedure Rules and the Procurement Code of Practice and that they receive adequate training on their operation;
 - 4.1.6 to ensure compliance with any guidelines issued in respect of these Contract Procedure Rules;
 - 4.1.7 to take immediate action in the event of a breach of the Contract Procedure Rules or the Procurement Code of Practice within their directorate or service area;
 - 4.1.8 to ensure that all existing and new contracts anticipated during the forthcoming financial year are clearly itemised in the Budget supporting documentation;
 - 4.1.9 to keep proper records, of all contracts, tenders etc. including minutes of tender evaluation panels and other meetings which may be inspected by a member of the Council at any time during office hours;
 - 4.1.10 to make appropriate arrangements for the opening of tenders and their secure retention so as to protect the integrity of the tendering process;
 - 4.1.11 to submit to the Executive Director for Resources' Corporate Procurement Team tender forms and Gateway Review Forms as required by the Contract Procedure Rules;
 - 4.1.12 to ensure original contract documents are forwarded to the Head of Legal for safekeeping;
 - 4.1.13 to keep a register of all contracts over £25,000, which may be inspected by a member of the Council at any time during office hours;
 - 4.1.14 to ensure effective management and monitoring during the lifetime of all contracts in their areas;
 - 4.1.15 to seek and act upon advice from the Head of Legal, the Chief Finance Officer and the Executive Director for Resources where necessary to ensure compliance with these responsibilities;



4.1.16 to keep records of waivers of any provision of these Contract Procedure Rules.

5 Authorisation & Acceptance Procedures

Authorisation Principles

"**Authorisation**" is the approval required before quotations or tenders for a good, service or works may be sought.

- 5.1 The aim is to speed up the procurement process by removing unnecessary bureaucracy in this case, a duplication of the authorisation process.
- 5.2 Any contract, including additions, extensions and variations, which has been included in a directorate or service's Budget and supporting plans and strategies or any other Committee approved plan is deemed as authorised irrespective of value.
- 5.3 Any contract which has not been Authorised as set out in 5.2 must be Authorised as set out in Table 5-1.

Acceptance Principles

"**Acceptance**" is the approval of the final terms and conditions for the purchase of supplies, services or works.

- 5.4 The aim is to speed up the process by allowing, where possible, the acceptance of tenders to be delegated to a level of authority lower than that required for Authorisation. This recognises that in most instances, the influencing decision is at the Authorisation stage, not at the point of Acceptance.
- 5.5 Table 5-1 sets out the Authorisation and Acceptance thresholds.



Table 5-1: Authorisation (where not previously Authorised by the Budget and supporting plans and strategies) and Acceptance Thresholds for Works, Supplies and Services

Level of authority	Contract Value*					
for Authorisation and Acceptance	Up to £24,999	£25,000 to £74,999	£75,000 to £143,999*	£144,000 to* £499,999	£500,000 and above	
Authorisation by:						
(based on estimated contract value)	Director/Head of Service		Cabinet Member	Cabinet Committee		
Acceptance** by:	Director/Head of Service Where tender/quotation is lowest or where tender/quotation		Director/Head of	Cabinet Member		
(based on actual			Service	Where tender is		
contract value)			Where tender is lowest price	lowest or where tender represents		
			Cabinet Member	value for money and is the best available		
represents value for money is the best available option the Council		money and option for	Where tender represents value for money and is the best available option for the Council.	option for the Council, and the tender value is no more than 25 percent above the lowest priced tender.		
** Notes on	1. Accepta	ance of con	tracts in all c	ases is subject to:		
Acceptance:	a) budgetary provision existing;					
	b) the usu	al enquiries	s as to financ	ial status.		
	2. Director/Heads of Service and Cabinet Members are required to const the Chief Finance Officer in respect to value for money considerations.					
	3. Acceptance thresholds for contract extensions, additions and variations of all values are subject to further conditions as set out in the paragraph 5.6. Where the contract extensions, additions or variations do not meet the conditions in 5.6 and are less than £144,000 in value, the Director/Head of Service may still Authorise and Accept the contract but must report afterwards to the relevant Cabinet Member. If it is over £144,000 in value, Cabinet Committee authority should be sought.					
*Discussion	4. Under no circumstances may a contract extension, addition or variation be Authorised more than once without being referred back to the relevant Cabinet Committee for Authorisation.					

*Please check with CPT for the latest threshold set out by EU Regulations as these figures are subject to change.



Acceptance Parameters for Contract Additions, Extensions and Variations

- 5.6 The Acceptance thresholds for contract additions, extensions and variations are as set out in Table 5-1 and also subject to the following:
 - 5.6.1 In the case of an additional contract, it is negotiated on the basis of, but is distinct from, an earlier contract and the initial contract was based on:
 - 5.6.1.1 a competitive tender or quotation;
 - 5.6.1.2 the initial contract was awarded not more than twelve months before the additional contract;
 - 5.6.1.3 not more than one additional contract may be negotiated on the basis of the initial contract;
 - 5.6.1.4 the value of the additional contract does not exceed the value of the initial contract.
 - 5.6.2 In the case of an extension to a contract, the initial contract was based on:
 - 5.6.2.1 a competitive tender or quotations;
 - 5.6.2.2 the initial contract has not been extended before;
 - 5.6.2.3 and the value of the extension is less than half the cost of the existing contract without the extension.
 - 5.6.3 In the case of a contract variation, and in accordance with the terms and conditions of that contract:
 - 5.6.3.1 the variation is notified in writing to the contractor;
 - 5.6.3.2 any additional expenditure necessarily incurred does not exceed 10% ten percent of the initial contract.

Urgent/Emergency Procedures & Waiver of Contract Procedure Rules

5.7 Directors/Heads of Service may take decisions on urgent matters as set out in the Leader's Scheme of Delegation providing they report afterwards to the relevant decision making body setting out the reason for the urgency. A waiver of the Contract Procedure Rules may be agreed by the appropriate decision making body if they are satisfied



after considering a written report by the appropriate officer that the waiver is justified because:

- 5.7.1 the nature of the market for the works to be carried out or the goods or services to be provided has been investigated and is demonstrated to be such that a departure from the requirements of Contract Procedure Rules is justifiable; or
- 5.7.2 the contract is for works, goods or services that are required in circumstances of extreme urgency that could not reasonably have been foreseen; or
- 5.7.3 the circumstances of the proposed contract are covered by legislative exemptions (whether under EU or English law); or
- 5.7.4 there are other circumstances which are genuinely exceptional

6 Selecting Contractors

European tender procedures and thresholds

- 6.1 Tender procedures are governed by EU procurement regulations if the supplies, services or works contract is:
 - 6.1.1 Subject to European procurement regulations (see EU Checklist in the Procurement Code of Practice); and
 - 6.1.2 Greater than the following thresholds set in respect of the: Public Procurement Directive
 - 6.1.2.1 For Public Works approximately £3.6 million; or €5 million *
 - 6.1.2.2 For Public Services approximately £144,000; or € 200,000 *
 - 6.1.2.3 For Public Supply approximately £144,000; or € 200,000 *

*Thresholds are valid from 31st January 2006. These thresholds will be revised every two years. Please check with CPT for the latest threshold set out by EU Regulation.

6.2 Most social care and housing services are likely to be Part B services that are only subject to the rules relating to specifications and to Barnet tender procedures.



6.3 The Procurement Code of Practice provides more detail on the EU tendering requirements.

Barnet tender procedures

- 6.4 For those contracts not subject to EU procurement regulations, tendering should follow guidance set out in the Procurement Code of Practice.
- 6.5 The Procurement Code of Practice will provide information on circumstances where it will be appropriate to use negotiated procedures. However, it is important that in any such circumstances the intention to negotiate is signalled before tenders or expressions of interest are issued, subject to the circumstances set out in section 9.
- 6.6 Thresholds for the tendering of works, supplies and services not subject to EU statutory requirements are set out in the table below.



Table 6-1: Barnet tendering and quotation thresholds for works, supplies and services

	Contract Value*					
	less than £25k	£25k up to £74,999	£75k up to £143,999*	£144k up to £499,999*	£500k and up to £3.6m*	£3.6m* and over
Supplies and Services Contracts	Reasonable means of selection	Request two(2) or more written competitive quotations but must have minimum 2 returned. Less than 2 bids returned then repeat competition	Request three(3) or more written competitive quotations but must have minimum 2 returned. Less than 2 bids returned then repeat competition	Tendering process or other approved route required and Gateway Review Process must be used. May be subject to EU legislation		
Works Contracts	Reasonable means of selection	Request two(2) or more written competitive quotations but must have minimum 2 returned. Less than 2 bids returned then repeat competition	Request three(3) or more written competitive quotations but must have minimum 2 returned. Less than 2 bids returned then repeat competition	Request Five(5) or more written competitive quotations from approved list and Gateway Review Form must be used. Must have minimum 2 returned. Less than 2 bids returned then repeat competition	Approved Tendering Process required and Gateway Review Process must be used	Subject to EU legislation Tendering process required and Gateway Review Process must be used.

*Please check with CPT for the latest threshold set out by EU Regulations as these figures are subject to change.

Consortia Purchasing – Collaborative Working

6.7 Directors/Heads of Service may authorise the Council entering into Consortia purchasing arrangements not subject to these Contract Procedure Rules provided that the Executive Director for Resources has approved the Consortia and the terms and conditions of any proposed contract are acceptable to the Head of Legal.



Consortia Purchasing & Framework Contracts

6.8 Before promoting the procurement of a new or joining a pre-existing framework or consortium arrangement, the Executive Director for Resources must be satisfied that such an approach represents the most economically advantageous solution for a service work, supply or utility provision and complies with the Relevant EU Rules on the use of such arrangements.

Before procuring or entering into a framework or consortium arrangement, the Executive Director for Resources shall be satisfied that:

- 6.8.1.1 the term of the arrangement shall be or is for a period of no longer than four years duration;
- 6.8.1.2 the terms and conditions of the arrangement do not compromise the Council's contractual requirements;
- 6.8.1.3 the parties to the arrangement are recognised public bodies or providers from the private sector as approved by the Contracting Committee;
- 6.8.1.4 full, open and proper competition in respect of the creation of the framework or consortium arrangement has taken or will take place in accordance with the Relevant EU Rules and/or Relevant Contract Procedure Rules.
- 6.8.1.5 Where the Government Procurement schemes Catalist (formerly known as GCAT, SCAT and LCAT), DfES are to be used.

Approved Lists

6.9 At least one third of the organisations selected for tendering must be picked randomly.

The process for establishing and maintaining Approved Lists is set out in detail in the Procurement Code of Practice.

Single source suppliers

6.10 A contract for the provision of supplies, services or works where there is only one reasonable source of supply does not require competitive tendering but must be approved by the Director/Head of Service and Executive Director for Resources and is still subject to the Authorisation and Acceptance procedures.



Gateway Review Process

- 6.11 The aim of the Gateway Review Process is to ensure that the larger procurements are appropriately structured and will therefore deliver value for money to the Council. The process applies to:
 - 6.11.1 tenders for supplies and services valued at £144,000 or more; and
 - 6.11.2 tenders for works valued £500,000 or more.
- 6.12 The Gateway Review Process requires the completion of a General Gateway Review form, both for audit purposes as well as to provide a framework and checklist for the procurement process. It also includes two checkpoints:
 - 6.12.1 At the first checkpoint, the proposed contract must be approved by the Executive Director for Resources' Corporate Procurement Team and must be subject to consultation with local trade unions, before it may go out to tender. The aim of this is to ensure that procurements are appropriately structured as this preliminary work is critical to the overall success and value for money of the final contract.
 - 6.12.2 Six months after contract award, the Executive Director for Resources' Corporate Procurement Team will verify that a second Gateway Review Check 2 has been carried out by Director/Head of Service or nominated Contract Officer which assesses the contract management and monitoring arrangements. The aim is to ensure that appropriate structures have been put in place so that the Council receives the services for which it is paying.

Financial restrictions on selection procedures

- 6.13 If the aggregate cost across all Council services in a financial year for either works, supplies or services of a similar type or contracts with a single supplier is expected to exceed £144,000 then an annual or term contract must be established using the appropriate contractor selection procedures detailed in the Procurement Code of Practice unless the relevant Cabinet Member is satisfied that it is inappropriate to use such a procedure and a waiver has been agreed.
- 6.14 The Executive Director for Resources will be responsible for monitoring expenditure by category across the Council to ensure these levels are not exceeded.



7 Social Care and Temporary Housing Contracts

- 7.1 These provisions apply only to Social Care and Temporary Housing Contracts. The aim is to enable Directors/Heads of Service to provide their services as efficiently and effectively as possible whilst ensuring that large contracts (greater than £1 million) deliver value for money.
- 7.2 The Authorisation and Acceptance thresholds and tendering requirements for Social Care and Temporary Housing Contracts as set out in the table below.

Table 7-1: Authorisation and Acceptance thresholds and tendering requirements for Social Care and Temporary Housing contracts

	Up to £500K	£500K up to £1m	Greater than £1m
Authorisation by:	Pre Authorised through inclusion in Annual Budget or Cabinet Committee	Pre Authorised through inclusion in Annual Budget or Cabinet Committee	Cabinet Committee
Acceptance by:	Director/Head of Service	Director/Head of Service	Delegated Cabinet Member
Tendering requirements	Reasonable means of selection	Five(5) or more written competitive quotations and Gateway Review Form must be followed A minimum 2 quotes must be returned. Less than 2 bids returned then repeat competition	Tendering process required and Gateway Review Process must be followed.

8 **Receipt and Opening of Tenders**

Non- electronic Tender Process

- 8.1 Contractors must be informed when tenders are invited that their tender will only be considered if:
 - 8.1.1 it is contained in a plain inner envelope, securely sealed and selfaddressed by the tenderer;
 - 8.1.2 the inner envelope is contained in a plain outer envelope. The outer envelope must be securely sealed, bearing the word "tender" followed by the subject matter of the contract, with closing date and time.



Barnet approved tender envelopes may be obtained from the Executive Director for Resources' Corporate Procurement Team;

- 8.1.3 the outer envelope should not bear any distinguishing matter indicating the identity of the sender;
- 8.1.4 the outer envelope is addressed impersonally to:

Executive Director for Resources Corporate Procurement Team London Borough of Barnet Building Four North London Business Park Oakleigh Road South London N11 1NP

- 8.1.5 and, it is delivered by the time stated in the tender invitation.
- 8.2 Tenders which do not meet the requirements of Contract Procedure Rule 8.1 may only be considered if the other tenders have not yet been opened and:
 - 8.2.1 failure to comply is the Council's fault; or
 - 8.2.2 a tender is late, and it is clear without any contact with the contractor that the tender was sent in such a way that in the normal course of events it would have arrived on time.
- 8.3 Tenders must be kept safe until the time for their opening by an officer given this duty by the Executive Director of Resources.
- 8.4 Records of the time and date of receipt of all tenders must be kept by that officer.
- 8.5 Tenders for a particular contract must be opened at the same time in the presence of two officers appointed by the Executive Director for Resources who have not been involved in the tendering process and who are responsible for properly recording receipt. On opening the tenders, the officers shall:
 - 8.5.1 Number each tender consecutively;
 - 8.5.2 If there are priced bills, schedules of rates or the like, date and photocopy each summary sheet indicating the main contract prices;
 - 8.5.3 Otherwise, date and photocopy each page of the tender that contains prices; and
 - 8.5.4 Complete and sign a schedule or record of tenders received.



- 8.6 The photocopies and schedule or record shall be retained for future inspection.
- 8.7 If a tender is received after the specified time and date then only the outer envelope shall be opened. The inner envelope shall be endorsed with the time and date of receipt, and promptly returned unopened to the tenderer. If there is no suitably addressed inner envelope the tender may be examined but only to the extent necessary to discover the name and address of the tenderer. No details of the tender shall be disclosed and it will be returned promptly to the tenderer.

Electronic Tendering & E-Auctions

- 8.8 At the discretion of the relevant Chief Officer, requests for quotations and invitations to tender may be either issued and/or received by electronic means. In circumstances where the Relevant Chief Officer elects to either issue and/or receive tenders by electronic means the following conditions shall apply:
 - 8.8.1 The Corporate Procurement Team will carry out and/or select an accredited tendering vault for eTendering and eAuctions.
 - 8.8.2 In the case of eAuctions, its use must be stated in the Contract Notice; and it can only take place after the initial evaluation of tenders

9 **Post Tender Negotiations**

- 9.1 Where negotiated procedures have not been followed and the Director/Head of Service considers that post tender negotiations would be advantageous to the Council, the Director/Head of Service, in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Policy and Performance, may give authority to proceed. See Procurement Code of Practice for reporting requirements.
- 9.2 Clarification of ambiguous tenders does not constitute post tender negotiations.

10 Tender and Contract Details

Tender Contents

10.1 Each tender must contain:



- 10.1.1 an undertaking signed by the tenderer that to the best of their knowledge and belief they have complied with all the relevant provisions of the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 and regulations made under it;
- 10.1.2 a statement that the tenderer will comply with all current, relevant British Standard Specification or Code of Practice or equivalent European Union or international standards offering guarantees of safety, reliability and fitness for purpose;
- 10.1.3 a statement by the tenderer that they will not try to obtain or receive by whatever means any information which gives or is intended or likely to give the tenderer or another party any unfair advantage over any other tenderer (including the Council's own workforce) in relation to the tendering for and award of any works/services contract;
- 10.1.4 A statement that the Council shall not be liable for expenses incurred in the preparation of tenders; nor shall the Council be bound to accept the lowest or any tenders submitted; nor shall the Council have to give reasons for the rejection of any tender and shall have reserved to them the right to invite fresh tenders should they consider that course desirable.

Contract Contents

- 10.2 Every contract shall contain the following terms:
 - 10.2.1 terms specifying the work, services or supplies in question;
 - 10.2.2 the price or basis of charge (including discounts); and
 - 10.2.3 the time of performance and key performance indicators.
 - 10.2.4 transitional arrangements at the end or earlier termination of the contract .e.g work in progress and costs of transferring ownership of assets, data and records.
 - 10.2.5 the contract management and monitoring plan

Conditions applying to all contracts over £25,000 in value or where appropriate to the nature of the contract

- 10.3 Every contract with a value of £25,000 or more must, unless the Head of Legal and the Chief Finance Officer agree to the contrary, contain clauses to cover the following:
 - 10.3.1 compliance with all legislation;



- 10.3.2 compliance with the Council's insurance requirements;
- 10.3.3 a prohibition on assignment and/or subletting without the written consent of the relevant Director/Head of Service;
- 10.3.4 a provision allowing the Council to cancel the contract and recover any resulting loss from the contractor if the contractor does anything which is contrary to the Prevention of Corruption Acts 1889 to 1916 or incites breach of Section 117 (2) of the Local Government Act 1972;
- 10.3.5 a provision to ensure the Council is protected against the contractor's defective performance by default provisions which are appropriate to the contract;
- 10.3.6 if the contractor is in breach of contract the Council can do any or all of the following
 - 10.3.6.1 determine all or part of the contract or determine the contractor's appointment;
 - 10.3.6.2 itself perform the contract in whole or in part;
 - 10.3.6.3 recover from the contractor any additional cost resulting from the completion or cancellation of the contract.
- 10.3.7 In respect of every contract that is to be performed in stages or over a period of time;
 - 10.3.7.1 the contract shall, where practicable, require the contractor to pay liquidated damages for any default;
 - 10.3.7.2 a sufficient survey (e.g. a bond) shall be taken for due performance unless:
 - the cost of the contract is less then £300,000;
 - following the completion of a risk assessment by the Director/Head of Service, the Chief Finance Officer and the Head of Legal so direct;
 - the contract is with a statutory undertaking.
- 10.3.8 if the contractor is a subsidiary or a member of a group of companies then its parent company or another company in the group whose assets are sufficient shall be required to guarantee performance and indemnify the Council against loss from any default, unless the Chief Finance Officer and the Head of Legal so direct;



- 10.3.9 if the contractor has obtained or received by whatever means any information which gives or is intended or likely to give the contractor any unfair advantage over any other tenderer (including the Council's own workforce) in relation to the tendering for and award of any works/services contract, that the Council shall be entitled to terminate that contract;
- 10.3.10 that the contractor shall be required to make available to the Council or its auditors such documents or access to information or access to the staff/officers of the contractor as is necessary to conduct any audit investigation into the contract;
- 10.3.11 that the contractor shall be required to make available to the Council upon request such information as the Council considers necessary whether in relation to staff or otherwise, to enable the Council to meet its duties in relation to re-tendering the contract.
- 10.3.12 It shall be a condition of the engagement of any person to supervise a Council contract that he or she shall comply in all respects with the requirements of these Contract Procedure Rules.

Signing and Sealing of Contracts

- 10.4 Every contract must be in writing.
- 10.5 Every contract must be in a form approved by the Head of Legal if its cost exceeds £25,000, or where appropriate to the nature of the contract.
- 10.6 The following contracts must be sealed on behalf of the Council:
 - 10.6.1 those whose value exceeds £144,000, unless the Head of Legal directs otherwise; and
 - 10.6.2 those where the Head of Legal so requires.
- 10.7 Contracts not made under seal can be signed by the relevant Director/Head of Service, Chief Executive, Director of Corporate Governance, Head of Legal or any officer authorised by them.
- 10.8 The Head of Legal may require to sign certain contracts.

Contract Management and Monitoring

- 10.9 During the life of the contract Directors/Heads of Service must ensure that systems are in place to manage and monitor contracts in respect of:
 - 10.9.1 contract performance and key performance indicators;



- 10.9.2 compliance with specification and contract;
- 10.9.3 cost; cross check contract payments to work done or supplies or services supplied;
- 10.9.4 ensuring continuous improvement and any Best Value requirements;
- 10.9.5 user satisfaction, lessons learned and risk management;
- 10.9.6 eliminating unlawful discrimination and promoting equalities
- 10.9.7 all the above in accordance with any instructions given by the Head of Internal Audit and Ethical Governance.
- 10.9.8 ensuring that a Gateway Review Check 2 is performed 6 months after contract award

Contract Payments

- 10.10 This Procedure Rule applies to contracts which provide for payments to be made in instalments against a certificate indicating partial, staged or final performance against a specification (typically, these are building or engineering contracts using the standard forms). In SAP, this is delivered through Framework Orders (Invoicing Plans) and or Works Orders set to partial rather than periodic payment for building/phased works implementations.
- 10.11 Directors/Heads of Service shall ensure that all amounts due and payments made under such contracts, are recorded against the loaded contracts held in SAP.
- 10.12 Such payments shall be made on provision of a certificate signed by the relevant Director/Head of Service. All payments to contractors on account of contracts shall be made in accordance with the contract and the relevant Director/Head of Service shall provide the Chief Finance Officer with:
 - 10.12.1 details of the total amount of the contract;
 - 10.12.2 the estimated value of work to date and of materials on site;
 - 10.12.3 the amount deducted by way of retention, VAT, liquidated and ascertained damages in respect of unsatisfactory work; and
 - 10.12.4 the amounts previously paid and the amount now due for payment as adjusted for taxation purposes; and
 - 10.12.5 Any sums to be paid after a defects liability period.



11 Glossary of Terms

"**Acceptance**" is the approval of the final terms and conditions for the purchase of supplies, services or works.

"**Authorisation**" is the approval required before quotations or tenders for supplies, services or works may be sought.

"**Budget and supporting plans and strategies**" (Budget) is the annually agreed budget and supporting plans and strategies for each Service Area.

"Director/Head of Service" as listed in Article 12 of the Constitution.

"EU" means European Union.

"CPT" means Corporate Procurement Team

"SAP" the Council's on-line system for processing purchase orders & invoices

"**Reasonable means of selection**" – an unbiased selection process based on the relative merits of the quotation provided and taking account of previous purchasing practices for supplies, services or works of a similar type.

"Quotation" – this is a priced bid for the provision of a service, supply or works.

"**Tendering**" – this is a formal process for obtaining priced bids for works, supplies or services and which must be followed for procurements above the thresholds set out in Table 6-1. Further details are available in the Procurement Code of Practice.

"**eTendering**" - An electronic tendering solution that facilitates the complete tendering process from the advertising of the requirement through to the placing of the contract. This includes the exchange of all relevant documents in electronic format.

"eAuction" is a reverse auction; a repetitive electronic process for the presentation of prices to be revised downwards or of new improved values of quantifiable elements of tenders

"Single Source of Supply" contract for which the requirement is so specialised that there is only one supplier.

"**Supply Contracts**" relate to the delivery of products. They include purchase, lease, rental or hire purchase, with or without the option to buy.



"Services Contracts" are contracts under which the purchaser engages a contractor (service provider) to provide services.

"Works Contracts" are contracts for the carrying out of civil engineering or building works or under which such facilities are provided to meet specific user requirements.

"Social Care" refers to:

- Fostering arrangements and the provision of care and support to individuals at home or in settings in partnership with the NHS, voluntary sector organisations and carers;
- The provision of care, support and education to meet the special educational needs of individuals;
- Block contracts securing future capacity for the provision of Social Care (as defined in above).

"Temporary Housing" refers to:

- The provision of temporary accommodation to meet the statutory requirements of the Housing Act of 1996 as amended by the Homelessness Act of 2002;
- Block contracts securing future capacity for the provision of Temporary Accommodation (as defined above).

"**Emergency**" where immediate action is needed to protect life or property or to maintain a critical service. Decisions that were not anticipated within the budget or PMP(KPP) but nevertheless relate to everyday business, not major changes/decisions outside the approved budget and 11 statutory plans. Example: school heating system fails during mid-winter term, or a school roof collapses

"Urgency" (not emergency) where urgent action is required but might be delayed by following normal procedures. Decisions that were not anticipated within the

budget or PMP(KPP) but nevertheless relate to everyday business, not major changes/decisions outside the approved budget and 11 statutory plans. Example: school heating system fails at the beginning of the autumn term

"Framework agreement" is an agreement between one or more contracting authorities and one or more economic operators, the purpose of which is to establish the terms governing contracts to be awarded during a given period, in



particular with regard to price and, where appropriate, the quantity envisaged. In the UK we would know this as a "standing offer to treat".

" Consortia" means a contracting authority which:

- (a) acquires goods or services intended for one or more contracting authorities;
- (b) awards public contracts intended for one or more contracting authorities; or
- (c) concludes framework agreements for work, works, supplies, services intended for one or more contracting authorities;

otherwise known as "central purchasing body".

MANAGEMENT OF REAL ESTATE, PROPERTY AND LAND (Revised May 2007)

Definitions :

Executive

This relates to the Executive as defined in Article 7 of the Constitution, a Cabinet Committee or Cabinet Member acting under delegated powers:

Area Environment Sub – Committee – The powers of these Sub – Committees are defined in Part 3 of the Council's Constitution, Responsibility for Functions

- 1. The Council's holdings of land and real property ("property") are a corporate resource. Directors and Heads of Service will keep these holdings under review as part of the Property Review Process managed by the Head of Property Services. The Property Review Process will consider properties in the context of the Corporate Plan and Service Key Priorities and their ability to deliver continuing value for money for the council. A strategy framework will govern decisions on whether to (i) retain an asset for purposes in accordance with the Corporate Plan objectives or (ii) to dispose of the freehold (for capital generation purposes) or (iii) to lease it (for a combination of reasons including capital or revenue generation or other reasons serving the Council's purposes). Future reports for decisions on action with respect to individual properties, in any one of these three ways would need to refer to the strategies within the framework and confirm compliance with it or reasons for departing from it. The strategies will be developed and monitored by the Executive Director for Resources in conjunction with the Cabinet Member for Resources with approval of them sought through Cabinet Resources Committee.
- 2. If it appears that a property (in the context of these Rules the term "property" shall include an interest in property) is no longer required by the Council or, in the event of the Council having appropriated the property through other mechanisms if it appears that such property is not required to be retained, then the procedures set out below will apply. These are in addition to any statutory requirement, such as a requirement for consultation.
- 3. The Executive Director for Resources ("EDfR") or an officer designated by the EDfR ("designated officer") will consult all Directors and Heads of Service on possible alternative uses of the property.
- 4. The EDfR or designated officer will report to the Cabinet meeting or the Cabinet Resources Committee ("the relevant body"). It may decide to transfer the property to an alternative Council use. Otherwise, it will deal with the disposal of the property or the disposal may be dealt with by the EDfR within the parameters set by the Leader's scheme of delegation relating to executive functions.
- 5. On any disposal of property, proper regard will be had to the professional advice from a qualified valuer at all relevant stages in the process and where the EDfR or designated officer, the Cabinet Member for Resources or the

relevant body deems it appropriate, independent valuation advice shall be obtained.

- 6. Where the relevant body is to deal with the disposal, it will receive a report from the EdfR or designated officer or the Cabinet Member for Resources setting out an analysis of:-
 - Comparative benefits and disadvantages to the Council and to local residents and other interested parties of the Council disposing of or retaining the property
 - the objectives which the Council would secure by disposing of or retaining the property
 - the alternative uses to which the property might be put with specific reference to the response from the Directors and Heads of Service.
 - the alternative bases and methods of disposal
 - the estimated disposal value or values
 - the estimated costs associated with disposal together with a statement from the EdfR or designated officer on the extent to which each item of expenditure is anticipated to enhance the value of the property
 - all other financial implications and risks associated with disposal or retention of the property by the Council
 - the relevance of the proposed disposal within the context of the Corporate Plan and the Asset Management Plan.

The above requirements shall also apply where the report is made to the Cabinet Member for Resources or submitted to him/her in consultation.

- 7.(i) Whenever a decision is taken by the Executive or the Executive Director for Resources acting under delegated powers to advertise the possible disposal or appropriation of open space land, the Executive Director for Resources or designated officer shall report the matter to the next relevant Area Environment Sub-Committee to enable it to decide whether it wishes to make representations to the Executive in relation to the disposal of the open space land.
- 7(ii) In the event that the Executive Director for Resources confirms that there is insufficient time to report to the Area Environment Sub Committee (AESC) as above because of the timing of the committee cycle and the need to progress the disposal expeditiously the decision to advertise may be circulated to all members of the AESC and to the relevant ward members to give them the

opportunity to make representations to the Executive on the proposed disposal.

- 8. The EDfR or designated officer will where appropriate apply for any planning permission or other consent.
 - 10. Where disposal by selected tendering is agreed, a report will be submitted to the relevant body. The report will set out :
 - those considered for selection
 - those recommended for selection
 - the reasons for the recommendation
- 10. Where disposal is to be by open tender, the EDfR or designated officer will advertise the property and seek competitive tenders reserving the right not to accept the highest or any bid. Advertisements will be placed in two newspapers circulating in the borough and in such other publication as the EDfR or designated officer considers necessary. The closing date for bids shall be not less than two weeks after the latest publication date.
- 11. The particulars of sale must indicate the method by which tenders are to be made. Tenders should not be considered unless contained in a plain envelope securely sealed and bearing the word "Tender" followed by the subject of the disposal and should not bear any other distinguishing mark to identify the tenders. The envelope should be addressed impersonally to the EDfR or designated officer and until the time appointed for opening shall remain in his or her custody. The EdfR or designated officer will maintain a list of all such tenders received distinguishing between those received before and after the closing date and time.
- 12. Tenders shall only be opened at one time, and only in the presence of:-
 - 12.1 The EDfR or designated officer or his/her nominated representative.
 - 12.2 An officer nominated by the Head of Legal.
- 13. Following the opening of the tenders, the EDfR or designated officer shall arrange for them to be scrutinised for compliance with the specified conditions of tender and subject to paragraph 14 report to the relevant body or Member for Resources if he/she has authority to accept the bid under the Leader's scheme of delegation relating to executive functions. The EDfR or designated officer will ensure that full enquiry is made as to the identity of the recommended purchaser and that the relevant information is clearly set out in the report.

- 14. Where a tender, amended tender or other bid is received after the specified closing date or time, or made other than in accordance with the specified conditions of tender, and would otherwise have been acceptable, the EDfR or designated officer must report the result of the tenders received including details of late or non-complying tenders to the next meeting of the relevant body.
- 15. Where a bid or offer is made after the relevant body or the Cabinet Member for Resources has taken a decision to accept an earlier bid or offer then the later bid or offer shall not be considered unless, in the EDfR view (after consulting the Head of Legal), it is necessary to do so in order for the Council to comply with statutory duties. In that case, the EDfR or designated officer shall report the matter to the relevant body or the Cabinet Member for Resources, or, in cases of urgency, take a decision under delegated powers and report afterwards to the relevant body.
- 16. The relevant body may decide to accept a tender or bid that is not the highest but must explain the reasons.
- 17. Where disposal by public auction has been agreed, the EDfR or designated officer shall before the auction begins provide the auctioneer with a note of the reserve price, if applicable, in a sealed envelope having previously agreed this in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Resources. The auctioneer shall open the envelope in the presence of the public to ascertain the reserve price but shall not communicate its contents to any person whatsoever. If the reserve price is equalled or exceeded, agreement for the sale to the highest bidder shall be concluded forthwith. If the reserve price is not reached, the property will be withdrawn from the auction and the matter reported to the relevant body.
- 18. All other disposals shall be regarded as disposal by private treaty and the EDfR or designated officer shall be responsible for:-
 - (i) Taking all necessary steps to determine the level of potential interest from prospective purchasers and to identify any parties who might wish to purchase the property.
 - (ii) Determining how the negotiations for each potential disposal by private treaty are to be conducted and setting the process out in writing.
 - (iii) Ensuring that full and reasonably contemporaneous records are made of all negotiations and that those records are appropriately stored either by hard copy or electronic means.
 - (iv) Upon the conclusion of negotiations reporting the results to the relevant body or Cabinet Member for Resources for consideration or where it is appropriate to do so for consultation with the Cabinet Member for Resources

- (v) Ensuring that full enquiry is made as to the identity of the recommended purchaser and that the relevant information is clearly set out in the report referred to in (iv) above.
- 19. All recommendations for approval of the sale price and other terms of disposal must contain a statement from the Chief Valuer or, if appointed, from suitably qualified external agents that the Council will obtain the best price which can reasonably be obtained or that there is approval through the General Consent or that the consent of the office of the Deputy Prime Minister has been obtained or will be sought to enable the disposal of the property to proceed as recommended.
- 20. The relevant body or Cabinet Member for Resources may decide to repeat or postpone the disposal process.
- 21. The relevant body may decide to change a previously approved method of disposal.
- 22. Where the prospective purchaser will be required by the Council to enter into obligations in the legal documentation in favour of the Council or of any other party or for the benefit of the locality, then the EDfR or designated officer will ensure that full and proper enquiry is made as to the financial and other capacities of the purchaser to carry out the obligations. In so doing, the EDfR or designated officer will consult as necessary with the Chief Finance Officer, the Head of Legal and other Directors and Chief Officers as appropriate. The EDfR or designated officer will set out the outcome of those enquiries and consultations in the report seeking approval to the disposal.
- 23. Where the Council is disposing of property jointly with another party then to the extent that the procedures for the disposal do not accord with these Rules they must be approved in advance by the relevant body.
- 24. (i) Once a disposal has been approved, the EDfR or designated officer will ensure that the Head of Legal is provided with full and accurate instructions to enable the legal documentation to be prepared in accordance with the terms of disposal agreed by the parties and approved on behalf of the Council. In cases of urgency, the EDfR or a designated officer may provide instructions to the Head of Legal to prepare and submit to the prospective purchaser or lessee or his/her/its advisors the draft legal documentation, subject to obtaining Council authority.
 - (ii) The Head of Legal will ensure that the EDfR or designated officer is provided with a copy of the draft legal documentation for comments/approval before it is sent to the prospective purchaser or lessee or his/her/its advisors except in cases of urgency where the documents will be submitted to the EDfR or designated officer simultaneously with submission to the prospective purchaser.

- (iii) The EDfR or designated officer will confirm in writing that the draft documentation provided by the Head of Legal fully and accurately sets out the terms of disposal as agreed by the parties and approved on behalf of the Council.
- (iv) The Head of Legal will consult the EDfR or designated officer in writing on all and any substantive amendments to the draft documentation and the EDfR or designated officer will respond to the Head of Legal in writing with comments on each proposed amendment to the draft documentation.
- (v) Prior to completion the Head of Legal will forward to the EDfR or designated officer a copy of the final draft of the legal documentation as agreed with the prospective purchaser or lessee or his/her/its advisors and the EDfR or designated officer will read through the final draft documentation in order to verify that the documentation fully and accurately sets out the terms of disposal as agreed by the parties and approved on behalf of the Council.
- (vi) The Head of Legal will not proceed to engross and complete any legal documentation unless and until the EDfR or designated officer has provided verification in writing that the final draft documentation fully and accurately sets out the terms of disposal as agreed by the parties and approved on behalf of the Council.
- (vii) Reference to the Head of Legal includes officers authorized by the Head of Legal to carry out these instructions.
- 25. The Cabinet Member for Resources or the EDfR or the designated officer will regularly report to the relevant body on the progress of all previously approved disposals.

Article 10 – Area Committees and Forums

(Section revised April 2007)

References: Part VA, Local Government Act 1972 Section 13, Local Government and Housing Act 1989 Reg. 4, 5 and 16A Local Government (Committees and Political Groups) Regulations 1990 Section 18, Local Government Act 2000 The Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000 Chapters 6 and 9, DETR Guidance

10.01 Area committees and forums

The Council may appoint area committees and forums as it sees fit, if it is satisfied that to do so will ensure improved service delivery in the context of best value and more efficient, transparent and accountable decision making.

10.02 Form, composition and function

(a) **Table of area committees and forums.** The Council will appoint the area committees and forums as set out in the first column of the table below, composed as set out in the second column of that table and with the terms of reference set out in the third column.

Name of Committee	Composition	Terms of Reference
Area Forums: Hendon Finchley and Golders Green Chipping Barnet	A Chairman and Vice- Chairman of each appointed by the Council.	Area Forums perform a consultative and advisory role.
	Any Member of the Council may attend.	They provide an opportunity for any resident to comment on any aspect of council service, plans and proposals.
		They are also the mechanism for ward members to hear oral representations, petitions and other local objections to any local issue, to debate these and to reach some local consensus before a matter is considered by an area environment sub- committee.
		The forums may consider major planning issues in the same way.

Name of Committee	Composition	Terms of Reference	
		Comments made are reported to the relevant decision maker.	
Area Planning Sub- Committees:	Composed of one councillor (plus a substitute member) for each ward as follows:	As set out in Part 3 of the Constitution, section 2 Responsibility for Council Functions.	
Finchley and Golders	7 councillors		
Green	Woodhouse, West Finchley, Finchley Church End, Garden Suburb, Golders Green, Childs Hill and East Finchley Wards.		
Chipping Barnet	7 councillors		
	Underhill, High Barnet, East Barnet, Oakleigh, Brunswick Park, Coppetts and Totteridge Wards.		
Hendon	7 councillors		
	Hale, Edgware, Burnt Oak, West Hendon, Colindale, Hendon and Mill Hill Wards.		
Area Environmental Sub- Committees:	Composed of one councillor (plus a substitute member)for each ward as follows:	These sub-committees discharge functions delegated to them by both the Council and the Executive.	
Finchley and Golders Green	7 councillors	Their Council functions are	
	Woodhouse, West Finchley, Finchley Church End, Garden Suburb, Golders Green, Childs Hill and East Finchley Wards.	set out in Part 3 of the Constitution, section 2 Responsibility for Council Functions.	
Chipping Barnet	7 councillors Underhill, High Barnet, East Barnet, Oakleigh, Brunswick Park, Coppetts and Totteridge Wards.	Their Executive functions are set out in Part 3 of the Constitution, section 3 Responsibility for Executive Functions.	

Name of Committee	Composition	Terms of Reference
Hendon	7 councillors	
	Hale, Edgware, Burnt Oak, West Hendon, Colindale, Hendon and Mill Hill Wards	

(b) **Delegations.** The Council and the executive will include details of the delegations to area committees in Part 3 of this Constitution, including the functions delegated showing which are the responsibility of the executive and which are not, the composition and membership of the committees, budgets and any limitations on delegation.

Area environment sub-committees when considering a proposal for discharging an Executive function for a location that crosses their boundaries may take decisions to approve recommendations submitted to them. When such a proposal is to be considered the Democratic Services Manager shall make arrangements for a joint meeting of the sub-committees within whose areas the proposal falls. Voting at every such meeting shall be separate among the members of the different sub-committees. If any sub-committee fail to agree the recommendations then the whole proposal shall be submitted to the Cabinet for decision.

10.03 Conflicts of interest – membership of area committees and overview and scrutiny committees

- (a) Conflict of interest. If an overview and scrutiny committee is scrutinising specific decisions or proposals in relation to the business of the area committee of which the councillor concerned is a member, then the councillor may not speak or vote at the overview and scrutiny committee meeting unless a dispensation to do so is given by the Standards Committee.
- (b) **General policy reviews.** Where the overview and scrutiny committee is reviewing policy generally the member must declare his/her interest before the relevant agenda item is reached, but need not withdraw.

10.04 Area committees – access to information

Area committees will comply with the Access to Information Rules in Part 4 of this Constitution.

Agendas and notices for area committee meetings which deal with both functions of the executive and functions which are not the responsibility of the executive will state clearly which items are which.

10.05 Executive members on area committees

A member of the executive may serve on an area committee if otherwise eligible to do so as a councillor.

10.06 Executive members on area forums

A member of the executive may be the chairman or vice-chairman of an area forum if so appointed by the Council.